



In-Pile Sensor Fabrication by Advanced Manufacturing

**Advanced Sensors and
Instrumentation
Annual Webinar
October 30, 2019**

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Presenter Kiyoo Fujimoto, **INL, BSU**

Project Overview

- **Goal:** To enable the production of novel sensor designs for *in-pile sensors* and instrumentation by utilizing advanced manufacturing techniques.
- **FY19 objective:**
 - Develop new plasma printing technology to print a variety of sensor materials for test reactors
 - neutron flux, mechanical strain, thermal conductivity and peak temperatures
 - To use combinatorial materials science to expedite the development of radiation hardened sensor materials.
- **Participants (2019)**
 - Michael McMurtrey, INL
 - Kiyoo Fujimoto, INL, BSU
 - Kunal Mondal, INL
 - Joseph Bass, INL
 - Dave Estrada, BSU
 - Austin Biaggne, BSU
 - Lan Li, BSU
 - Yanliang Zhang, ND
 - Nicholas Kempf, ND

Project Overview

Three activities working together to achieve project objectives:

- **Process control and sensor fabrication (INL, BSU)**
 - *Refine advanced manufacturing processing parameters to create robust and reliable sensors (minimal voids/defects, good adhesion to the substrates).*
 - *Develop advanced manufacturing capabilities for sensor fabrication*
- **Ink and feedstock synthesis (INL, BSU)**
 - *Ink/feedstock development and characterization to enable the fabrication sensors/instrumentation with advanced manufacturing techniques.*
- **Combinatorial Materials Science (INL, ND)**
 - *Develop combinatorial materials science methods for the rapid screening of materials for use in instrumentation such as strain gauges and thermocouples.*



Accomplishments

- Plasma jet printer sensor fabrication with process parameters optimized by simulation input: *Report submitted 9/30/19*
- Demonstrate the fabrication of passive neutron dosimeters for in-pile applications using advanced manufacturing: *Report submitted 5/23/19*
- Finalize recipes and procedures for synthesis of iron, cobalt, zinc, tungsten and indium nano-particle inks: *Report submitted 6/20/19*
- Develop molybdenum, niobium and platinum inks compatible with plasma jet printing: *Report submitted 12/20/18*
- Examine radiation effects on sensor material composition using ion irradiations and high-throughput combinatorial material testing: *Report submitted 9/30/19*
- Complete scanning probe system to perform electrical conductivity and thermal conductivity combinatorial material studies: *Report submitted 1/31/19*

Process Control and
Sensor Fabrication

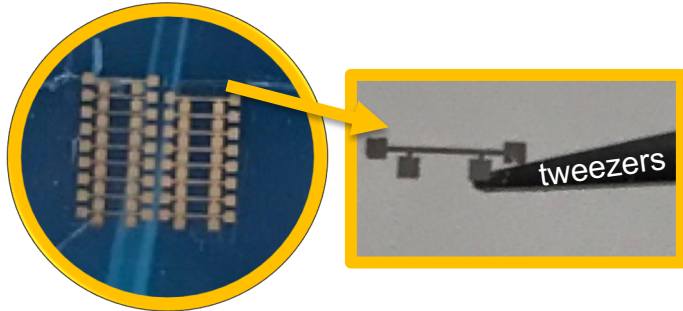
Ink and Feedstock
Development

Combinatorial
Materials Science

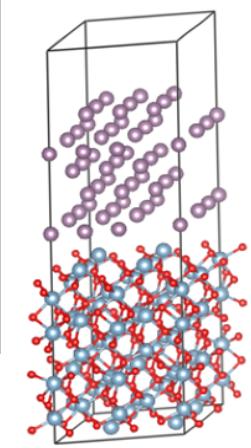
Accomplishments: Aerosol and Plasma Jet Printing

Process control

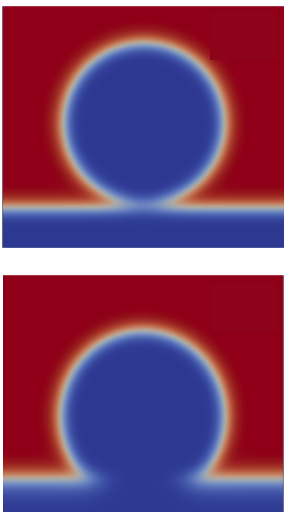
- *Density functional theory (DFT) and ab-initio molecular dynamics used for atomic scale, phase field used for actual scale*
- *Input from modelling/simulation to inform experimental process parameters to improve sensor robustness and materials studies*



