PMC-ND

(1.08.09.13)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OFFICE OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND RENEWABLE ENERGY NEPA DETERMINATION



RECIPIENT: New Mexico State University

STATE: NM

PROJECT TITLE : Anti-Virulence Approaches to Treat Algal Crops (AVATAC)

Funding Opportunity Announcement Number	Procurement Instrument Number	NEPA Control Number	CID Number
DE-FOA-0002910	DE-EE0011057	GFO-0011057-001	GO11057

Based on my review of the information concerning the proposed action, as NEPA Compliance Officer (authorized under DOE Policy 451.1), I have made the following determination:

CX, EA, EIS APPENDIX AND NUMBER:

Description: **A9 Information** Information gathering (including, but not limited to, literature surveys, inventories, site visits, and audits), gathering, data analysis (including, but not limited to, computer modeling), document preparation (including, but not analysis, and limited to, conceptual design, feasibility studies, and analytical energy supply and demand studies), and dissemination information dissemination (including, but not limited to, document publication and distribution, and classroom training and informational programs), but not including site characterization or environmental monitoring. (See also B3.1 of appendix B to this subpart.) **B3.6 Small-scale** Siting, construction, modification, operation, and decommissioning of facilities for smallscale research research and and development projects; conventional laboratory operations (such as preparation of chemical development, standards and sample analysis); and small-scale pilot projects (generally less than 2 years) frequently laboratory conducted to verify a concept before demonstration actions, provided that construction or modification operations, and would be within or contiguous to a previously disturbed or developed area (where active utilities and pilot projects currently used roads are readily accessible). Not included in this category are demonstration actions, meaning actions that are undertaken at a scale to show whether a technology would be viable on a larger scale and suitable for commercial deployment. **B5.25 Small-scale** Small-scale renewable energy research and development projects and small-scale pilot projects located renewable energy in aquatic environments. Activities would be in accordance with, where applicable, an approved spill prevention, control, and response plan, and would incorporate appropriate control technologies and best research and development and management practices. Covered actions would not occur (1) within areas of hazardous natural bottom pilot projects in conditions or (2) within the boundary of an established marine sanctuary or wildlife refuge, a aquatic governmentally proposed marine sanctuary or wildlife refuge, or a governmentally recognized area of environments high biological sensitivity, unless authorized by the agency responsible for such refuge, sanctuary, or area (or after consultation with the responsible agency, if no authorization is required). If the proposed activities would occur outside such refuge, sanctuary, or area and if the activities would have the potential to cause impacts within such refuge, sanctuary, or area, then the responsible agency shall be consulted in order to determine whether authorization is required and whether such activities would have the potential to cause significant impacts on such refuge, sanctuary, or area. Areas of high biological sensitivity include, but are not limited to, areas of known ecological importance, whale and marine mammal mating and calving/pupping areas, and fish and invertebrate spawning and nursery areas recognized as being limited or unique and vulnerable to perturbation; these areas can occur in bays, estuaries, near shore, and far offshore, and may vary seasonally. No permanent facilities or devices would be constructed or installed. Covered actions do not include drilling of resource exploration or extraction wells, use of large-scale vibratory coring techniques, or seismic activities other than passive techniques.

Rationale for determination:

The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) is proposing to provide funding to New Mexico State University (NMSU) to develop and test antivirulence strategies against pathogenic bacteria in outdoor ponds. Antivirulence strategies disarm pathogens rather than destroy them, thereby preventing or minimizing host damage. By targeting virulence rather than specific pathogenic bacterial species, antivirulence strategies can be applied against an array of bacterial pests without knowing the identity of bacterial pests or tracking individual bacterial pests through time. Efficacy of antivirulence strategies would be tested across five DOE-relevant algal strains.

Award activities include in-laboratory and analysis work at the Corcoran Laboratory (Las Cruces, NM) and Arizona State University (ASU) (Mesa, AZ), and outdoor experiments within algal ponds designated for field research at the NMSU Fabian Garcia Science Center (Las Cruces, NM) and ASU.

Existing university health, safety, and environmental policies and procedures would be followed at all facilities,

including personnel training, proper personal protective equipment, engineering controls, monitoring, and internal assessments. Award activities would involve handling of hazardous and organic materials, such as phosphoric acid, ammonia-based fertilizer, phosphate-based fertilizer, bacteria, and algal. Handling, storage, and disposal of hazardous and organic materials would occur within controlled settings and would follow existing policies and procedures. All organisms used for this award would fall under the lowest risk categories concerning individual and public health as described by federal agencies, i.e. Biosafety Level 1 (BSL-1) or Risk Group 1 (RG1). Project activities would occur entirely within existing, purpose-built laboratory and field research facilities; therefore, no adverse impacts to sensitive resources are expected as a result of the proposed activities at any location. No change in the use, mission, or operation of existing facilities and locations would arise out of this effort.

NEPA PROVISION

DOE has made a final NEPA determination.

Notes:

Bioenergy Technologies Office (BETO) NEPA review completed by Amy Lukens, 12/5/2023.

FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION DETERMINATIONS

The proposed action (or the part of the proposal defined in the Rationale above) fits within a class of actions that is listed in Appendix A or B to 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D. To fit within the classes of actions listed in 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D, Appendix B, a proposal must be one that would not: (1) threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit requirements for environment, safety, and health, or similar requirements of DOE or Executive Orders; (2) require siting and construction or major expansion of waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically excluded waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment actions or facilities; (3) disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that preexist in the environment such that there would be uncontrolled or unpermitted releases; (4) have the potential to cause significant impacts on environmentally sensitive resources, including, but not limited to, those listed in paragraph B(4) of 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D, Appendix B; (5) involve genetically engineered organisms, synthetic biology, governmentally designated noxious weeds, or invasive species, unless the proposed activity would be contained or confined in a manner designed and operated to prevent unauthorized release into the environment and conducted in accordance with applicable requirements, such as those listed in paragraph B(5) of 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D, Appendix B.

There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the proposed action that may affect the significance of the environmental effects of the proposal.

The proposed action has not been segmented to meet the definition of a categorical exclusion. This proposal is not connected to other actions with potentially significant impacts (40 CFR 1508.25(a)(1)), is not related to other actions with individually insignificant but cumulatively significant impacts (40 CFR 1508.27(b)(7)), and is not precluded by 40 CFR 1506.1 or 10 CFR 1021.211 concerning limitations on actions during preparation of an environmental impact statement.

The proposed action is categorically excluded from further NEPA review.

SIGNATURE OF THIS MEMORANDUM CONSTITUTES A RECORD OF THIS DECISION.

NEPA Compliance Officer Signature:

Electronically Signed By: Andrew Montano

Date: 12/7/2023

NEPA Compliance Officer

FIELD OFFICE MANAGER DETERMINATION

- Field Office Manager review not required
- ☐ Field Office Manager review required

BASED ON MY REVIEW I CONCUR WITH THE DETERMINATION OF THE NCO :

Field Office Manager's Signature:

Date: