

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

OFFICE OF FOSSIL ENERGY

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CAMERON LNG, LLC

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)  
) FE DOCKET NO. 15-36-LNG  
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ORDER GRANTING LONG-TERM, MULTI-CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION  
TO EXPORT LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS BY VESSEL  
FROM THE CAMERON LNG TERMINAL  
IN CAMERON AND CALCASIEU PARISHES, LOUISIANA,  
TO FREE TRADE AGREEMENT NATIONS

DOE/FE ORDER NO. 3680

JULY 10, 2015

## **I. DESCRIPTION OF REQUEST**

On February 23, 2015, Cameron LNG, LLC (Cameron LNG) filed an application (Application)<sup>1</sup> with the Office of Fossil Energy (FE) of the Department of Energy (DOE) under section 3 of the Natural Gas Act (NGA)<sup>2</sup> for long-term, multi-contract authorization to export liquefied natural gas (LNG) produced from domestic sources in a volume equivalent to approximately 515 billion cubic feet per year (Bcf/yr) of natural gas (1.41 Bcf per day (Bcf/d)), which Cameron LNG states is approximately 9.97 million metric tons per annum (mtpa) of LNG. Cameron LNG seeks authorization to export the LNG by vessel from the existing Cameron LNG Terminal (Cameron Terminal), which Cameron LNG owns and operates in Cameron and Calcasieu Parishes, Louisiana. As discussed below, Cameron LNG already has received authorizations from the Federal Energy Regulation Commission (FERC) and DOE/FE, respectively, to construct and develop three liquefaction trains (Trains 1, 2, and 3) to liquefy natural gas at the Cameron Terminal for export to foreign markets (Liquefaction Project). In this Application, Cameron LNG seeks authorization from DOE/FE to export an additional volume of domestically produced LNG from two new liquefaction trains to be constructed at the Liquefaction Project—Trains 4 and 5 (Expansion Project).

Cameron LNG seeks authorization to export this LNG for a 20-year term from the Liquefaction Project to any country with which the United States currently has, or in the future will have, a free trade agreement (FTA) requiring national treatment for trade in natural gas, and with which trade is not prohibited by U.S. law or policy (FTA countries).<sup>3</sup> Cameron LNG seeks

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<sup>1</sup> Cameron LNG, LLC, Application for Long-Term Authorization to Export Liquefied Natural Gas to Free Trade Agreement Nations, FE Docket No. 15-36-LNG (February 23, 2015) [hereinafter Cameron LNG App.].

<sup>2</sup> The authority to regulate the imports and exports of natural gas, including liquefied natural gas, under section 3 of the NGA (15 U.S.C. § 717b) has been delegated to the Assistant Secretary for FE in Redelegation Order No. 00-006.02 issued on November 12, 2014.

<sup>3</sup> The United States currently has FTAs requiring national treatment for trade in natural gas with Australia, Bahrain, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Jordan, Mexico, Morocco,

to export this LNG on its own behalf and as agent for other entities who hold title to the LNG at the time of export. Cameron LNG requests that this authorization commence on the earlier of the date of first commercial export from the Expansion Project or seven years from the date the authorization is issued (July 10, 2022).

In granting Cameron LNG's Application, we find that the authorized export volume (515 Bcf/yr) is additive to the volumes of LNG from Trains 1-3 previously authorized by DOE/FE for export to FTA countries in DOE/FE Order No. 3059 (FE Docket No. 11-145-LNG)<sup>4</sup> and Order No. 3620 (FE Docket No. 14-204-LNG),<sup>5</sup> which together are equivalent to 772 Bcf/yr of natural gas. Accordingly, the grant of this Order—Cameron LNG's third long-term FTA export authorization—brings its total authorized FTA export volume to 1,287 Bcf/yr from Trains 1-5 of the Terminal.<sup>6</sup>

## **II. BACKGROUND**

**Applicant.** Cameron LNG is a Delaware limited liability company with its principal place of business in Houston, Texas. Cameron LNG is an indirect subsidiary of Sempra Energy, GDF SUEZ S.A., Mitsui & Co., Ltd., Mitsubishi Corporation, and Nippon Yusen Kabushiki Kaisha.<sup>7</sup>

**Liquefaction Project.** The Liquefaction Project presently consists of Trains 1-3, and has an existing interconnection with Cameron LNG's affiliate, Cameron Interstate Pipeline, LLC.