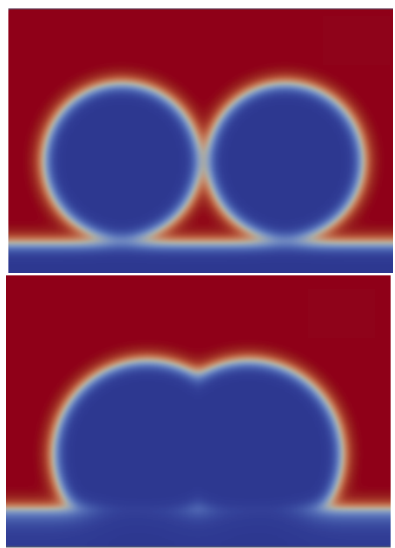
Molybdenum and alumina interface



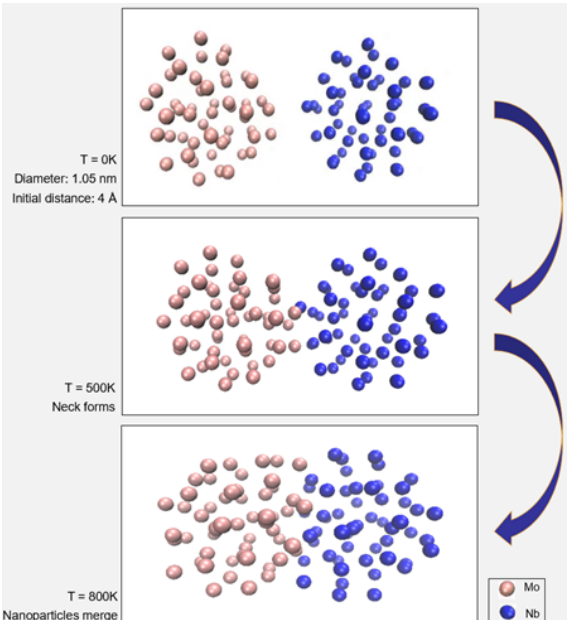
Initial (top) and equilibrium (bottom) nickel on alumina substrate at 1000 °C.



Initial (top) and equilibrium (bottom) nickel particles on alumina substrate at 1000 °C.



Sintering of two 1 nm nanoparticles (one Mo and one Nb) at 0K, 500K and 800K.

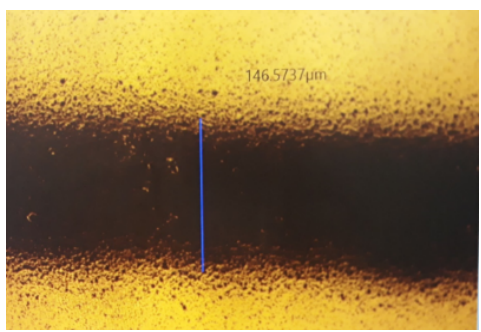
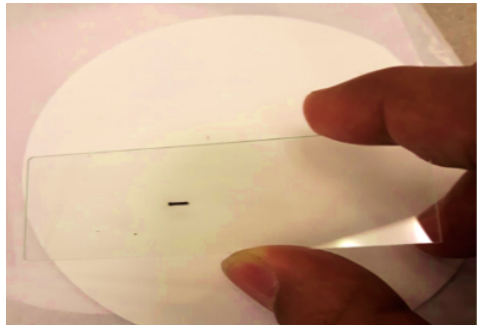


