

Project title: **Trinity Off-ROW Hazard Tree Removal 2020/2021**

Requested By: Ricardo Velarde

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Date Submitted: 7-09-2020

Date Required: 9-30-2020

Description of the Project

The Western Area Power Administration (WAPA), Sierra Nevada Region (SN), proposes to remove up to 357 hazard trees along 17.5 miles of three transmission lines in Trinity County, California. The trees are dispersed along the Trinity-Weaverville 60-kilovolt (kV) (TNI-WEA), Lewiston Tap 60-kV (LWN-LWNT), and Trinity Carr 230-kV (TNY-CAR) transmission lines. The hazard trees are located outside but adjacent to the right-of-way (off-ROW) and have the potential to fall on, grow into, or otherwise compromise the integrity of the transmission lines. WAPA Order 450.3A dictates the removal of hazard trees in compliance with the North American Electric Reliability Council (NERC) Standard FAC-003-1. WAPA has limited discretion on the removal of trees that meet hazard standards.

During the 2016 and 2019 summer seasons, WAPA-contracted foresters with Davey Resource Group (Davey) performed a pedestrian survey of hazard trees along the three transmission lines in Trinity County. In the summer of 2018, the Carr Fire burned through parts of the TNI-CAR transmission line, significantly impacting habitat in the area. Davey reevaluated the hazard trees in this area during their 2019 pedestrian surveys. Up to 357 off-ROW (i.e., outside legal easement) hazard trees were identified.

Terrestrial habitat plant types include mixed conifer, oak, and montane white alder. The project area also includes some montane riparian areas, though tree removal activity will avoid impact to riparian areas. Hazard trees species are predominantly comprised of Douglas fir at 89% followed by mixed pine and oak species, each at 5%. Maple and poplar make up 1% of the total species composition. Off-ROW trees are located between 1-foot and 101-feet from the ROW boundary. Tree heights range from 26-feet to 173-feet with a diameter at breast height (dbh) ranging from 3-inches to 51-inches.

Trees are planned to be removed in late 2020 and early 2021, concluding no later than February 1, 2021 to avoid spotted owl breeding and nesting season. Any remaining trees will be removed after spotted owl breeding and nesting season on August 1, 2021.

The objective of the WAPA vegetation management program is to eliminate vegetation-related power outages or contacts while maintaining a commitment to environmental stewardship. Several standard operating procedures and project conservation measures described below in the NEPA attachment sheet will guide the proposed work and be implemented during the project to ensure resources are protected to the maximum extent possible.

Map(s)

See attached Maps

Figures(s)

See attached Figures

Work Order Number – 100153025

To be completed by WAPA Environment Staff Only

Action taken

Note: All Documentation is Attached

Categorical Exclusion (CX)

Environmental Assessment (EA)

Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)

Other Determinations:

Integral Elements

NEPA Attachment Sheet

Environmental Requirements/Mitigation

Maps/Figures

Determination: Based on my review of information provided to me concerning the proposed action as NEPA Compliance Officer, I have determined that the proposed action meets the requirements for the categorical exclusion listed above. Therefore, I have determined that the proposed action may be categorically excluded from further NEPA review and documentation.

Latisha M. Saare Digitally signed by Latisha M. Saare
Date: 2020.09.24 09:22:05 -07'00'

Latisha Saare, Environment Manager

9/24/20

Date Approved

bcc:	File Code:	Assigned to: Kristen Dalldorf	Project #: 100153025	Environmental Specialist– Date: Kristen Dalldorf 9/30/20
Western Area Power Administration Sierra Nevada Region		CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION (CX) DETERMINATION		Project Number 100153025

Integral Elements

Project Title: Trinity Off-ROW Tree Removal 2020/2021

Category of Action:

B1.3: Routine maintenance

Routine maintenance activities and custodial services for buildings, structures, rights-of-way, infrastructures (including, but not limited to, pathways, roads, and railroads), vehicles and equipment, and localized vegetation and pest control, during which operations may be suspended and resumed, provided that the activities would be conducted in a manner in accordance with applicable requirements. Custodial services are activities to preserve facility appearance, working conditions, and sanitation (such as cleaning, window washing, lawn mowing, trash collection, painting, and snow removal). Routine maintenance activities, corrective (that is, repair), preventive, and predictive, are required to maintain and preserve buildings, structures, infrastructures, and equipment in a condition suitable for a facility to be used for its designated purpose. Such maintenance may occur as a result of severe weather (such as hurricanes, floods, and tornados), wildfires, and other such events. Routine maintenance may result in replacement to the extent that replacement is in-kind and is not a substantial upgrade or improvement. In-kind replacement includes installation of new components to replace outmoded components, provided that the replacement does not result in a significant change in the expected useful life, design capacity, or function of the facility. Routine maintenance does not include replacement of a major component that significantly extends the originally intended useful life of a facility (for example, it does not include the replacement of a reactor vessel near the end of its useful life). Routine maintenance activities include, but are not limited to: (a) Repair or replacement of facility equipment, such as lathes, mills, pumps, and presses; (b) Door and window repair or replacement; (c) Wall, ceiling, or floor repair or replacement; (d) Reroofing; (e) Plumbing, electrical utility, lighting, and telephone service repair or replacement; (f) Routine replacement of high-efficiency particulate air filters; (g) Inspection and/or treatment of currently installed utility poles; (h) Repair of road embankments; (i) Repair or replacement of fire protection sprinkler systems; (j) Road and parking area resurfacing, including construction of temporary access to facilitate resurfacing, and scraping and grading of unpaved surfaces; (k) Erosion control and soil stabilization measures (such as reseeding, gabions, grading, and revegetation); (l) Surveillance and maintenance of surplus facilities in accordance with DOE Order 435.1, “Radioactive Waste Management,” or its successor; (m) Repair and maintenance of transmission facilities, such as replacement of conductors of the same nominal voltage, poles, circuit breakers, transformers, capacitors, crossarms, insulators, and downed powerlines, in accordance, where appropriate, with 40 CFR part 761 (Polychlorinated Biphenyls Manufacturing, Processing,

Distribution in Commerce, and Use Prohibitions) or its successor; (n) Routine testing and calibration of facility components, subsystems, or portable equipment (such as control valves, in-core monitoring devices, transformers, capacitors, monitoring wells, lysimeters, weather stations, and flumes); (o) Routine decontamination of the surfaces of equipment, rooms, hot cells, or other interior surfaces of buildings (by such activities as wiping with rags, using strippable latex, and minor vacuuming), and removal of contaminated intact equipment and other material (not including spent nuclear fuel or special nuclear material in nuclear reactors); and (p) Removal of debris.

Regulatory Requirements for a Categorical Exclusion Determination: The Department of Energy (DOE), National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) Implementing Procedures, 10 CFR 1021.410(b) require the following determinations be made in order for a proposed action to be categorically excluded (see full text in regulation).

1. The proposed action fits within a class of action listed in Appendices A and B to Subpart D. For classes of actions listed in Appendix B, the following conditions are integral elements; i.e., to fit within a class, the proposal must not:
 - a. Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit requirements for environment, safety, and health, including requirements of DOE and/or Executive Orders;
 - b. Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities, but may include categorically excluded facilities;
 - c. Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that preexist in the environment such that there would be uncontrolled or un-permitted releases; or
 - d. Have the potential to cause significant impacts on environmentally sensitive resources, including, but not limited to, those listed in paragraph B(4) of 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D, Appendix B;
 - e. Involve genetically engineered organisms, synthetic biology, governmentally designated noxious weeds, or invasive species, unless the proposed activity would be contained or confined in a manner designed and operated to prevent unauthorized release into the environment and conducted in accordance with applicable requirements, such as those listed in paragraph B(5) of 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D, Appendix B.

2. There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the proposal which may affect the significance of the environmental effects of the proposal;
3. The proposal has not been segmented to meet the definition of a categorical exclusion. The proposal is not connected to other actions with individually insignificant but cumulatively significant impacts (40 CFR 1508.27(b)(7)), and is not precluded by 40 CFR 1506.1 or 10 CFR 1021.211 concerning limitations on actions requiring preparation of an environmental impact statement.

Results of Review: In accordance with DOE environmental regulations (10 CFR 1021), WAPA has reviewed the proposed action in terms of the level of NEPA review needed. Based on this review, WAPA has determined the proposal is encompassed within a class of action listed in Appendix B to Subpart D (10 CFR 1021.410) which do not require preparation of either an environmental impact statement (EIS) or an environmental assessment (EA).

The proposed action fits within the specified class(es) of action, the other regulatory requirements set forth above are met, and the proposed action is hereby categorically excluded from further NEPA review.



**Western Area Power Administration,
SIERRA NEVADA REGION
NEPA Attachment Sheet**

Project Number
100153025

PROJECT TITLE:

	Trinity Off-ROW Hazard Tree Removal 2020/2021
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AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT

	The project occurs in Trinity County, California along 17.5 miles of three transmission lines between the town of Weaverville, Trinity Reservoir, and the Trinity/Shasta County line. Project area elevation ranges from 1,800-feet to 4,250-feet. The vegetation type is predominantly mixed conifer.
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REVIEW ACTION

	The potential impact of off-ROW hazard tree removal on environmental and cultural resources were analyzed. The results of the analyses are detailed below.
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CULTURAL AND HISTORIC RESULTS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	This action involves the cutting of danger trees. All trees will be cut manually and left in place.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Consultation on this project was completed on: Not required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	This action is covered by WAPA's Programmatic Agreement, "Programmatic Agreement Among the Western Area Power Administration, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, and the California State Historic Preservation Officer Concerning Emergency and Routine Maintenance Activities and Other Routine Activities at WAPA Facilities in California," revised March, 2010. Appendix B I.B. (8),
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mitigation required: None
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Include in WAPA's annual report
	<p>Specific cultural restrictions are detailed below:</p> <p>Contractor will be required to use manual methods only. Trees are to be dropped in place. Trees are not to be dragged. Rubber-tired vehicles only in vicinity. Some historic resources will be flagged and an archaeological monitor may be on site in certain locations. No mastication equipment allowed.</p> <p><u>TNI-WEA: TNI-WEA is sensitive for archaeological sites. Spans highlighted in red are within or near the vicinity of two separate historic mining ditches. Ditches need to be flagged and/or an archaeological monitor on site. Not all spans are within the mining ditches themselves.</u></p> <p>0/3-0/4: 6 trees 0/4-0/5: 6 trees 0/5-0/6: 5 trees 0/7-0/8: 2 trees 0/8-0/9: 11 trees 1/1-1/2: 1 tree 1/4-1/5: 6 trees 1/8-1/9: 1 tree 1/9-1/10: 1 tree 1/10-1/11: 2 trees 1/12-1/13: 2 trees</p>