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Nicaragua, Oman, Panama, Peru, Republic of Korea, and Singapore. FTAs with Israel and Costa Rica do not require national treatment for trade in natural gas.

<sup>4</sup> See *Cameron LNG, LLC*, DOE/FE Order No. 3059, FE Docket No. 11-145-LNG, Order Granting Long-Term Multi-Contract Authorization to Export Liquefied Natural Gas by Vessel from the Cameron LNG Terminal to Free Trade Agreement Nations (Jan. 17, 2012).

<sup>5</sup> See *Cameron LNG, LLC*, DOE/FE Order No. 3620, FE Docket No. 14-204-LNG, Order Granting Long-Term, Multi-Contract Authorization to Export Liquefied Natural Gas by Vessel from the Cameron LNG Terminal in Cameron Parish, Louisiana, to Free Trade Agreement Nations (April 9, 2015).

<sup>6</sup> See *infra* at 5-6 (Table 1).

<sup>7</sup> See *Cameron LNG, LLC*, DOE/FE Order No. 3452, FE Docket Nos. 14-001-CIC, *et al.*, Order Approving Change in Control of Export Authorizations (June 27, 2014).

Cameron LNG states that the Expansion Project facilities will be integrated into the Cameron Terminal, including Trains 1-3. Cameron LNG states that, once constructed, Trains 4 and 5 will increase the facility's capacity by 515 Bcf/yr of natural gas.<sup>8</sup>

**Procedural History.** Pertinent aspects of Cameron LNG's procedural history are summarized as follows:

On January 17, 2012, DOE/FE issued Order No. 3059, in which it authorized Cameron LNG, acting on its own behalf and as agent for third parties, to export LNG from the Cameron Terminal to FTA nations in a volume equivalent to approximately 620 Bcf/yr of natural gas (1.7 Bcf/d) for a period of 20 years.<sup>9</sup> This was the first DOE/FE authorization related to Trains 1-3.

On June 19, 2014, FERC issued an order authorizing Cameron LNG to site, construct, and operate the Liquefaction Project facilities (Trains 1-3).<sup>10</sup> The FERC Order also authorized Cameron Interstate to construct and operate pipeline and compression facilities for purposes of supporting the Liquefaction Project. As authorized by FERC, the aggregate maximum liquefaction capacity of Trains 1-3 equates to approximately 14.95 mtpa of LNG.<sup>11</sup>

On April 9, 2015, DOE/FE issued Order No. 3620, in which it authorized Cameron LNG, acting on its own behalf and as agent for third parties, to export LNG in a volume equivalent to 152 Bcf/yr of natural gas to FTA countries. This authorized volume of natural gas equates to 2.95 mtpa of LNG, which represents the difference between DOE/FE's FTA authorization in Order No. 3059 (12 mtpa of LNG) and the capacity of the Cameron Terminal as approved by

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<sup>8</sup> Cameron LNG incorporates by reference the description of the Cameron Terminal and the Expansion Project set forth in Cameron LNG's application in FE Docket No. 11-145-LNG and in DOE/FE Order No. 3059 (*supra* n.4). Cameron LNG App. at 4.

<sup>9</sup> See *Cameron LNG, LLC*, DOE/FE Order No. 3059, at 6.

<sup>10</sup> See *Cameron LNG, LLC, et al.*, Order Granting Authorization Under Section 3 of the Natural Gas Act and Issuing Certificates, 147 FERC ¶ 61,230 (June 19, 2014) [hereinafter FERC Order].

<sup>11</sup> Cameron LNG App. at 4 & n.13.