Accomplishments: Aerosol and Plasma Jet Printing

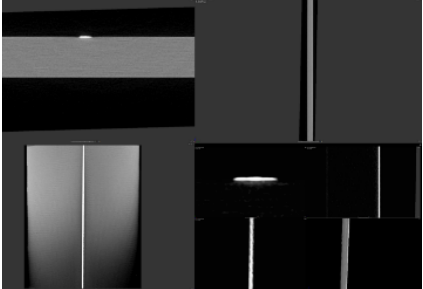
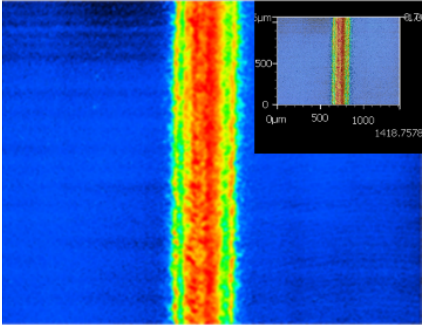
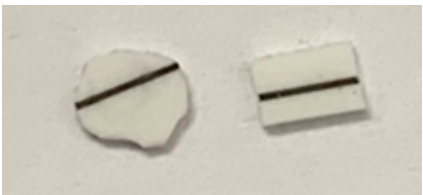
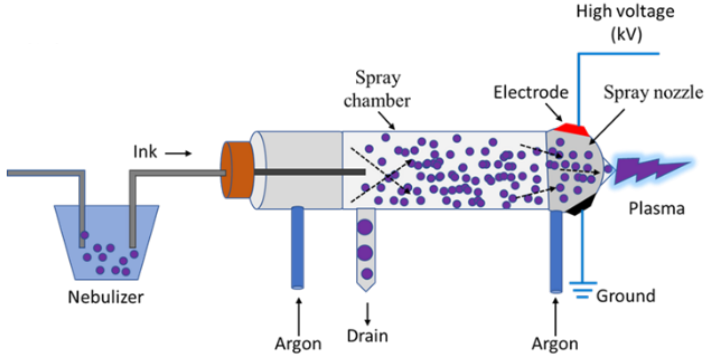
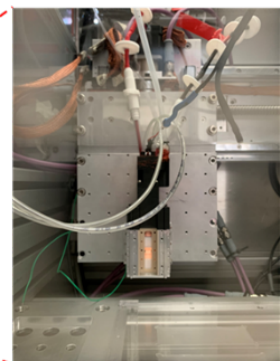
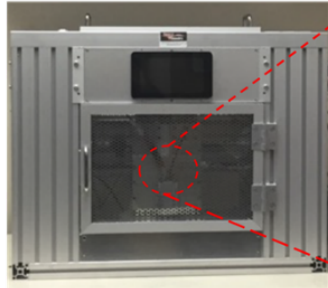
Sensor Fabrication

- Focus has been on aerosol jet and plasma jet printing techniques
- Method developed for small melt-wire chip for use in limited space experiments

Plasma jet printed copper line



INL plasma jet printer

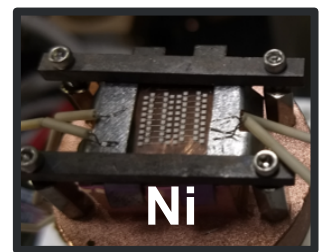
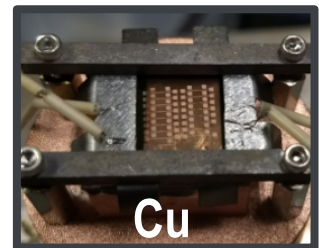
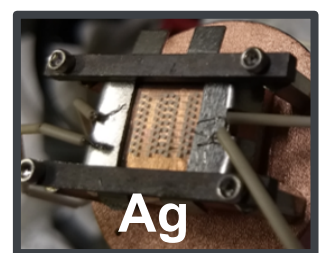


AJP copper line on alumina

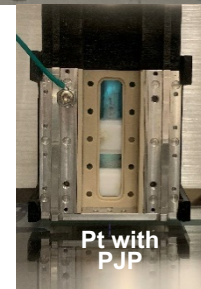
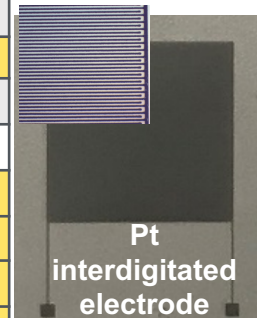
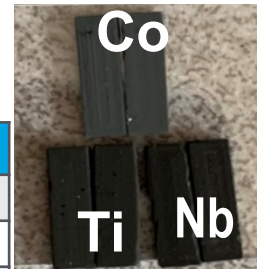
*3 RTE's (2-MIBL 1-MITR) have been leveraged to perform irradiation experiments on printed structures using commercially available inks

Accomplishments: Ink and Feedstock Fabrication

- Novel material inks are needed for printing techniques used in advanced manufacturing techniques for sensor fabrication
- Platinum, molybdenum, niobium, iron, cobalt, zinc, tungsten and indium nanoparticle inks were developed in FY19 (highlighted in yellow)
- Two general methods of synthesis: Top-down and bottom-up



