

# Microalgae Analysis (WBS 1.3.5.203)

April 4, 2023

**Technology Area Session** 

#### **Principal Investigators**

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Earth Systems Predictability and Resiliency Group

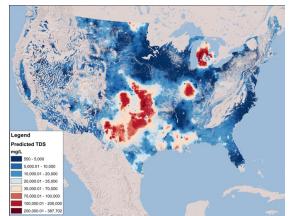
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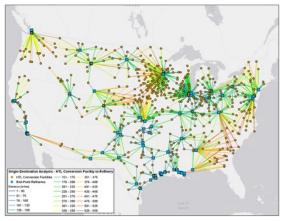


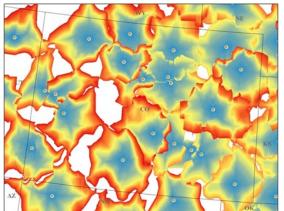
## **Project Overview**

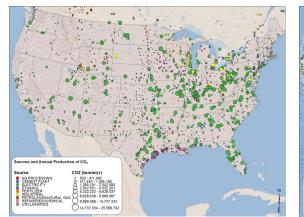
**Background**: The development, enhancement, and application of the Biomass Assessment Tool (BAT) provides a spatiotemporal, biophysics-based analysis framework for linking key BETO & industry research activities and goals to understand opportunities, trade-offs, and realize pathways for achieving high-impact objectives. The first version of the BAT was developed in 2010 and has continued to evolve based on community needs.

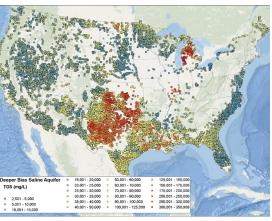
**Overall Goal:** Provide BETO and industry a national assessment capability focused on fundamental questions of where feedstock production can occur, how much nutrient, land and water resource is required, what co-location opportunities exist, which cultivation strategies and algal strains provide the best productivity, how much biomass & energy is produced, and what interactions/trade-offs exist between technology pathways.













# 1 - Approach (Overview)

The BAT links the latest research in cultivation and conversion with biophysical process models and multiscale spatiotemporal analysis to quantify resource requirements, sustainable resource availability, beneficial use of waste resources, biomass production potential, cultivation strategies, energetics and costs, conversion pathways.

#### **Key challenges**

- ► Limited experimental/observational data to support model parameterization and validation
- Linking research and model findings with industry
- Qualitative formulations of economic and environmental sustainability

#### **Technical Success**

- ► Continued BAT linkages with other non-PNNL models
- ► Incorporation of macroalgae site screening, growth productivity, and TEA models
- Coordination with DISCOVR, BETO State of Technology, ORNL BillionTon Next, ANL/NREL/PNNL Multi-Lab Model Harmonization, BETO Waste-to-Energy, ARPA-E MARINER
- Assess impacts of design and operational constraints and risks for algal biofuel feedstock production
- ► Maturity and demonstrated production improvements of microalgae forecasting system
- Dissemination of study results through peer-reviewed publications, project reports and white papers, conferences/workshops, university and other national lab collaborations
- 31 peer-reviewed publications



# 1 – Approach

Resource Assessment

Waste-to-**Energy Co-**Location

Operations and Forecasting

Biology & Cultivation

Conversion

**Industry Siting** & Scaling

## PNNL Biomass Assessment Tool (BAT)

Time-Series Meteorology

Site Selection

Open Pond Temp. Model Closed Pond Temp. Model

**PBR Model** & Site Configuration

Algae Growth Model

Nutrient **Demand** 

> Freshwater Supply & **Demand**

Saline Water Supply & **Demand** 

Saline Water Character-

ization Min. Water

Stress Siting

Brine Treatment & Disposal

 $CO_2$ Co-Location & Transport

Nutrient Co-Location

Wastewater Co-Location

Waste Heat Co-Location

Cultivation **Strategies** 

**Biomass** Forecasting

HTL Conversion

Optimized Feedstock **Blending** 

Partial TEA

State-of-**Technology** Support

Tradeoff Modeling

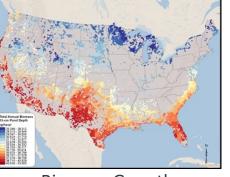
Risk Assessment Multi-Modal Transport

> **Future** Climate

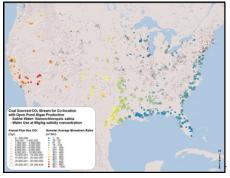
Sustainability Framework



Site Selection



**Biomass Growth** 



Water Demand



Co-Location

**Supply Chain** 



# 1 - Approach (Management)

► Period of Performance: FY20-FY22 (FY23 is carry-over only)

