

Activity Area Overview Presentation: Regulatory & Siting

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FY21 Peer Review – Activity Overview

Activity Summary:

- Wind farms constructed within the line of sight of civilian and defense radar systems cause clutter and interference
- This degrades performance of radars for air traffic control, weather forecasting, homeland security, and national defense missions
- WETO works in collaboration with partners to identify and deploy technology and process improvements to mitigate impacts on radars. Partners include:
 - Sandia National Laboratories, LBNL, MIT/Lincoln Laboratory
 - Other Federal Agencies (FAA, DOD, BOEM, NOAA, DHS)
 - Wind & Radar Industries, OEMs, Project Developers, ACP

Activity Objective(s) 2019-2020:

- Improve capacity to evaluate the impacts of wind energy on sensitive radars
- Develop and deploy mitigation measures to increase resilience of existing radars to wind turbines
- Encourage the development of next generation radars resistant to wind turbine interference

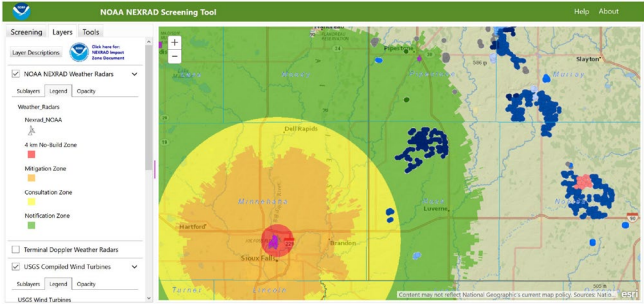
Overall Activity Objectives (life of Activity):

- Eliminate wind turbine radar interference as an impact to critical radar missions and remove radar interference as an impediment to future wind energy development.

FY19 - FY20 Budget Under Review: \$2,260,000

Current budget (FY21): \$1,826,495

Number of projects under peer review: 2+

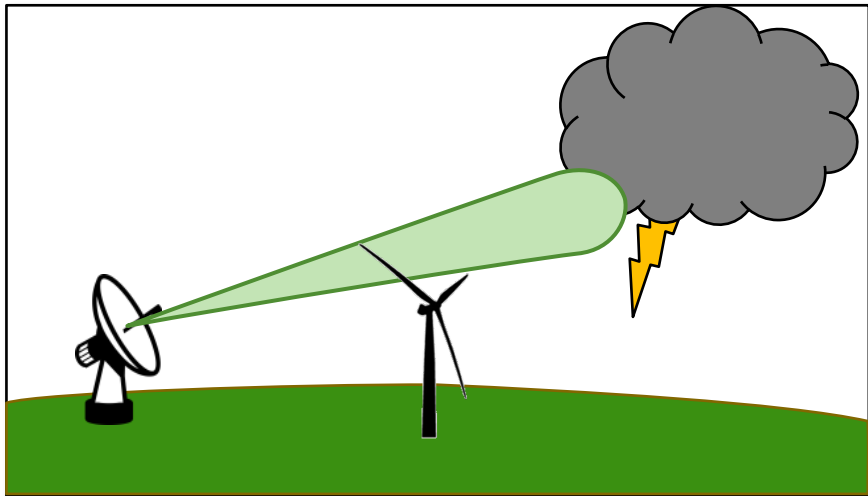


Projects Under Review

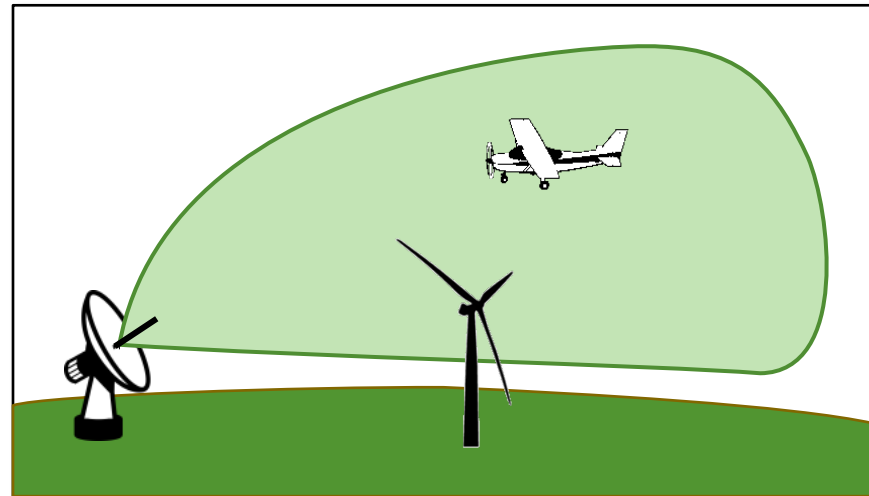
| ESW&G – Regulatory & Siting: Wind Radar Mitigation | |
|---|---|
| E01 - Siting-Radar Wind Turbine Mitigation (4:15 PM Monday) | Ben Karlson Sandia National Laboratories |
| E02 - Siting-Radar Wind Turbine Mitigation (4:40PM Monday) | Jason Biddle MIT Lincoln Laboratory |
| E19 - United States Wind Turbine Database and Location Impacts R&D (1:30PM Wednesday - Stakeholder Engagement and Workforce Session) | Ben Hoen Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory |

Wind-Radar Interference Basics

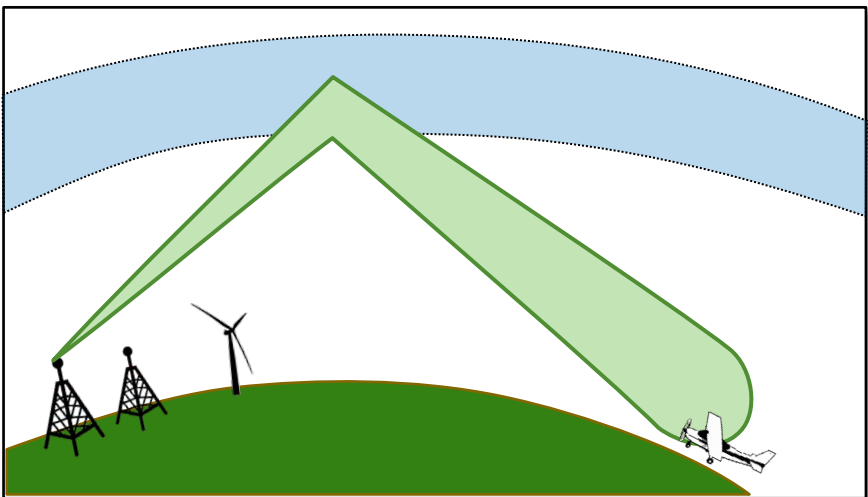
Weather Radar



Air Surveillance Radar



Over the Horizon Radar



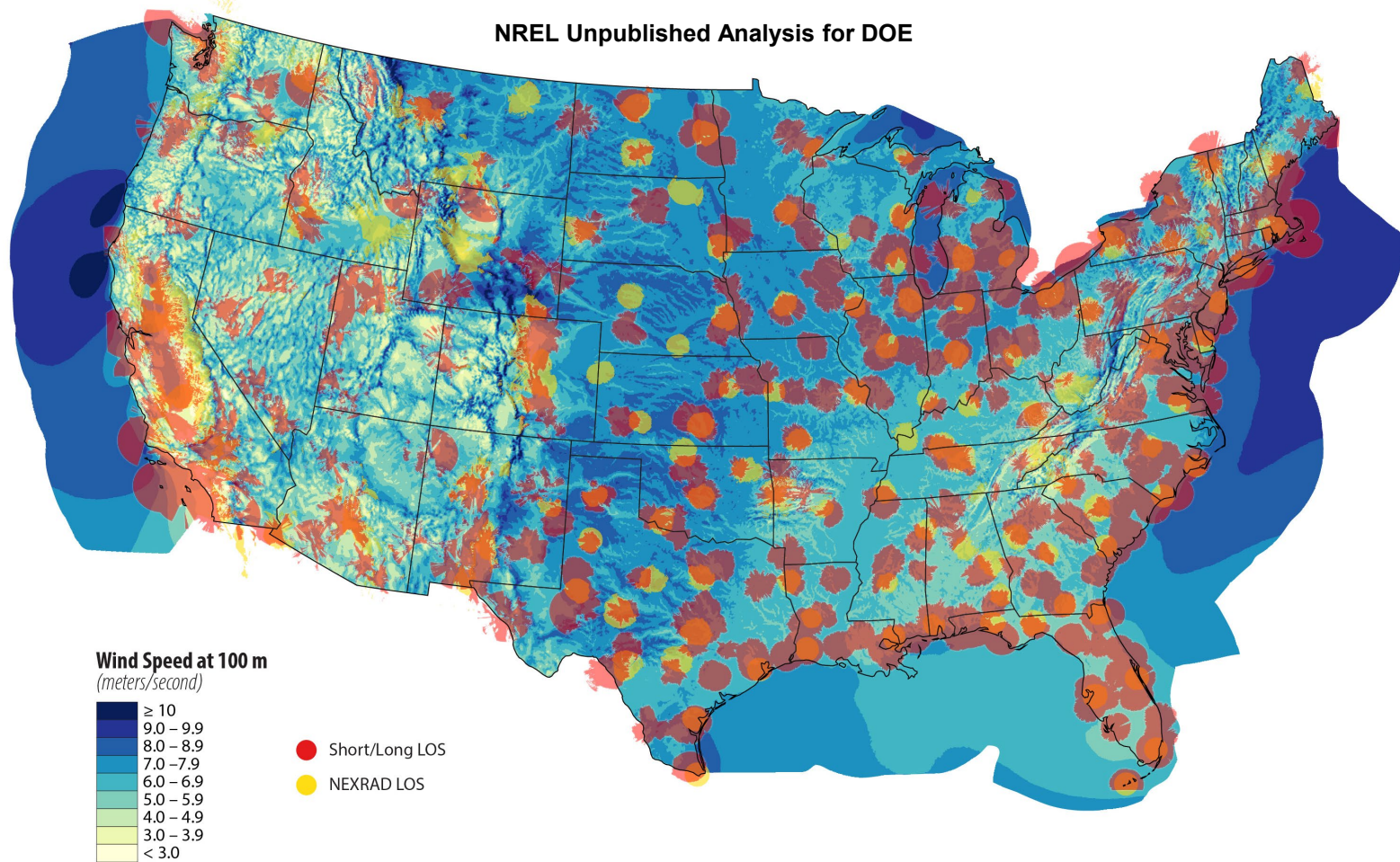
Technical impacts:

- Turbines present unique mix of moving and static clutter
- Decrease probability of target detection
- Increase false alarms
- Corrupt track quality

Mission impacts:

- Flight safety (FAA, DOD)
- Border protection, navigation, search and rescue (DHS)
- Homeland defense (DOD)
- Weather observation and warning, ocean observation (NOAA)

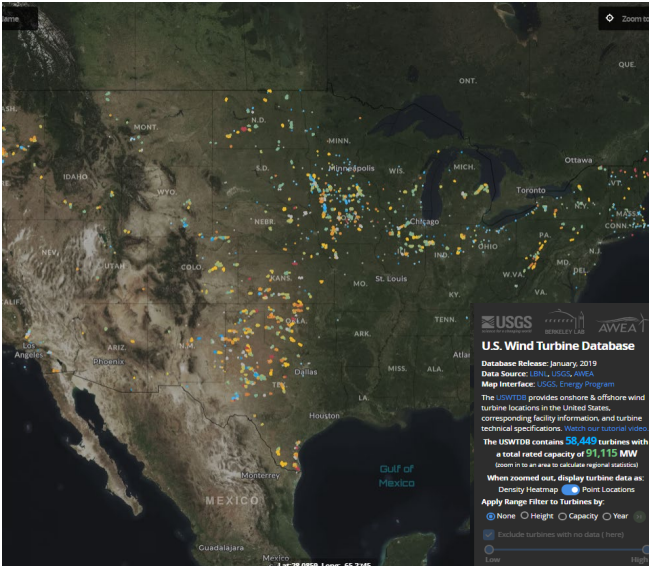
Why Address Wind-Radar Issues?



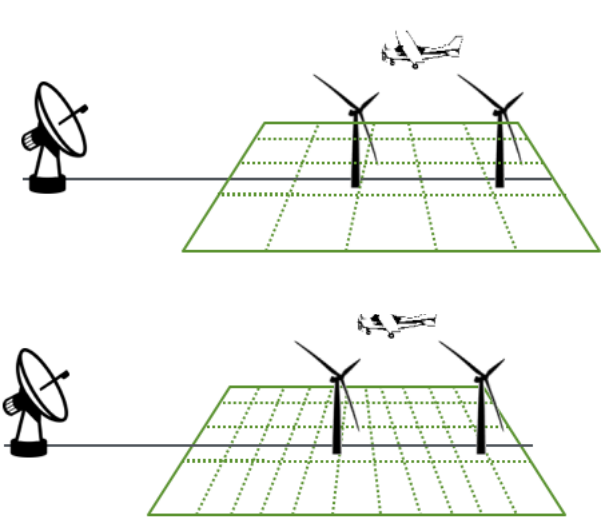
- 40%+ of land-based, 25%+ of offshore technical potential in radar line-of-site
- Wind development in LOS impacts mission performance—NORAD has identified 26 air surveillance radars at or near “saturation”
- Available mitigation measures are insufficient