Material	Ink Status	Sensor
Ag	Commercial	Melt wires, dosimeters
Cu	Commercial	Melt wires
Ni	Commercial	Melt wires
Pt	BSU/INL	Melt wires, 3-omega, Strain gauge
Ti	BSU/INL	Melt wires, dosimeters
Nb	BSU/INL	Dosimeters
Mo	BSU/INL	Dosimeters
Co	BSU/INL	Melt wires, dosimeters
Fe	BSU/INL	Melt wires, dosimeters
W	BSU/INL	Melt wires, dosimeters
Zn	BSU/INL	dosimeters
In	BSU/INL	dosimeters
Al2O3	BSU/INL	Insulator
CeO2	BSU/INL	Insulator



Accomplishments: Ink and Feedstock Fabrication

Top-Down Methods

- All developed inks were synthesized via top-down methods

Top down platinum ink synthesis for AJP/PJP

Uncapped platinum nanopowder

Phase separation of platinum and water

After capping nanoparticles with water compatible polymer

Centrifugation process to collect and “wash” capped nanoparticles

Capped nanoparticle dispersion in water @ 20 wt%

TEM of capped nanoparticles

Accomplishments: Ink and Feedstock Fabrication

Bottom-Up Methods

- Bottom-up synthesis allows for tighter nano-particle size distribution and smaller sizes
- These methods are being published and may be used by commercial companies to expand the commercially available materials

Bottom-up platinum ink synthesis for AJP/PJP

platinum salt

PVP-platinum nanoparticles

Purifying platinum nanoparticles

Water based platinum nanoparticle ink ready for printing

Post-sinter

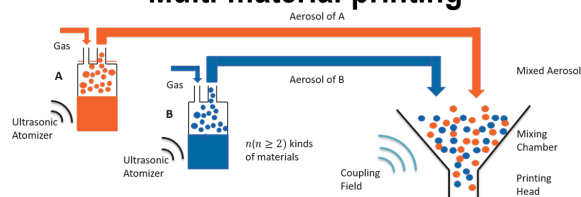
Pre-sinter

Accomplishments: Combinatorial Materials Science

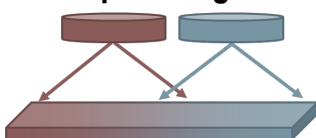
Combinatorial Materials Science

- *Combinatorial materials science combined with high-throughput screening methodology offers potential for rapid discovery and development of radiation-resistant sensor materials*
- *Two major challenges associated with combinatorial materials science that must be overcome for valid high-throughput testing*
 - *Creation of the combinatorial material – A design has been created and components purchased for a combinatorial printer. Multi-target sputtering has also been explored for creating graded compositions*
 - *Localized measurements – A high resolution thermal microprobe capable of both thermal conductivity and Seebeck coefficient measurements has been developed, along with an electrical conductivity microprobe*

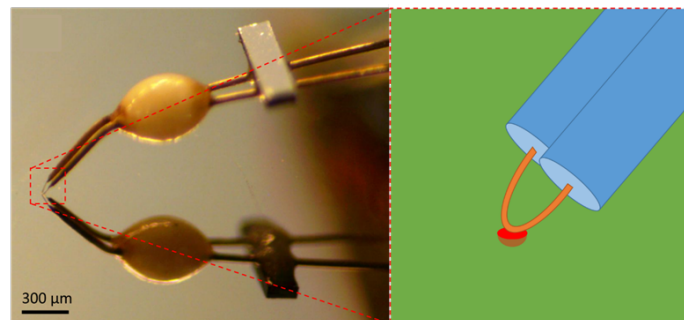
Multi-material printing



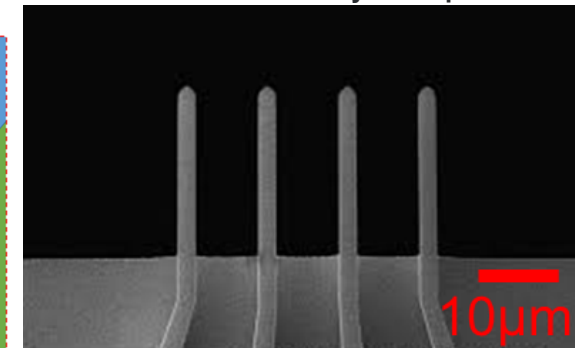
Sputtering



Thermal conductivity and Seebeck coefficient microprobe



Electrical conductivity microprobe

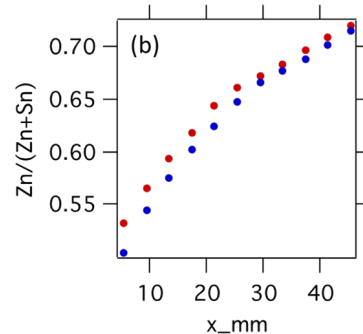
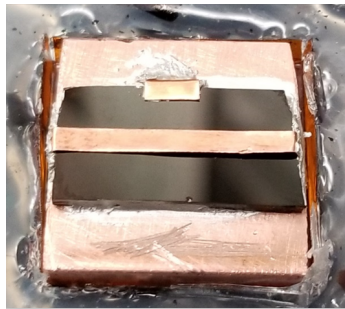