## **▶** History

Original project start in 2011; Current funding under FY20 BETO Lab Call

#### Communications

- Regular team and task meetings
- Bi-monthly discussion with the sponsor
- ► Active in publications (31 to date), conferences, and workshops
- Outreach and collaboration with numerous other projects

### **▶** Project Risks

- Modifications to project scope and schedule due to resource constraints and numerous project collaborators [Active oversight by project coordinator and regular communication w/ BETO sponsor]
- Limited and/or timely observation data for model validation [Regular communication w/ BETO sponsor and link to ongoing field experiment efforts where possible]

PI: Wigmosta Co-PI/PM: Coleman

Task	Lead		
Task 1:	Yan		
SOT Support			
Task 2:	Coleman		
Fresh/Saline Water Sustainability			
Task 3:	Coleman		
CO <sub>2</sub> & Wastewater Co-Location			
Task 4:	Wigmosta		
Enhanced High-Rate Pond Model			
Task 5:	Coleman		
Microalgae Model Harmonization			
Macroalgae Resource Assessment			
Task 6:	Gao		
Saline strain parameterization			
2023 Peer Review	Coleman		

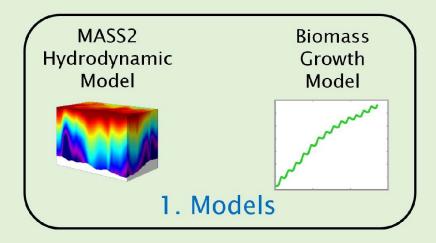
#### Go/No-Go

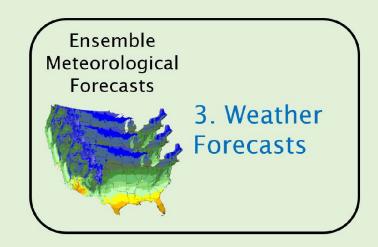
▶ If the total potential from co-location with wastewater facilities exceeds 5% of the BETO MYPP 2030 target of 5 BGY GGE, we will continue to evaluate wastewater co-location with a more refined modeling approach and cost considerations. Milestone met and exceeded (FY21-Q2); manuscript in preparation

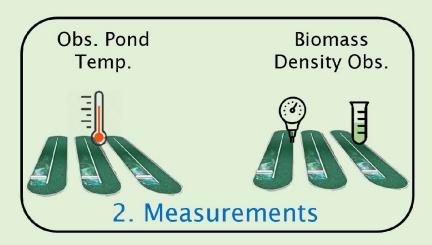


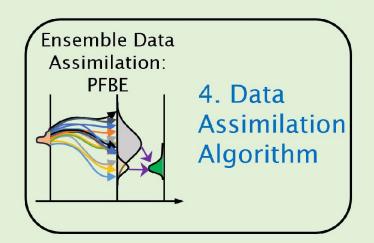
## BETO SOT - Microalgae Biomass Forecast System

### **Biomass Forecasting System Component**







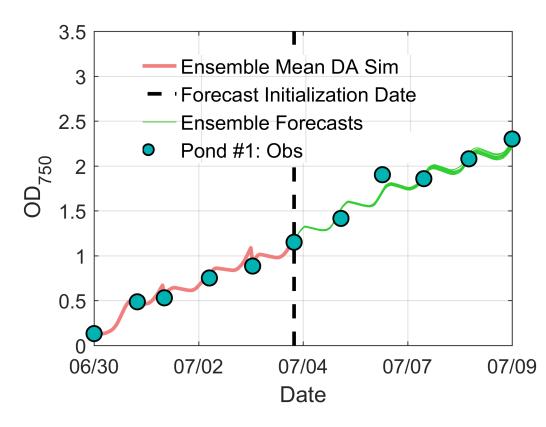


Microalgae Biomass Forecast System enhances biomass production by informing on pond operations and harvesting planning

The accuracy of the Microalgae Biomass Forecast System has been tested in model simulation and field experiments, using both warm and cold strains (Monoraphidium minutum 26B-AM and Chlorella sorokiniana) in different locations (Delhi, CA and Mesa, AZ).