FERC in its June 19, 2014 Order (14.95 mtpa of LNG). Therefore, Cameron LNG holds a total, combined FTA export authorization of 772 Bcf/yr of natural gas for Trains 1-3.

In the Application before DOE/FE, Cameron LNG requests long-term authorization for the export of LNG in an amount equivalent to 515 Bcf/yr of natural gas, which Cameron LNG states represents the additional capacity expected for the Expansion Project (Trains 4 and 5).<sup>12</sup> As discussed below, DOE/FE is granting Cameron LNG’s requested authorization in this Order. With this Order, Cameron LNG now holds three long-term FTA export authorizations for Trains 1-5 in a total volume of LNG not to exceed 1,287 Bcf/yr of natural gas, as summarized in Table 1.

**Table 1: Orders Issued by DOE/FE to Cameron LNG for the Export of Domestic LNG to FTA Countries from the Cameron LNG Terminal**

<b>Docket No.</b>	<b>Order No.</b>	<b>Date Issued</b>	<b>Trains</b>	<b>Volume (Bcf/yr)</b>	<b>Type</b>
11-145-LNG	3059	January 17, 2012	1-3	620	20 years, multi-contract
14-204-LNG	3620	April 9, 2015	1-3	152	20 years, multi-contract
15-36-LNG	3680	July 10, 2015	4-5	515	20 years, multi-contract
<b>Total Volume (FTA)</b>				<b>1,287</b>	

Additionally, on September 10, 2014, in DOE/FE Order No. 3391-A, DOE/FE granted final authorization to Cameron LNG to export LNG from the Liquefaction Project (Trains 1-3), on its own behalf and as agent for third parties, to any country with which the United States does not have a FTA requiring national treatment for trade in natural gas and with which trade is not prohibited by U.S. law or policy (non-FTA countries) in a volume equivalent to approximately

<sup>12</sup> See Cameron LNG App. at 4.

620 Bcf/yr of natural gas (1.7 Bcf per day) for a period of 20 years.<sup>13</sup> This non-FTA export volume is not additive to the authorized volumes in Cameron LNG's two FTA export authorizations for Trains 1-3; however, it is additive to the authorized volume in this Order, which pertains to exports of LNG solely from Trains 4 and 5.

Cameron LNG further states that Sempra LNG Marketing, LLC (a subsidiary of Sempra Energy) has a blanket authorization to import LNG at the Cameron Terminal and a blanket authorization to export previously imported LNG from the Cameron Terminal. Cameron LNG states that nothing in the Application is intended to supersede or otherwise modify the import and/or export authorizations granted by DOE/FE to Cameron LNG or Sempra LNG Marketing, LLC.

**Source of Supply.** Cameron LNG previously informed DOE/FE that natural gas will be delivered to the Terminal through the Cameron Interstate Pipeline from five major interstate pipelines, thereby allowing access to a variety of supply options.<sup>14</sup> According to Cameron LNG, the source of the natural gas will include the vast supplies of natural gas available from the Texas and Louisiana producing regions. The Barnett, Haynesville, and Eagle Ford Shale formations will serve as additional sources of natural gas for the Liquefaction and Expansion Projects.<sup>15</sup>

**Business Model.** Cameron LNG requests this authorization on its own behalf and as agent for other entities who hold title to the LNG at the time of export. In those instances in which Cameron LNG exports LNG on its own behalf, Cameron LNG states that it either will take title to the natural gas at a point upstream of the Cameron Terminal, or it will purchase LNG

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<sup>13</sup> *Cameron LNG, LLC*, DOE/FE Order No. 3391-A, FE Docket No. 11-162-LNG, Final Opinion and Order Granting Long-Term Multi-Contract Authorization to Export Liquefied Natural Gas by Vessel from the Cameron LNG Terminal to Non-Free Trade Agreement Nations (Sept. 10, 2014).

<sup>14</sup> *See Cameron LNG, LLC*, DOE/FE Order No. 3391-A, at 15.