1/13-1/4: 1 tree
1/17-2/1: 3 trees
2/1-2/2: 2 trees
2/9-2/10: 2 trees
2/12-2/13: 1 tree
2/17-2/18: 6 trees
3/1-3/2: 2 trees
3/9-3/10: 1 tree
3/11-3/12: 2 trees
3/15-3/16: 1 tree
3/16-4/1: 3 trees
4/1-4/2: 1 tree
4/4-4/5: 5 trees-Surveyed No Sites (SNS)
4/6-4/7: 2 trees Surveyed No Sites
4/8-4/9: 3 trees Surveyed No Sites
4/9-4/10: 2 trees surveyed No Sites
4/14-4/15: 1 tree Surveyed No Sites
5/3-5/4: 2 trees Not Surveyed (NS)
5/4-5/5: 2 trees Not Surveyed
5/5-5/6: 8 trees Not Surveyed
5/6-5/7: 4 trees Not Surveyed
5/7-5/8: 1 tree Not Surveyed
5/10-5/11: 1 tree Not Surveyed
5/13-5/14: 5 trees Not Surveyed
5/14-6/1: 2 trees Not Surveyed
6/1-6/2: 3 trees
6/2-6/3: 1 tree
6/3-6/4: 5 trees SNS-Sensitive for undetected mining sites
6/4-6/5: 4 trees SNS
6/5-6/6: 1 tree SNS
6/8-6/9: 3 trees SNS
6/11-6/12: 1 tree SNS
7/2-7/3: 2 trees SNS
7/4-7/5: 1 tree SNS
7/6-7/7: 1 tree SNS
7/14-7/15: 1 tree SNS
8/5-8/6: 1 tree SNS
8/6-8/7: 2 trees SNS
8/7-8/8: 3 trees SNS
8/10-8/11: 4 trees SNS
8/13-8/14: 3 trees SNS
8/14-8/15: 1 tree SNS
8/15-8/16: 1 tree SNS
8/16-8/17: 3 trees SNS
8/17-9/1: 4 trees SNS
9/2-9/3: 1 tree SNS
9/7-9/8: 5 trees SNS
9/8-9/9: 6 trees SNS
9/13-9/14: 1 tree SNS
9/14-9/15: 11 trees SNS
10/1-10/2: 1 tree NS
10/2-10/3: 4 trees NS
10/7-10/8: 1 tree NS
11/4-11/5: 1 tree NS
11/9-11/10: 1 tree NS
11/10-11/11: 16 trees NS

11/11-11/12: 1 tree NS
11/12-11/13: 3 trees NS
11/13-11/14: 1 tree NS
11/14-11/15: 13 trees SNS
11/16-11/17: 2 trees NS
12/1-12/1: 1 tree NS
12/3-12/4: 4 trees NS
12/4-12/5: 3 trees NS
12/5-12/6: 4 trees NS
12/9-12/10: 1 tree NS
12/15-12/16: 2 trees NS
13/1-13/2: 1 tree SNS
13/5-13/6: 1 tree SNS
13/9-13/10: 1 tree SNS
13/10-13/11: 1 tree SNS
13/14-13/15: 9 trees SNS
13/15-13/16: 4 trees SNS
13/16-13/17: 6 trees SNS
13/17-14/1: 1 tree SNS
14/4-14/5: 4 trees SNS
14/5-14/6: 1 tree SNS
14/6-14/7: 4 trees SNS
14/7-14/8: 10 trees SNS
14/8-14/9: 12 trees SNS
14/9-14/10: 1 tree SNS
14/10-14/11: 6 trees SNS
14/11-14/12: 4 trees SNS
14/12-14/13: 6 trees SNS
14/13-14/14: 7 trees SNS
14/14-14/15: 7 trees NS
14/15-14/16: 6 trees NS

15/1-15/2: 8 trees Historic Mining Site

15/2-15/3: 4 trees Historic Mining Site

15/4-TOS: 3 trees Historic Mining Site

Lewiston Tap (LWN-LWNT) 60kv: No cultural concerns-Low sensitivity: ROW was surveyed no sites in ROW

0/3-0/4: 2 trees

0/12-0/13: 2 trees

0/13-0/14: 1 tree

Trinity-Carr (TNY-CAR) 230kv: Potentially sensitive for cultural resources.

0/2-0/3: 3 trees

0/5-1/1: 7 trees

1/1-1/2: 1 tree

1/2-1/3: 2 trees

2/4-3/1: 1 tree

3/2-3/3: 5 trees

4/1-4/2: 3 trees NS

4/2-4/3: 3 trees NS

4/3-4/4: 14 trees NS

4/4-4/5: 10 trees NS

4/5-5/1: 23 trees NS

5/3-6/1: 1 tree NS

BIOLOGICAL RESULTS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<p>Studies, conducted in order to evaluate potential impacts of the proposed project on special status species and/or their habitats, included background research to determine which special-status species and their habitats may occur within the project area and a review of habitat types in the project area. WAPA concluded the proposed project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect northern spotted owl and northern spotted owl critical habitat. WAPA submitted a biological evaluation to the Yreka USFWS office on July 9, 2020 and received a letter of concurrence on August 6, 2020.</p> <p>Required project conservation measures for migratory birds, special status species, and sensitive habitats are outlined below per span with detailed descriptions following:</p> <p><u>TNI-WEA</u></p> <p>0/3-0/4: 6 trees: MBTA (north), plants, waters, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, pallid bat, and western pond turtle</p> <p>0/4-0/5: 6 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, pallid bat, and goshawk</p> <p>0/5-0/6: 5 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat</p> <p>0/7-0/8: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, Oregon snowshoe hare, and pallid bat</p> <p>0/8-0/9: 11 trees: MBTA (north), plants, waters, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, Oregon snowshoe hare, goshawk, and pallid bat</p> <p>1/1-1/2: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat</p> <p>1/4-1/5: 6 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat</p> <p>1/8-1/9: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat</p> <p>1/9-1/10: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, waters, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, Oregon snowshoe hare, goshawk, and pallid bat</p> <p>1/10-1/11: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, waters, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, goshawk, and pallid bat</p> <p>1/12-1/13: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat</p> <p>1/13-1/14: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat</p> <p>1/17-2/1: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl</p> <p>2/1-2/2: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl</p> <p>2/9-2/10: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl</p> <p>2/12-2/13: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl</p> <p>2/17-2/18: 6 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, Oregon snowshoe hare, and pallid bat</p> <p>3/1-3/2: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, Oregon snowshoe hare, goshawk, and pallid bat</p> <p>3/9-3/10: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, goshawk, and pallid bat</p> <p>3/11-3/12: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, goshawk, and pallid bat</p> <p>3/15-3/16: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, Oregon snowshoe hare, goshawk, and pallid bat</p>
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3/16-4/1: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, goshawk, and pallid bat

4/1-4/2: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

4/4-4/5: 5 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

4/6-4/7: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

4/8-4/9: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

4/9-4/10: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl

4/14-4/15: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl

5/3-5/4: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle

5/4-5/5: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle

5/5-5/6: 8 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, Pacific fisher USFS, goshawk, and pallid bat