## BETO SOT - Microalgae Biomass Forecast System



Yan et al. (2023). Ensemble biomass forecasts issued on 4th July in Delhi, CA

Run	Mode	Biomass Production (g/m2-day)	Improvement to Control
Run 1	Batch (control)	15.45	
	Batch (control)	14.71	
	Fixed Dilution	19.51	23%
	Fixed Dilution	17.62	
	Forecasting-Informed	21.54	41%
	Forecasting-Informed	20.85	
Run 2	Batch (control)	14.99	
	Batch (control)	13.94	
	Fixed Dilution	18.50	23%
	Fixed Dilution	17.12	
	Forecasting-Informed	22.21	53%
	Forecasting-Informed	22.08	

Gao et al. (2022) evaluated the forecastinformed pond operations against the standard batch or fixed dilution practices (0.6 every 3 days).

In two replicate experiments, the forecast-informed biomass productions were >40% higher than standard batch practices.

- 1. Yan, H., Wigmosta, M., Huesemann, M., Sun, N., and Gao, S. (2023). "An ensemble data assimilation modeling system for operational outdoor microalgae growth forecasting." Biotechnology and Bioengineering, 120(2), 426–443. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1002/bit.28272">https://doi.org/10.1002/bit.28272</a>
- 2. Gao, S., Yan, H., Beirne, N., Wigmosta, M., and Huesemann, M. (2022). "Improving microalgal biomass productivity using weather-forecast-informed operations." Cells, 11(9), 1498. <a href="https://doi.org/10.3390/cells11091498">https://doi.org/10.3390/cells11091498</a>
- 3. Yan, H., Wigmosta, M., Sun, N., Huesemann, M., and Gao, S. (2021). "Real-time ensemble microalgae growth forecasting with data assimilation." Biotechnology and Bioengineering, 118(3), 1419–1424. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1002/bit.27663">https://doi.org/10.1002/bit.27663</a>



# Argonne A







## Microalgae Model Harmonization & BillionTon Chapter

Resource Assessment (BAT)