Federal Wind Turbine Radar Interference Mitigation (WTRIM) Strategy

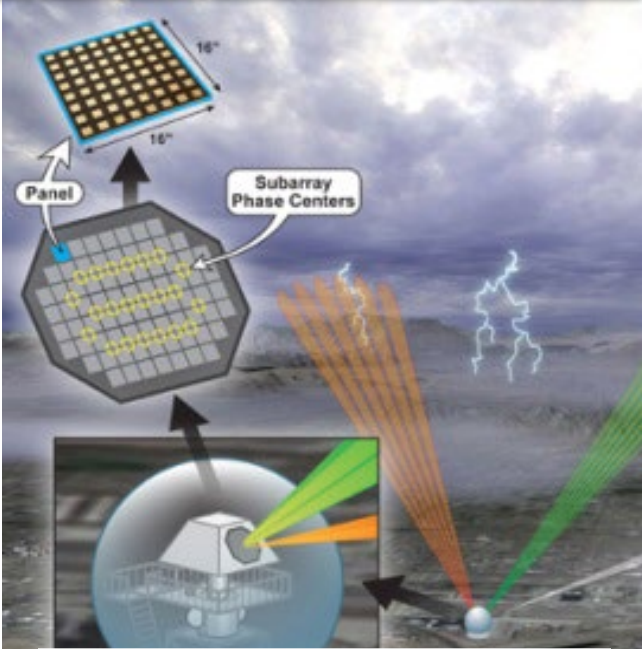
Strategic Objectives: Eliminate wind turbine radar interference as an impact to critical radar missions, ensure the long-term resilience of radar operations in the presence of wind turbines, and remove radar interference as an impediment to future wind energy development.



US Wind Turbine Database



MIT-LL Increased Range Resolution Projects Algorithm



SENS Wind Turbine Spec Development

Strategic Theme 1:
Improve capacity to evaluate the impacts of wind energy on sensitive radars

Strategic Theme 2:
Develop and deploy mitigation measures to increase resilience of existing radars to wind turbines

Strategic Theme 3:
Encourage the development of next-generation radars resistant to wind turbine interference

Highlighted Activity Accomplishments & Progress

Theme 1: Improve capacity to evaluate the impacts of wind energy on sensitive radars:

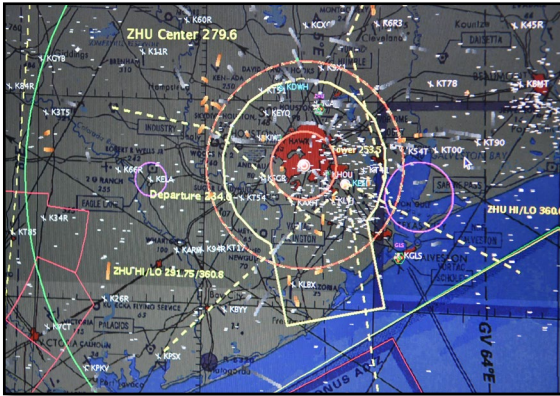
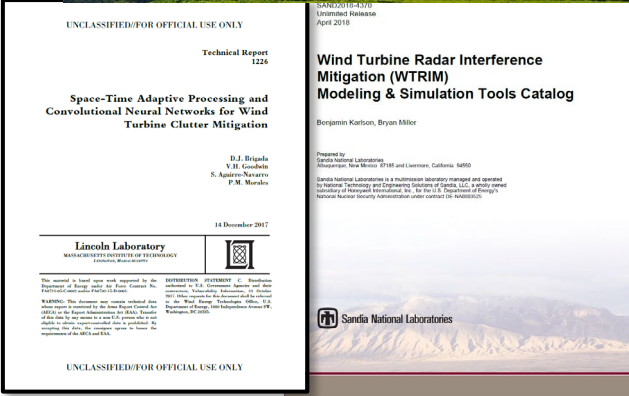
- Release of US Wind Turbine Database (LBNL) - recently passed 5 million hits
- Upgraded the database to better support NORAD's ability to identify potential impacts

Theme 2: Develop and deploy mitigation measures to increase resilience of existing radars to wind turbines:

- MIT-Lincoln Lab Wind Siting Study
- Travis AFB PMP completion, support to FAA on certification framework

Theme 3: Encourage the development of next-generation radars resistant to wind turbine interference:

- Provide updates on turbine characteristics and radar impact specifications for Spectrum Efficient National Surveillance Radar (SENSR) program



Future Work (FY21 and Beyond)

- Reboot WTRIM working group Memorandum of Agreement
- Support new series of aircraft test flights on a variety of radar systems (NORAD/DOD)
- Implement new DOE-FAA interagency agreement to design and evaluate radar software mitigation solutions on FAA radars
- Support higher-TRL mitigation development/validation efforts through potential FOA
- Ensure all potential radar conflicts can be evaluated by developing, verifying, and improving modeling and simulation tools.
- Continue supporting certification framework for mitigation solutions
- Re-evaluate turbine-side mitigation development
- Continue engagement with SENSR - ensure next generation radars are resilient to wind development