5/6-5/7: 4 trees: MBTA (north), plants, waters, gray wolf, bald eagle, Pacific fisher USFS, goshawk, pallid bat, western pond turtle

5/7-5/8: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, waters, gray wolf, bald eagle, Pacific fisher USFS, goshawk, pallid bat, western pond turtle

5/10-5/11: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

5/13-5/14: 5 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

5/14-6/1: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

6/1-6/2: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

6/2-6/3: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, wetlands, waters, gray wolf

6/3-6/4: 5 trees: MBTA (north), plants, wetlands, waters, gray wolf

6/4-6/5: 4 trees: MBTA (north), plants, wetlands, waters, gray wolf

6/5-6/6: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, wetlands, waters, gray wolf

6/8-6/9: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, Pacific fisher USFS, goshawk, and pallid bat

6/11-6/12: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

7/2-7/3: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

7/4-7/5: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

7/6-7/7: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

7/14-7/15: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl

8/5-8/6: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

8/6-8/7: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

8/7-8/8: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

8/10-8/11: 4 trees: MBTA (north), plants, wetlands, waters, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

8/13-8/14: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

8/14-8/15: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, Oregon snowshoe hare, and pallid bat

8/15-8/16: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, Oregon snowshoe hare, and pallid bat

8/16-8/17: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, wetlands, waters, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, goshawk, pallid bat

8/17-9/1: 4 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, goshawk, pallid bat

9/2-9/3: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

9/7-9/8: 5 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

9/8-9/9: 6 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

9/13-9/14: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

9/14-9/15: 11 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

10/1-10/2: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

10/2-10/3: 4 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

10/7-10/8: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

11/4-11/5: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

11/9-11/10: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, wetlands, waters, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

11/10-11/11: 16 trees: MBTA (north), plants, wetlands, waters, gray wolf, northern spotted owl

11/11-11/12: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

11/12-11/13: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

11/13-11/14: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

11/14-11/15: 13 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

11/16-11/17: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

12/1-12/1: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl

12/3-12/4: 4 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

12/4-12/5: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

12/5-12/6: 4 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

12/9-12/10: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl

12/15-12/16: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl

13/1-13/2: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl

13/5-13/6: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

13/9-13/10: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

13/10-13/11: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, and pallid bat

13/14-13/15: 9 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

13/15-13/16: 4 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

13/16-13/17: 6 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

13/17-14/1: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

14/4-14/5: 4 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

14/5-14/6: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

14/6-14/7: 4 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

14/7-14/8: 10 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

14/8-14/9: 12 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

14/9-14/10: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

14/10-14/11: 6 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

14/11-14/12: 4 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

14/12-14/13: 6 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

14/13-14/14: 7 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

14/14-14/15: 7 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

14/15-14/16: 6 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, Oregon snowshoe hare, long-eared myotis, and pallid bat

15/1-15/2: 8 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

15/2-15/3: 4 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

15/4-TOS: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf

Lewiston Tap (LWN-LWNT) 60kv:

0/3-0/4: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis

0/12-0/13: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS

0/13-0/14: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, gray wolf, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS

Trinity-Carr (TNY-CAR) 230kv:

0/2-0/3: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, wetlands, waters, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, western red bat

0/5-1/1: 7 trees: MBTA (north), plants, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS

1/1-1/2: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS

1/2-1/3: 2 trees: MBTA (north), plants, bald eagle, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS

2/4-3/1: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS

3/2-3/3: 5 trees: MBTA (north), plants, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS

4/1-4/2: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS

4/2-4/3: 3 trees: MBTA (north), plants, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, long-eared myotis

4/3-4/4: 14 trees: MBTA (north), plants, long-eared myotis, fringed myotis

4/4-4/5: 10 trees: MBTA (north), plants, long-eared myotis, fringed myotis

4/5-5/1: 23 trees: MBTA (north), plants, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, fringed myotis, long-eared myotis

5/3-6/1: 1 tree: MBTA (north), plants, northern spotted owl, Pacific fisher USFS, fringed myotis, long-eared myotis

5/3-6/1:

MBTA (Migratory Bird Treaty Act): If planned activities occur between January 1 and September 15, nesting bird surveys will be required prior to project activities. If a nest is detected, an appropriate buffer will be marked in which all O&M activities and herbicide applications will be prohibited from January 1 to September 15 or until nestlings have fledged. A standard nest buffer of 50 feet will be used, unless otherwise indicated by the surveying biologist. A standard buffer of 250 feet will be used for raptor nests, unless otherwise indicated by the surveying biologist. Nesting surveys can be conducted up to 3 weeks prior to Project activities. Please notify WAPA a minimum of 2 weeks in advance to schedule nesting surveys.

Northern spotted owl: From February 1 to July 31, herbicide application (with the exception of direct application), tree removal, and any noisy or disturbing O&M activities (e.g., chain saw, mechanical chipper) will be prohibited. O&M activities that only require the use of hand tools and pickup trucks are allowable within this time frame.

If O&M activities need to be conducted between February 1 and July 31, a Service-approved biologist will conduct protocol nest surveys using methods described in CDFG 1992 (or the most current survey protocol) under guidance of USFWS. If a nest is detected, the USFWS will be contacted for further guidance.

Northern goshawk: From February 15 to August 15 herbicide application (with the exception of direct application), tree removal, and noisy or disturbing O&M activities (e.g., chain saws, mechanical chippers) will be prohibited or a qualified biologist will conduct nest surveys using methods described in USDA 2005. If a nest is detected, a qualified biologist will mark and monitor an appropriate buffer zone around the nest within which all O&M activities and herbicide applications will be prohibited from February 15 to August 15.

Bald Eagle: From February 1 to August 15 herbicide application or noisy or disturbing O&M activities (e.g. power saws, mechanical chippers) will be prohibited anywhere that bald eagles are known to nest or a qualified biologist will conduct nesting surveys using methods described in Jackman and Jenkins 2004. If a nest is detected, all herbicide application and O&M activities will be prohibited at a distance determined by the qualified biologist, based on topography and/or other environmental considerations.