<sup>15</sup> *See id.*

from a customer of the Terminal prior to export. In other cases, Cameron LNG anticipates that it will act as agent for the customers of the Terminal without taking title.

Cameron LNG states that it will comply with all DOE/FE requirements for exporters and agents, including registration requirements. Cameron LNG further states that, when acting as agent, it will register with DOE/FE each LNG title holder for which it seeks to export LNG as agent, and will comply with other registration requirements as set forth in recent DOE/FE orders.

**Environmental Review.** Cameron LNG states that it will engage in FERC's pre-filing review process and submit an application to FERC for authorization to site, construct, and operate the proposed Expansion Project facilities pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), 42 U.S.C. § 4321 *et seq.*

### **III. FINDINGS**

(1) Section 3(c) of the NGA was amended by section 201 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (Pub. L. 102-486) to require that applications requesting authority for (a) the import and export of natural gas, including LNG, from and to a nation with which there is in effect a FTA requiring national treatment for trade in natural gas, and/or (b) the import of LNG from other international sources, be deemed consistent with the public interest and granted without modification or delay. This Application falls within section 3(c), as amended, and therefore, DOE/FE is charged with granting the requested authorization without modification or delay.<sup>16</sup>

(2) In light of DOE's statutory obligation to grant this Application without modification or delay, there is no need for DOE/FE to review other arguments asserted by Cameron LNG in support of the Application. The instant grant of authority should not be read to indicate DOE's views on those arguments or on Cameron LNG's request for non-FTA export authorization.

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<sup>16</sup> DOE further finds that the requirement for public notice of applications and other hearing-type procedures in 10 C.F.R. Part 590 are applicable only to applications seeking to export natural gas, including LNG, to countries with which the United States does not have a FTA requiring national treatment for trade in natural gas.

(3) The countries with which the United States has an FTA requiring national treatment for trade in natural gas currently are: Australia, Bahrain, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Jordan, Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Oman, Panama, Peru, Republic of Korea, and Singapore.

(4) As described above, Cameron LNG requests authorization to export LNG on its own behalf and as agent for other entities who hold title to the LNG at the time of export. DOE/FE previously addressed the issue of Agency Rights in DOE/FE Order No. 2913,<sup>17</sup> which granted Freeport LNG Expansion, L.P., *et al.* (collectively, FLEX) authority to export LNG to FTA countries. In that order, DOE/FE approved a proposal by FLEX to register each LNG title holder for whom FLEX sought to export LNG as agent. DOE/FE found that this proposal was an acceptable alternative to the non-binding policy adopted by DOE/FE in *The Dow Chemical Company*,<sup>18</sup> which established that the title for all LNG authorized for export must be held by the authorization holder at the point of export. We find that the same policy considerations that supported DOE/FE's acceptance of the alternative registration proposal in DOE/FE Order No. 2913 apply here as well.

DOE/FE reiterated its policy on Agency Rights procedures in *Gulf Coast LNG Export, LLC*.<sup>19</sup> In *Gulf Coast*, DOE/FE confirmed that, in LNG export orders in which Agency Rights have been granted, DOE/FE shall require registration materials filed for, or by, an LNG titleholder (Registrant) to include the same company identification information and long-term

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<sup>17</sup> *Freeport LNG Expansion, L.P., et al.*, DOE/FE Order No. 2913, FE Docket No. 10-160-LNG, Order Granting Long-Term Authorization to Export Liquefied Natural Gas from Freeport LNG Terminal to Free Trade Nations (Feb. 10, 2011).

<sup>18</sup> *The Dow Chemical Company*, DOE/FE Order No. 2859, FE Docket No. 10-57-LNG, Order Granting Blanket Authorization to Export Liquefied Natural Gas, at 7-8 (Oct. 5, 2010), *discussed in Freeport LNG*, DOE/FE Order No. 2913, at 7-8.