Saline Strain
Parameterization\*

Land Screening\*

Saline Groundwater Sourcing

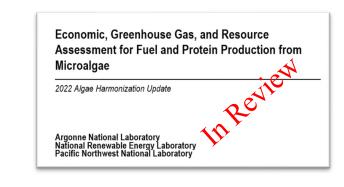
Saline Pond Operations\*

Brine Disposal\*

CO<sub>2</sub> Co-location

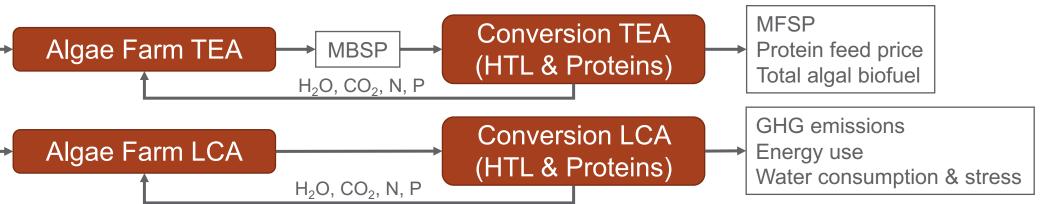
**Biomass Growth** 

\* New BAT modules under current AOP





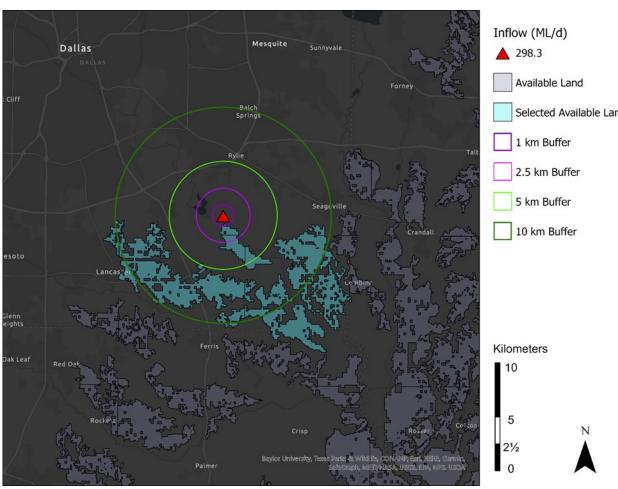
- Microalgae production for SAF & proteins
- Land screening at 1,000 acre minimum
- Saline strains w/ groundwater source & brine mgt.
- Waste CO<sup>2</sup> co-location via CCU / pipeline transport
- *Total Biomass:* 178 Tg/yr / Avg: 26.4 g/m<sup>2</sup>-day
- HTL algae w/ protein extraction pre-treatment:
  - Total Fuel: 9.3 billion GGE/yr
  - SAF from Total Fuel: 5.6 billion GGE/yr
  - *MFSP*: \$2.10 4.54/GGE
  - Total Protein: 63 Tg/yr (whey concentrate)
  - *GHG Emissions*: 34% reduction when compared to petroleum fuel benchmark





## Co-Location Opportunities: Municipal Wastewater Co-Location

- CONUS assessment of 14,920 municipal wastewater treatment plants for their potential to support algae biomass production in high-rate algae ponds
- Strain rotation biomass growth model (*Chlorella sorokiniana* DOE-1412 (warm season), *Kirchneriella cornuta* (cold season), and *Scenedemus obliquus* (all-season)
- Total N, P, and water supply modeled at various wastewater treatment phases influent, primary clarifier sludge, secondary clarifier sludge, treated biosolids, and facility effluent
- Supply/demand accounting model factors input nutrient loss due to oxidation, volatilization, and algae utilization efficiencies
  - 17.1 million ha land available within 10-km
  - 6.56 Tg/yr of biomass per year on 120k hectares
  - 17.2 GL/yr (4.53 Bgal/yr) renewable diesel potential
  - Exceeded Go/No-Go target of 250 Mgal/yr GGE



Coleman, AM, T. Saltiel, T. Seiple, M. Wigmosta. Potential of High-Rate Algae Ponds Co-Located with U.S. Municipal Wastewater Treatment Plants, *in preparation* 



## Enhanced High-Rate In-Ground Open Pond Model



- Energy-balance formulation for water temperature and two-way linkage with PNNL Biomass Growth Model
- Utilization of co-located waste heat to better maintain pond water temperature
- Salt balance with blowdown at pond operation salinity thresholds
- Full tracking of N, P, and pH during pond operations
- Significant advancement over current BAT pond and temperature model

- Validating simulated pond water temperature against observations
- Linking the energy-balance pond model with the PNNL Biomass Growth Model
- Model documentation and validation (FY23)



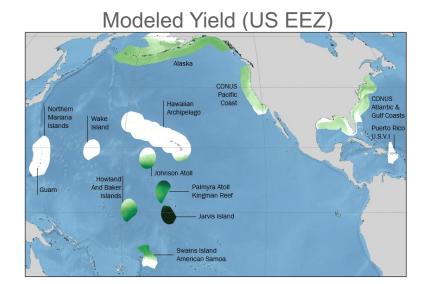
## Offshore Macroalgae Biomass Potential and TEA