Western pond turtle: From April 15 to July 15, a qualified biologist will survey within 400 feet of a permanent pond, lake, creek, river, or slough if any ground-disturbing activity that could affect the bed, bank, or water quality of any of these features is proposed. If adult or juvenile pond turtles are present, a qualified biologist will monitor project activities to ensure that turtles are not harmed. If the biologist determines that turtle nests could be adversely affected, then nesting areas will be avoided between June 1 and October 31. Water features will be avoided.

Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle (VELB): Prior to initiating vegetation clearance in the Central Valley below 3,000 feet with elderberry plants present, qualified personnel will clearly flag or fence each elderberry plant that has a stem measuring one inch or greater in diameter at ground level. If an elderberry plant meeting this criterion is present:

A minimum buffer zone of 20 feet outside of the dripline of each elderberry plant will be provided during all routine O&M activities, within which only manual methods for vegetation clearing will be allowed.

No insecticides, herbicides, fertilizers, or other chemicals will be used within 100 feet of an elderberry plant, except direct application to target vegetation (e.g. injection or cut-stump). Trimming, rather than removal of shrubs, will be used where feasible. Directional felling of trees and manual cutting of trees prior to removal will be used to minimize impacts to elderberries.

Pacific fisher: Between February 1 and August 1, off-road vehicle travel and activity will be avoided to the extent possible. If off-road travel or ground disturbance is required in potential fisher habitat (closed canopy, old-growth forests) at any time of year, disturbance to existing downfall, snags, downed trees/logs, and stumps will be minimized. Existing snags, downfall, and stumps will never be moved or removed unless they are a specific safety concern.

Gray wolf: Between January 1 and August 31, off-road vehicle travel and activity will be avoided to the extent possible. If off-road travel or ground disturbance is required in potential gray wolf habitat, a qualified biologist will conduct a survey to determine if dens are present. If dens are present, then activities will be avoided by a buffer determined by WAPA's biologist.

Oregon snowshoe hare: Off-road travel will be minimized. Vehicle speeds will not exceed 15 mph on access and maintenance roads and 10 mph on unimproved access routes.

Bats: Noisy or disturbing O&M activities (e.g., power saws, mechanical chippers) will be minimized in the vicinity of caves, mine tunnels, and rock outcrops.

Snags and live trees will be left standing to the maximum extent possible.

Plants: Vehicle access will be permitted only on well-established roads during the bloom season until the site has been cleared by a qualified biologist. All vehicles will have rubber tires. Off-road travel will be avoided to the extent possible.

During the blooming season (February – September), activities require a survey by a qualified biologist to flag existing plant populations or clear the site if the site is located in an area where a sensitive plant population has the potential to occur. The table below identifies the plants that must be surveyed for during specific time periods for each applicable tower range. If botanical surveys and/or marking of sensitive plant populations are required, please notify WAPA at least 2 weeks in advance.

Tower Range	Common Name	Scientific Name	Habitat	Bloom Season
MLN-RDM 54/3-57-1 62/2-63/4	Long-haired star-tulip	<i>Calochortus longebarbatus</i> var. <i>longebarbatus</i>	Clay, mesic. Great Basin scrub, lower montane coniferous forest (openings and drainages), meadows, seeps, vernal pools.	June - August
MLN-RDM 62/2-64/5	Klamath fawn lily	<i>Erythronium klamathense</i>	Meadows and seeps and upper montane coniferous forests at elevations between 1200 and 1850 feet.	April - July
MLN-RDM 70/10-74/3	Canyon Creek stonecrop	<i>Sedum obtusatum</i> ssp. <i>paradisum</i>	Chaparral, subalpine forest, yellow pine forest, mixed evergreen forest	May-June
MLN-RDM 75/3-77/3	Northern clarkia	<i>Clarkia borealis</i> ssp. <i>borealis</i>	Chaparral, cismontane woodland, lower montane coniferous forest; elevation 400 – 1,340 meters.	June - September
MLN-RDM 80/2-88/4	English Peak greenbriar	<i>Smilax jamesii</i>	Streambanks, wetlands, and lake edges in coniferous forest	May - July
MLN-RDM 80/4-88/4	Butte County morning glory	<i>Calystegia atriplicifolia</i> ssp. <i>buttensis</i>	Dry, rocky places in open (yellow pine) forest, chaparral	May - July

If vegetation-management activities are proposed during the blooming season, a qualified biologist will mark special status plant populations (including a 50-foot buffer zone) prior to O&M activity. Within 100 feet of the marked area, the following work area limits will be provide: 1) only manual clearing of vegetation will be allowed within 50 feet of the edge of the flagged area, and 2) mechanical treatment of all kinds (including mowers, tractors, chippers, dozers) will be prohibited.

Herbicide will be prohibited at all times with the exception of direct application to target vegetation.

Wetlands: Restrictions for seasonal wetlands (including vernal pools and vernal pool grasslands) include:

Vehicle access will only be permitted on well-established roads unless soils are dry. Soils will be considered sufficiently dry for vehicle access when they resist compaction, and after annual plants have set seed (generally June 1 to September 30, or as determined by a qualified biologist based on personal observation of the soils).

When feasible, all maintenance activities will be routed around wet areas while ensuring that the route does not cross sensitive resource areas.

If vegetation management activities are proposed within 250 feet of a seasonal wetland a biological monitor will be present and/or a qualified biologist will clearly mark the limits of the feature(s) or appropriate buffers. A qualified biologist will clearly flag a 50 foot buffer around all seasonal wetland features if work is proposed during the wet season (generally October 1 to May 31) or flag the feature if work is proposed during the dry season (generally June 1 to September 30).

Mixing or application of pesticides, herbicides, or other potentially toxic chemicals will be prohibited within 250 feet of seasonal wetland features.

Herbicide application to target vegetation by direct application methods (e.g. injection or cut-stump treatment) will be prohibited within 50 feet of wetland features in the wet season and allowed up to the edge of the wetland feature during the dry season.