Accomplishments: Combinatorial Materials Science

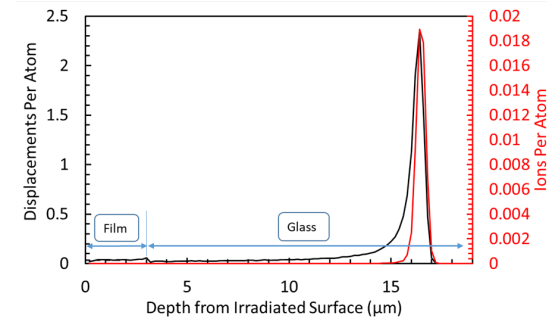
Combinatorial materials science

- A trial run was performed this year to demonstrate this technique on a combinatorial $ZnSnN_2$ film manufactured via sputtering.
- This will be expanded to other material of interest to improve sensor base properties and irradiation resistance

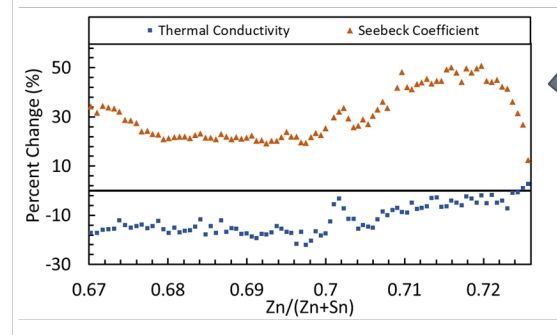
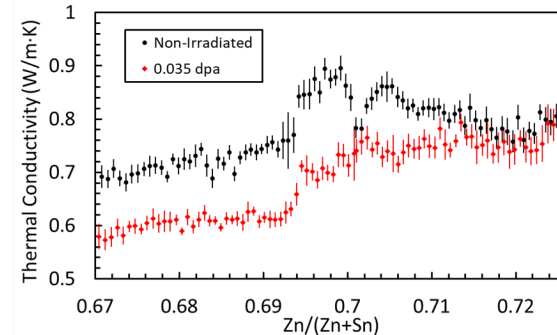
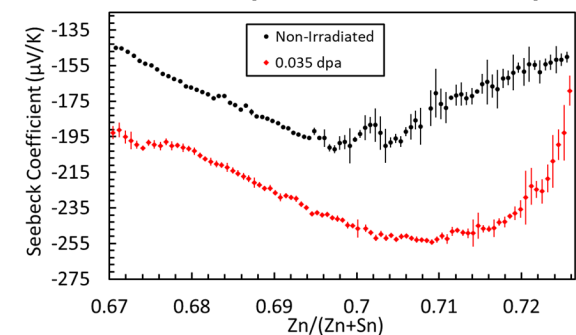
Graded composition create by sputtering



Irradiated with He ions



Properties vs composition determined for unirradiated and irradiated material



Technology Impact

- Our work is focused towards advanced manufacturing for in-pile applications
- We currently have a program interested in implementing advanced manufactured sensors (AFC-FAST)
- **InFlex, LLC** – Spin off from ink synthesis developments.

 **InFlex Labs, LLC.**

Materials and Technology for a Flexible World

- A provisional patent has been assigned for the work on aqueous based inks
 - “Aqueous Based Nanoparticle Ink For Aerosol Jet Printing-Ultrasonic Atomizer and Plasma Jet Printing and Other Printed Electronic Direct Write Methods”

Conclusion

Future Work

- One of the primary focuses of FY20 will be thermocouples, examining printed thermocouples and using combinatorial material studies to improve the thermocouple material.
- Ink synthesis will shift to piezo-electric and magnetostrictive inks for use with the ultrasonic thermometer.
- Additional work will examine additional advanced manufacturing techniques for cases where inkjet printing is not adequate

Questions?

*Follow up questions after the webinar can be sent to:
michael.mcmurtrey@inl.gov*



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