<sup>19</sup> *Gulf Coast LNG Export, LLC*, DOE/FE Order No. 3163, FE Docket No. 12-05-LNG, Order Granting Long-Term Multi-Contract Authorization to Export Liquefied Natural Gas By Vessel from the Proposed Brownsville Terminal to Free Trade Agreement Nations (Oct. 16, 2012).



contract information of the Registrant as if the Registrant had filed an application to export LNG on its own behalf.<sup>20</sup>

To ensure that the public interest is served, the authorization granted herein shall be conditioned to require that where Cameron LNG proposes to export this volume of LNG from Trains 4 and 5 (equivalent to 515 Bcf/yr of natural gas) as agent for other entities who hold title to the LNG (Registrants), Cameron LNG must register with DOE/FE those entities on whose behalf it will export LNG in accordance with the procedures and requirements described herein.

(5) Section 590.202(b) of DOE's regulations requires applicants to supply transaction-specific factual information "to the extent practicable."<sup>21</sup> Additionally, DOE regulations at 10 C.F.R. § 590.202(e) allow confidential treatment of the information supplied in support of or in opposition to an application if the submitting party requests such treatment, shows why the information should be exempted from public disclosure, and DOE determines it will be afforded confidential treatment in accordance with 10 C.F.R. § 1004.11.

(6) DOE/FE will require that Cameron LNG file or cause to be filed with DOE/FE any relevant long-term commercial agreements (contracts) pursuant to which Cameron LNG exports LNG as agent for a Registrant once they have been executed. DOE/FE finds that the submission of all such agreements or contracts within 30 days of their execution using the procedures described below will be consistent with the "to the extent practicable" requirement of section 590.202(b). By way of example and without limitation, a "relevant long-term commercial agreement" would include an agreement with a minimum term of two years, such as a long-term purchase and sale agreement involving LNG stored or liquefied at the Cameron Terminal.

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<sup>20</sup> *See id.* at 7-8.

<sup>21</sup> 10 C.F.R. § 590.202(b).

(7) DOE/FE also will require Cameron LNG to file any long-term contracts Cameron LNG enters into providing for the long-term export of LNG on its own behalf from the Cameron Terminal. DOE/FE finds that the submission of these contracts within 30 days of their execution using the procedures described below will be consistent with the “to the extent practicable” requirement of section 590.202(b).

(8) In addition, DOE/FE finds that section 590.202(c) of DOE/FE’s regulations<sup>22</sup> requires that Cameron LNG file, or cause to be filed, all long-term contracts associated with the long-term supply of natural gas to the Cameron Terminal within 30 days of their execution that either Cameron or the Registrant enters into.

(9) DOE/FE recognizes that some information in Cameron LNG’s or a Registrant’s long-term commercial agreements associated with the export of LNG, and/or long-term contracts associated with the long-term supply of natural gas to the Cameron Terminal, may be commercially sensitive. DOE/FE therefore will provide Cameron the option to file or cause to be filed either un-redacted contracts, or in the alternative: (A) Cameron LNG may file, or cause to be filed, long-term contracts under seal, but it also will file either: i) a copy of each long-term contract with commercially sensitive information redacted, or ii) a summary of all major provisions of the contract(s) including, but not limited to, the parties to each contract, contract term, quantity, any take or pay or equivalent provisions/conditions, destination, re-sale provisions, and other relevant provisions; and (B) the filing must demonstrate why the redacted information should be exempted from public disclosure.

To ensure that DOE/FE destination and reporting requirements included in the Order are conveyed to subsequent title holders, DOE/FE will include as a condition of this authorization

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<sup>22</sup> *Id.* § 590.202(c).

that future contracts for the sale or transfer of LNG exported pursuant to the Order shall include an acknowledgement of these requirements.