Herbicide application by basal spray and foliage spray methods will be prohibited within 100 feet of wetland features in any season.

Manual clearing of vegetation (chainsaw, axe, clippers) will be allowed up to the edge of the pool or seasonal wetland in the wet season; a buffer will not be necessary in the dry season.

Mechanical clearing of vegetation (heavy-duty mowers, crawler tractors, or chippers) will be prohibited within 100 feet in the wet season; a buffer will not be necessary in the dry season.

All equipment will be stored, fueled, and maintained in a vehicle staging area 300 feet or the maximum distance possible from any vernal pool, vernal pool grassland, or seasonal wetland, and no closer than 200 feet unless a bermed (no ground disturbance) and lined refueling area is constructed and hazardous material absorbent pads are available in the event of a spill.

Vehicles will be inspected daily for fluid leaks before leaving the staging area.

Waters (Seep, Spring, Pond, Lake, River, Stream, and Marsh): The following activities will be prohibited at all times within 100 feet of a seep, spring, pond, lake, river, stream, or marsh, and their associated habitats:

- Vehicle access, except on existing access and maintenance roads
- Dumping, stockpiling, or burying of any material

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Mixing of pesticides, herbicides, or other potentially toxic chemicals ▪ Open petroleum products <p>Equipment will be stored, fueled, and maintained in a vehicle staging area 300 feet or the maximum distance possible from any seep, spring, pond, lake, river, stream, marsh, or their associated habitats. Vehicles will be inspected daily for fluid leaks before leaving resource area.</p> <p>For vegetation management or maintenance within 100 feet of any seep, spring, pond, lake, river, stream, or marsh, or any of their associated habitats, the following work-area limits will be provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Only manual-clearing of vegetation will be permitted ▪ Basal and foliar application of herbicides will be prohibited. Only direct application treatments (e.g. injection and cut-stump) of target vegetation will be allowed using herbicide approved for aquatic use by the U.S. EPA and in coordination with the appropriate federal land manager <p>When feasible, all maintenance activities will be routed around wet areas while ensuring that the route does not cross sensitive resource areas.</p>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mitigation required: Not required

COMPLIANCE RESULTS

<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Recycled Materials Quantities: All materials generated from the project that can be recycled, shall be recycled. Submit quantities of all recycled material by category to the COR within 30 days of recycling and prior to submittal of final invoice. Record quantities of material by category that is salvaged, recycled, reused, or reprocessed.</p>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Disposal of Waste Material: Dispose or recycle waste material in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and local regulations and ordinances. Coordinate with COR regarding sampling and signatures on manifests for wastes materials if required. Submit quantities of total project waste material disposal as listed below to the COR prior to submittal of final invoice.</p> <p>(1) Unregulated Wastes (i.e., trash): Volume in cubic yards or weight in pounds.</p> <p>(2) Hazardous or Universal Wastes: Weight in pounds.</p> <p>(3) PCB Wastes (If applicable): Weight in pounds.</p> <p>(4) Other regulated wastes (e.g., lead-based paint or asbestos): Weight in pounds (specify type of waste in report).</p>

<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Pollutant Spill Prevention, Notification, and Cleanup: The Spill Prevention, Notification, and Cleanup Plan is expected to be a brief description of the measures taken by the contractor to prevent spills, to notify in the event of a spill, to train personnel, and to describe the company's commitment of manpower, equipment, and material which would be mobilized in the event of a spill. The plan should describe those elements in proportion to the risks posed by the project. This not intended to be the Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasures Plan, as specified in 40 CFR 112. Those plans are required by law for facilities with ≥ 1320 gallons of oil storage.</p>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<p>Prevention of Air Pollution: Federal law requires the protection of air quality under the Clean Air Act. All activities on this project shall be compliant with Federal, State, and local regulations. In particular, California Air Resources Board regulations apply to diesel equipment and trucks as well as fleets of large spark ignition equipment.</p>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<p>Conformity Appendix B: Since the cited categorical exclusion is listed in Appendix B to 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D a general conformity review is required for this project, pursuant to Clean Air Act General Conformity Requirements and the National Environmental Policy Act Process guidance document published by Department of Energy in April, 2000.</p> <p>The project is proposed in Trinity County. According to the EPA Green-Book website listing of nonattainment areas for criteria pollutants, all three of these counties are in attainment with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). Therefore, no conformity determination will be required for this project.</p>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<p>Air Quality Standard Operating Procedures: The following standard operating procedures are from part of the North Area Right of Way Environmental Assessment, and are standard procedures for WAPA in the North zone for SN:</p> <p><u>AQ-SOP-1:</u> WAPA will adhere to all applicable requirements of those agencies having jurisdiction over air quality matters, and any necessary permits for O&M will be obtained.</p> <p><u>AQ-SOP-2:</u> Machinery and vehicles will be kept in good operating condition and older equipment will be replaced with equipment meeting applicable emission standards; appropriate emissions-control equipment will be maintained for vehicles and equipment, per California, EPA and WAPA air-emission requirements.</p> <p><u>AQ-SOP-3:</u> Idle equipment will be shut down when not in active use.</p> <p><u>AQ-SOP-4:</u> Dust-control measures will be implemented as needed. Trucks transporting loose material will be covered or maintain at least two feet of freeboard and will not create any visible dust emissions.</p> <p><u>AQ-SOP-5:</u> There will be no open burning of construction trash.</p> <p><u>AQ-SOP-6:</u> Grading activities will cease during periods of high winds (as determined by local air quality management districts).</p> <p><u>AQ-SOP-7:</u> Major operations will be avoided on days when the local Air Quality Index is expected to exceed 150.</p> <p><u>AQ-SOP-8:</u> Dust control measures such as water or chemical suppressants will be used if needed.</p> <p><u>AQ-SOP-9:</u> Re-seeding of ground surfaces that have been significantly disturbed to prevent wind dispersion of soil;</p> <p><u>AQ-SOP-10:</u> Project will incorporate regular watering of exposed soils and unpaved access roads during ROW maintenance activities.</p>

<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Prevention of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: Federal law requires the reporting of emissions under the Greenhouse Gas Regulation 40CFR98. All emissions of sulfur hexafluoride on this project shall be reported to Environment. Installation and maintenance of equipment containing sulfur hexafluoride or any other greenhouse gas shall be in accordance with management practices designed to eliminate emissions.</p>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Prevention of Water Pollution: Federal law requires the protection of water quality under the Clean Air Act. The project is exempt from the General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction and Land Disturbance Activities issued by the California State Water Board because it consists of routine maintenance activities in an existing right of way, and because the proposed staging areas occurring outside that existing right of way measure collectively less than one acre. Construction activities must therefore remain strictly within the boundaries specified in the plans in order to qualify for this exemption. Best management practices will be used to control runoff from the project areas.</p>

MITIGATION

<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Other Mitigation: Not Required</p>
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Western Area Power Administration Sierra Nevada Region	Environmental Requirements for the Trinity Off-ROW Hazard Tree Removal 2020/2021	Project Number 100153025
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ITEMS CHECKED ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

General

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918, migratory bird species and their nests and eggs are protected from injury or death. Impacts to migratory bird nests shall be avoided during the nesting season (January 1 to September 15). If project activities occur during the nesting season, WAPA will survey the project area for migratory bird nests prior to project activities and establish appropriate buffers around any active nests that may potentially be disturbed. If work must be conducted within these buffers, a WAPA supplied biological monitor will be on site for project activities within the buffers. If the biological monitor determines that activities are likely to cause nest impacts or nest abandonment, then project activities in the area shall be postponed or adjusted until nestlings have fledged, the nest is no longer active, or the activities are not likely to cause nest impacts or nest abandonment.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Routine maintenance activities will be avoided from mid-March through mid-June in the vicinity of structures.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Road maintenance operations will be conducted to minimize soil erosion. The United States Forest Service's Best Management Practices, Forest Practices, and Forest Practices Rules of the California Department of Forestry will be implemented where practical.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Culverts will be sized to match storms that may occur during the life of the road to minimize the potential for access road washouts under high intensity storms.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Excavated material will not be stock piled or deposited on or near stream banks, lake shorelines, or other water course perimeters where they could be washed away by high water or storm run-off or could significantly impact the water course.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Vegetative management plans will be followed as appropriate.
<input type="checkbox"/>	In areas where excavation is not required, vegetation will be left in place whenever possible and original contours maintained in an undisturbed condition.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Habitat diversity will be maintained to the greatest extent feasible.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Brush blades will be used on bulldozers in clearing operations where such use will help preserve the cover crop of grass, low-growing brush, etc.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Dispose of all cleared vegetation in an appropriate manner subject to landowner requests.
<input type="checkbox"/>	The biologist will determine whether a sensitive habitat is present at the maintenance site. If special status species are identified in the area, maintenance will receive approval from Environment prior to initiating any maintenance.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Environment will be contacted immediately: a. If there is a "take" of a special status species or action affecting their critical habitat, and/or b. If archeological, paleontological, or historic evidence is found.
<input type="checkbox"/>	No paint or permanent discoloring agents will be applied to rocks or vegetation.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	If used, survey stakes will be removed as a part of the final clean up.
<input type="checkbox"/>	All work on access and maintenance roads must stay within the existing prism of the roads.

Threatened and Endangered Species

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Federal law prohibits the taking of endangered, threatened, proposed or candidate wildlife and plants, and destruction or adverse modification of designated Critical Habitat. Federal law also prohibits the taking of birds protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. "Take" means to pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture or collect a protected animal or any part thereof, or attempt to do any of those things.
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☒	<p>Known Occurrence of Protected Species or Habitat: Following issuance of the notice to proceed, and prior to the start of construction, WAPA will provide training to all contractor and subcontractor personnel involved in the construction activity. Untrained personnel shall not be allowed in the construction area. WAPA will provide two sets of drawings showing known sensitive areas located on or immediately adjacent to the transmission line right-of-way and/or facility. These areas shall be considered avoidance areas. Prior to any construction activity, the avoidance areas shall be marked on the ground in a manner approved by the COR. If access is absolutely necessary, the contractor shall first obtain permission from the COR, noting that a WAPA and/or other government or tribal agency biologist may be required to accompany personnel and equipment. Ground markings shall be maintained through the duration of the contract. WAPA will remove the markings during or following final inspection of the project.</p>
☒	<p>Unknown Occurrence of Protected Species or Habitat: If evidence of a protected species is found in the project area, the contractor shall immediately notify the COR and provide the location and nature of the findings. The contractor shall stop all activity in the vicinity of the protected species or habitat and not proceed until directed to do so by the COR.</p>
☒	<p>Prior to the start of project activities, all personnel will participate in environmental awareness training which will inform them of the sensitive habitats within the project area, the species that have the potential to occur in the project area, and the avoidance and minimization measures that are to be adhered to during project activities. Any new crew members that start after project activities have started will be given the environmental awareness training prior to starting work on site.</p>
☒	<p>General Mitigation/Avoidance Measures: The Contractor shall follow all species-specific conservation measures listed above as applicable to each site, in coordination with WAPA's Environmental Point of Contact (POC) and the COR.</p>