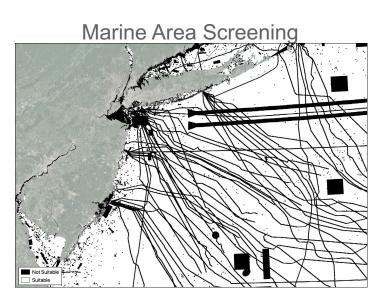


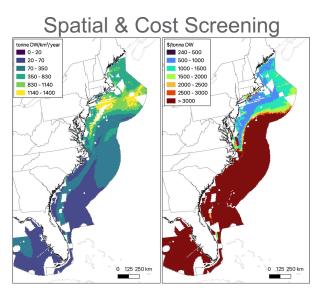


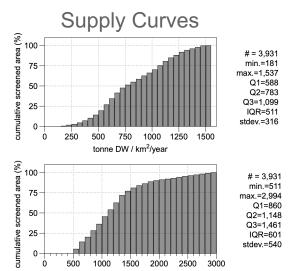
- First time macroalgae included as part of the Billion Ton Report feedstocks
- Full US Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) assessment, including territories
- ARPA-E MARINER program coordination model parameterization / validation
- UC-Irvine MACMODS model for biomass potential and "farm-gate" (dock) TEA
  - Tropical reds, tropical browns, temperate reds, and temperate browns
- Newly developed high-resolution marine area screening model
- Results compiled into current draft chapter of the Billion Ton Next report

Siting & TEA: ≤\$2k/t DW @ 20% area (Preliminary) **Alaska** 1.6M km<sup>2</sup> / 415M t/DW Pac. Coast 353k km<sup>2</sup> / 41M t/DW Atl. Coast 233k km<sup>2</sup> / 69 M t/DW **Total** 2.2M km<sup>2</sup> / 525M t/DW











# 3 – Impact

Advancing the state of technology through national extent site-scale evaluation of potential microalgae and macroalgae feedstock site locations, productivity potential, site-scale freshwater and saline algal strains performance, alternative water and nutrient sources, operational efficiency, and conversion technologies to yield the highest sustainable fuel and co-product production potential per unit cost and resource use efficiency

#### Communications and Collaborations

- Numerous workshops and conferences
- Experimental Support (BETO State of Technology, DISCOVR)
- BETO Multi-Lab Algae Model Harmonization, Billion Ton Study, Waste-to-Energy, Forest Restoration, ARPA-E (Macroalgae)

### Supporting BETO Objectives

- Supports BETO goal of 3 Bgal/yr of multi-modal transportation biofuels at \$2.50/GGE & 50% GHG reduction by 2030
- Supports commercialization of Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF) goals
- Supports the BETO Algae State of Technology 2030 seasonal and annual areal productivity goals

#### Peer Reviewed Publications

- 31 total since 2011 (1 > 300 citations, 3 > 170 citations; 7 > 60 citations; 11 > 27 citations; 16 > 12 citations)
- 4 published since last review, 2 additional in preparation for 2022 submission



## **Summary**

- ▶ Overview: This project provides BETO and industry a national assessment site-scale capability focused on fundamental questions of where production can occur, how much nutrient, land and water resource is required, how much biomass/energy is produced, and what interactions/trade-offs exist between technologies
- ► Management: Task-driven approach following BETO management protocols
- ▶ **Approach:** Continued enhancement and application of the PNNL Biomass Assessment Tool (BAT) to evaluate alternative algal feedstock production strategies that will yield the highest sustainable fuel and coproduct production potential as a function of unit cost and resource / waste resource use efficiency
- ▶ Impact: The BAT provides a biophysics-based analysis framework for linking key BETO & industry research activities to achieve high-impact objectives for multiple feedstocks
  - BETO MYPP, updated multi-lab model harmonization focused on use of newly parameterized saline water strains, Billion Ton Next study ongoing and including microalgae and for the first time, macroalgae, State of Technology, DISCOVR
  - 31 peer reviewed publications with 4 since the last review, and 2 additional in preparation
- ▶ **Progress & Outcomes:** Further maturity of the biomass forecasting system, multi-lab model harmonization evaluation of spatiotemporal water scarcity with freshwater and freshwater + saline mixes, evaluated brine management options, and estimated biomass potential through co-location with CO₂ and wastewater treatment facilities



## **Quad Chart Overview**

#### **Timeline**

Project start date: 10/01/2020

Project end date: 09/30/2023 (FY23 Carryover Only)

\$0 to PNNL

\$120k

subcontract to

**UC-Irvine** 

\$1,725,120

\$0

\$0 (FY 20-23)

TRL at Project Start: 5 TRL at Project End: 7

### **Project Goal**

Model the sustainable supply of cultivated algal biomass to achieve 5 billion GGE per year by employing open ponds, PBRs, saline water, CO2 co-location, and alternative nutrient sources by September 2022

#### End of Project Milestone

Through collaboration with the DISCOVR project, make enhancements to the BAT and growth model parameterization library to include additional fresh and saline, cold- and heat-tolerant algal strains, model maximized production operations, and evaluate tradeoffs in alternative technology pathways to achieve the MYPP 2030 target to model the sustainable supply of cultivated algal biomass to achieve 5 billion GGE per year.