### **ORDER**

Pursuant to section 3 of the NGA, it is ordered that:

A. Cameron LNG is authorized to export domestically produced LNG by vessel from the Expansion Project (Trains 4 and 5) of the Cameron LNG Terminal, located in Cameron and Calcasieu Parishes, Louisiana. The volume authorized in this Order is equivalent to approximately 515 Bcf/yr of natural gas for a 20-year term, beginning on the earlier of the date of first commercial export from the Expansion Project or seven years from the date the authorization is issued (July 10, 2022). This volume is additive to the volumes authorized for export from Trains 1-3 of the Cameron Terminal to FTA countries in DOE/FE Order No. 3059 (FE Docket No. 11-145-LNG) and Order No. 3620 (FE Docket No. 14-204-LNG), and to non-FTA countries in DOE/FE Order No. 3391-A (FE Docket No. 11-162-LNG). Cameron LNG is authorized to export this LNG on its own behalf and as agent for other entities who hold title to the natural gas, pursuant to one or more long-term contracts (a contract greater than two years).

B. This LNG may be exported to Australia, Bahrain, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Jordan, Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Oman, Panama, Peru, Republic of Korea, and Singapore, and to any nation with which the United States subsequently enters into a FTA requiring national treatment for trade in natural gas, provided that the destination nation has the capacity to import LNG via ocean-going vessels.

FTA countries are currently identified by DOE/FE at:

<http://www.fossil.energy.gov/programs/gasregulation/index.html>

C. Cameron LNG shall ensure that all transactions authorized by this Order are permitted and lawful under U.S. laws and policies, including the rules, regulations, orders, policies, and other determinations of the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in rescission of this authorization and/or other civil or criminal remedies.

D. (i) Cameron LNG shall file, or cause others to file, with the Office of Oil and Gas Global Security and Supply a non-redacted copy of all executed long-term contracts associated with the long-term export of LNG on its own behalf or as agent for other entities from the Expansion Project (Trains 4 and 5). The non-redacted copies may be filed under seal and must be filed within 30 days of their execution. Additionally, if Cameron LNG has filed the contracts described in the preceding sentence under seal or subject to a claim of confidentiality or privilege, within 30 days of their execution, Cameron LNG shall also file, or cause others to file, for public posting either: i) a redacted version of the contracts described in the preceding sentence, or ii) major provisions of the contracts. In these filings, Cameron LNG shall state why the redacted or non-disclosed information should be exempted from public disclosure.

(ii) Cameron LNG shall file, or cause others to file, with the Office of Oil and Gas Global Security and Supply a non-redacted copy of all executed long-term contracts associated with the long-term supply of natural gas to the Cameron Terminal. The non-redacted copies may be filed under seal and must be filed within 30 days of their execution. Additionally, if Cameron LNG has filed the contracts described in the preceding sentence under seal or subject to a claim of confidentiality or privilege, within 30 days of their execution, Cameron LNG shall also file, or cause others to file, for public posting either: i) a redacted version of the contracts described in the preceding sentence, or ii) major provisions of the contracts. In these filings,

Cameron LNG shall state why the redacted or non-disclosed information should be exempted from public disclosure.

E. Cameron LNG shall include, and require others for whom Cameron LNG acts as agent to include, the following provision in any agreement or other contract for the sale or transfer of LNG exported pursuant to this Order:

Customer or purchaser acknowledges and agrees that it will resell or transfer LNG purchased hereunder for delivery only to countries identified in Ordering Paragraph B of DOE/FE Order No. 3680, issued July 10, 2015, in FE Docket No. 15-36-LNG, and/or to purchasers that have agreed in writing to limit their direct or indirect resale or transfer of such LNG to such countries. Customer or purchaser further commits to cause a report to be provided to Cameron LNG, LLC that identifies the country of destination, upon delivery, into which the exported LNG was actually delivered, and to include in any resale contract for such LNG the necessary conditions to ensure that Cameron LNG, LLC is made aware of all such actual destination countries.

F. Cameron LNG is permitted to use its authorization in order to export LNG as agent for other entities, after registering the other parties with DOE/FE. Registration materials shall include an acknowledgement and agreement by the Registrant to supply Cameron LNG with all information necessary to permit Cameron LNG to register that person or entity with DOE/FE, including: (1) the Registrant's agreement to comply with this Order and all applicable requirements of DOE's regulations at 10 C.F.R. Part 590, including but not limited to destination restrictions; (2) the exact legal name of the Registrant, state/location of incorporation/registration, primary place of doing business, and the Registrant's ownership structure, including the ultimate parent entity if the Registrant is a subsidiary or affiliate of another entity; (3) the name, title, mailing address, e-mail address, and telephone number of a corporate officer or employee of the Registrant to whom inquiries may be directed; (4) within 30 days of execution, a copy of any long-term contracts not previously filed with DOE/FE, described in Ordering Paragraph D of this Order.

G. Each registration submitted pursuant to this Order shall have current information on file with DOE/FE. Any changes in company name, contact information, change in terms of the long-term contract, termination of the long-term contract, or other relevant modification shall be filed with DOE/FE within 30 days of such change(s).

H. As a condition of this authorization, Cameron LNG shall ensure that all persons required by this Order to register with DOE/FE have done so. Any failure by Cameron LNG to ensure that all such persons or entities are registered with DOE/FE shall be grounds for rescinding in whole or in part the authorization.

I. Within two weeks after the first export of domestically produced LNG occurs from the Expansion Project, Cameron LNG shall provide written notification of the date that the first export of LNG authorized in Ordering Paragraph A above occurred.

J. Cameron LNG shall file with the Office of Oil and Gas Global Security and Supply, on a semi-annual basis, written reports describing the progress of the Expansion Project. The reports shall be filed on or by April 1 and October 1 of each year and shall include information on the progress of Trains 4 and 5 of the Cameron Terminal, the date(s) these two LNG trains are expected to be operational, and the status of the long-term contracts associated with the long-term export of LNG and any long-term supply contracts associated with the authorization granted in this Order.

K. Prior to any change in control of the authorization holder, Cameron LNG must obtain the approval of the Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy. For purposes of this Ordering Paragraph, a “change in control” shall include any change, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct the management or policies of Cameron LNG, whether such power is exercised through one or more intermediary companies or pursuant to an agreement, written or oral, and whether

such power is established through ownership or voting of securities, or common directors, officers, or stockholders, or voting trusts, holding trusts, or debt holdings, or contract, or any other direct or indirect means.<sup>23</sup>

L. Monthly Reports: With respect to the LNG exports authorized by this Order, Cameron LNG shall file with the Office of Oil and Gas Global Security and Supply, within 30 days following the last day of each calendar month, a report indicating whether exports of LNG have been made. The first monthly report required by this Order is due not later than the 30<sup>th</sup> day of the month following the month of first export. In subsequent months, if exports have not occurred, a report of “no activity” for that month must be filed. If exports of LNG have occurred, the report must give the following details of each LNG cargo: (1) the name(s) of the authorized exporter registered with DOE/FE; (2) the name of the U.S. export terminal; (3) the name of the LNG tanker; (4) the date of departure from the U.S. export terminal; (5) the country (or countries) of destination into which the LNG was actually delivered; (6) the name of the supplier/seller; (7) the volume in thousand cubic feet (Mcf); (8) the price at point of export per million British thermal units (MMBtu); (9) the duration of the supply agreement (indicate spot sales); and (10) the name(s) of the purchaser(s).

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control No. 1901-0294)

M. All monthly report filings shall be made to U.S. Department of Energy (FE-34), Office of Fossil Energy, Office of Oil and Gas Global Security and Supply, P.O. Box 44375, Washington, D.C. 20026-4375, Attention: Natural Gas Reports. Alternatively, reports may be

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<sup>23</sup> See U.S. Dep’t of Energy, Procedures for Changes in Control Affecting Applications and Authorizations to Import or Export Natural Gas, 79 Fed. Reg. 65,641 (Nov. 5, 2014).

e-mailed to [ngreports@hq.doe.gov](mailto:ngreports@hq.doe.gov), or may be faxed to Natural Gas Reports at (202) 586-6050.

Issued in Washington, D.C. on July 10, 2015.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "John A. Anderson", written over a horizontal line.

John A. Anderson  
Director, Office of Oil and Gas Global Security and Supply  
Office of Oil and Natural Gas