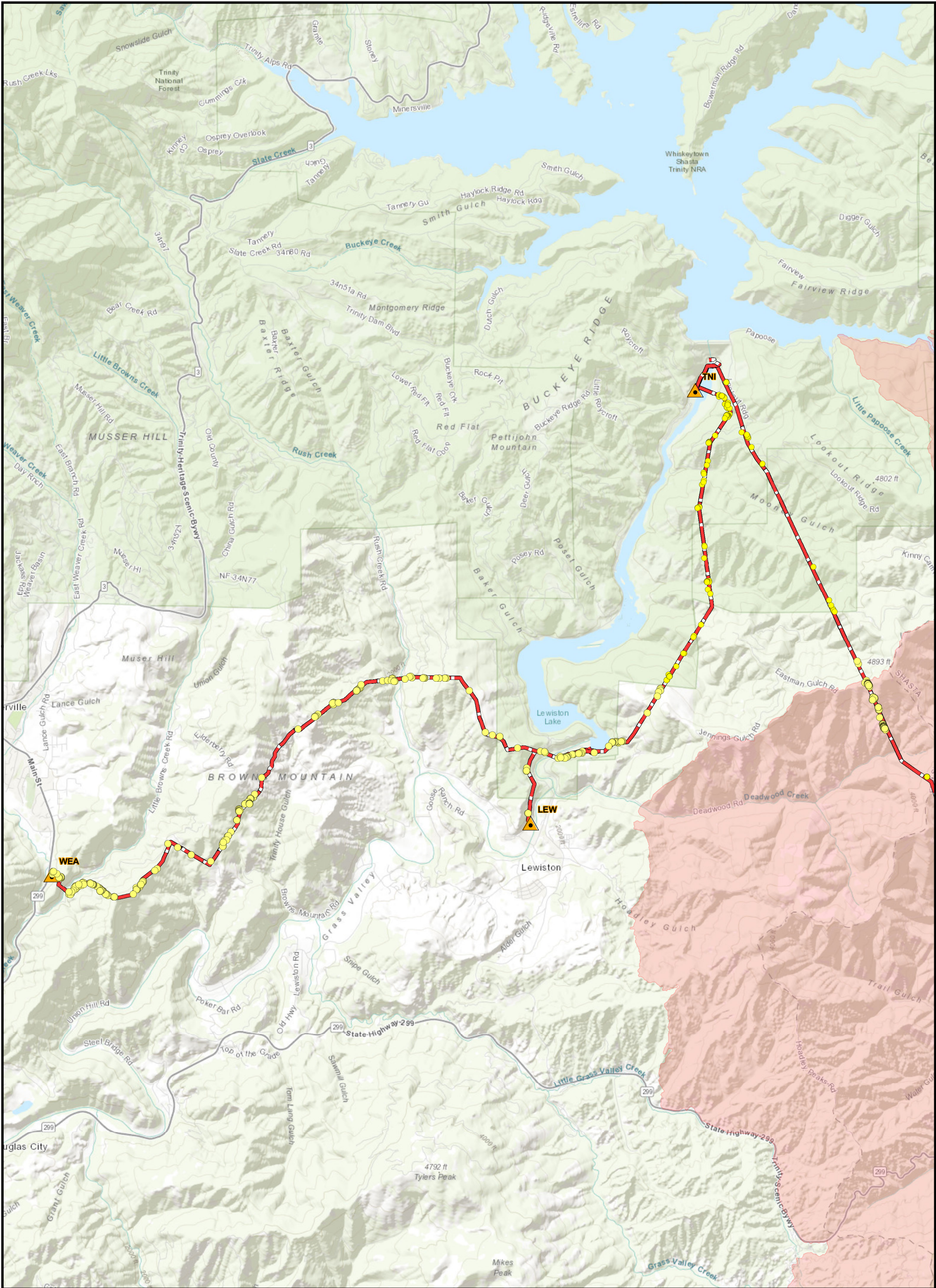
Perennial Streams and Rivers

☒	<p>The following activities will be prohibited at all times within 100 feet of a seep, spring, pond, lake, river, stream, or marsh, and their associated habitats:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vehicle access, except on existing access and maintenance roads, unless approved by Environment • Dumping, stockpiling, or burying of any material, except as required for specific O&M activities (e.g., rip-rap) • Mixing of pesticides, herbicides, or other potentially toxic chemicals • Open petroleum products <p>Equipment will be stored, fueled, and maintained in a vehicle staging area 300 feet or the maximum distance possible from any seep, spring, pond, lake, river, stream, marsh, or their associated habitats. Vehicles will be inspected daily for fluid leaks before leaving the staging area.</p>
☒	<p>All spills of fuel or hydraulic fluid would be immediately cleaned up according to WAPA's guidelines for hazardous material handling.</p>

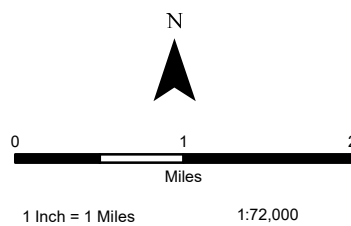
Compliance Regulatory Requirements

☒	<p>No violations of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit requirements for environment, safety, and health, including requirements of DOE and/or Executive Orders will be permitted.</p>
☒	<p>There will be no uncontrolled or un-permitted releases of hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or petroleum and natural gas products to avoid Adversely affecting environmentally sensitive resources.</p>
☒	<p>In the event of a Hazardous Material/Waste spill Environment and the COR will be contacted, dispatch notified, and the appropriate Federal, State, and local regulating authority notified depending on the type and size of the spill. (For further guidance, please see Environment.)</p>

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hazardous Materials/Waste on-site to consider: Fueling of equipment; in the right-of-way, place spill drip pans (or similar) below fueling areas, keep spill kit and tools available nearby to stop the flow of fuel spills, and have employees trained in spill response.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hazardous Materials/Waste need to be removed off site for disposal/recycling.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Piping and oil sampling required.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Material Analytical Data: See attached results for reference.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Erosion control measures to be taken to prevent sediment from reaching river.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Soil Sampling.



- Hazard Trees
- ▲ Substation
- Transmission Line
- 2018 Carr Fire Perimeter



This cartographic product and GIS data were prepared in accordance with professional practice standards. The data represented on this map has been developed from the best available sources. Although efforts have been made to ensure that the data is accurate and reliable, errors may be reflected in the data. Users must be aware of these conditions and bear responsibility for the appropriate use of this map. The data on this map is for reference use only.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
 WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION
 SIERRA NEVADA REGION - FOLSOM, CALIFORNIA

INTEGRATED VEGETATION MANAGEMENT
 CALIFORNIA
 190803-ROW Trinity Off ROW CY19

Designed: SNR GIS Approved: _____
 Manager Title