### **Funding Mechanism**

BETO Lab Call for FY20

#### **Project Partners**

- National Lab: ANL, NREL, ORNL
- University: ASU, UC-Irvine
- Programs: ARPA-E MARINER, BETO DISCOVR, SOT, Waste-to-Energy



# Thank you





# Pacific Northwest Additional Slides NATIONAL LABORATORY



# Responses to Previous Reviewers' Comments

- "In considering brine management options, the team may find value and efficiencies in connecting with the relatively recently formed National Alliance for Water Innovation if they are not already working together; brine management is a key focus area for them."
  - This was an excellent suggestion, as the team found great value in tapping the resources from the National Alliance for Water Innovation through its numerous publications and our interviews/surveys from NAWI industry partners. As the research evolves under NAWI, the microalgae industry will benefit by the integration of new technologies and updated techno-economics that can be incorporated into the BAT.
- "...the greatest risk for most of the broad modeling efforts still seems to be a lack of industry adoption and input, as the user base for the BAT model may not be growing."
  - Our team has continued to publish and present its research in public forums, work closely with the BETO State of Technology efforts, DISCOVR's industry advisory board, and industry partners via the ARPA-E MARINER program. While our team has not had a formal industry partner during this AOP, it is challenging to quantify the impact the BAT program has had on industry. Numerous requests for model datasets have been fulfilled over the years from various entities ranging from academia, industry, government orgs, and lab partners. With the recent publications of the microalgae forecast system, we feel this may be of interest and will publicize the capability and target communications to industry.



## **Publications and Presentations**

- Yan, H., Wigmosta, M., Huesemann, M., Sun, N., and Gao, S. (2023). "An ensemble data assimilation modeling system for operational outdoor microalgae growth forecasting." Biotechnology and Bioengineering, 120(2), 426–443. https://doi.org/10.1002/bit.28272
- Gao, S., Yan, H., Beirne, N., Wigmosta, M., and Huesemann, M. (2022). "Improving microalgal biomass productivity using weather-forecast-informed operations." Cells, 11(9), 1498. https://doi.org/10.3390/cells11091498
- Yan, H., Wigmosta, M., Sun, N., Huesemann, M., and Gao, S. (2021). "Real-time ensemble microalgae growth forecasting with data assimilation." Biotechnology and Bioengineering, 118(3), 1419–1424. https://doi.org/10.1002/bit.27663
- Ou L., S. Banerjee, H. Xu, A. Coleman, H. Cai, U. Lee, and M.S. Wigmosta, et al. 2021. "Utilizing high-purity carbon dioxide sources for algae cultivation and biofuel production in the United States: Opportunities and challenges." Journal of Cleaner Production 321. PNNL-SA-161054. doi:10.1016/j.jclepro.2021.128779
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# Publications, Patents, Presentations, Awards, and Commercialization

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# Publications, Patents, Presentations, Awards, and Commercialization

- Venteris ER, RL Skaggs, AM Coleman, and MS Wigmosta, 2013, A GIS model to assess the availability of freshwater, seawater, and saline groundwater for algal biofuel production in the United States, Environmental Science & Technology, 47(9):4840 4849. doi:10.1021/es304135b
- Venteris ER, R Skaggs, AM Coleman, and MS Wigmosta, 2012, An Assessment of Land Availability and Price in the Coterminous United States for Conversion to Algal Biofuel Production. Biomass & Bioenergy, 47:483-497. doi:10.1016/j.biombioe.2012.09.060
- Wigmosta MS, AM Coleman, RL Skaggs, MH Huesemann, and LJ Lane, 2011, National microalgae biofuel production potential and resource demand, Water Resour. Res., 47, W00H04, doi:10.1029/2010WR009966