

DOE Bioenergy Technologies Office (BETO) 2019 Project Peer Review

Waste to Wisdom: Utilizing forest residues for the production
of bioenergy and biobased products

March 6th, 2019
Feedstock Supply and Logistics Session

Han-Sup Han
Humboldt State University



Forest Residues



Logging Slash



Forest Thinnings

103 million tons/year @ \$60/bone dry ton (Billion-ton Report, 2016)

Forest residues are underutilized or wasted due to high collection and transportation costs and low market values.

Project Goal:

To develop biomass conversion technologies and in-woods operational logistics that facilitate forest residues utilization for the sustainable production of bioenergy and biobased products.

Project Outcomes:

Addressed key barriers in forest residue utilization, including...

- Production of quality feedstock from forest residues;
- Development of biomass conversion technologies (BCTs) operating at or near the forest, and assessment of market potentials for BCT products;
- Improving the knowledge of environmental benefits and societal perceptions.

Quad Chart Overview

Timeline

- Project start date: 9/30/2013
- Project end date: 12/31/2017
- Percent complete: 100%

Barriers addressed (FY19 MYP):

- Feedstock Availability and Cost
- Biomass Material Handling and Transportation
- Feedstock Supply System Integration and Infrastructure

	Total Costs Pre FY17	FY 17 Costs	FY 18 Costs	Total Project Funding (2013-2017)
DOE Funded	3,102,127	1,790,469	989,378	5,881,974
Project Cost Share	1,791,578	130,838	81,972	2,004,208 (34%)

Partners:

Forest Products Co. (10%); USDA Forest Service (20%); Land-Grant Universities (40%)
Biomass Engineering Co. (30%)

Objective:

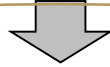
Production of bioenergy and biobased products

End of Project Goal:

- Production of quality feedstocks from forest residues
- Development of biomass conversion technologies
- Evaluation of environmental and economic benefits

1 - Project Overview

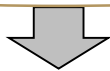
Forest Residues



Production of Quality Feedstock



In-woods Biomass Conversion



Biochar



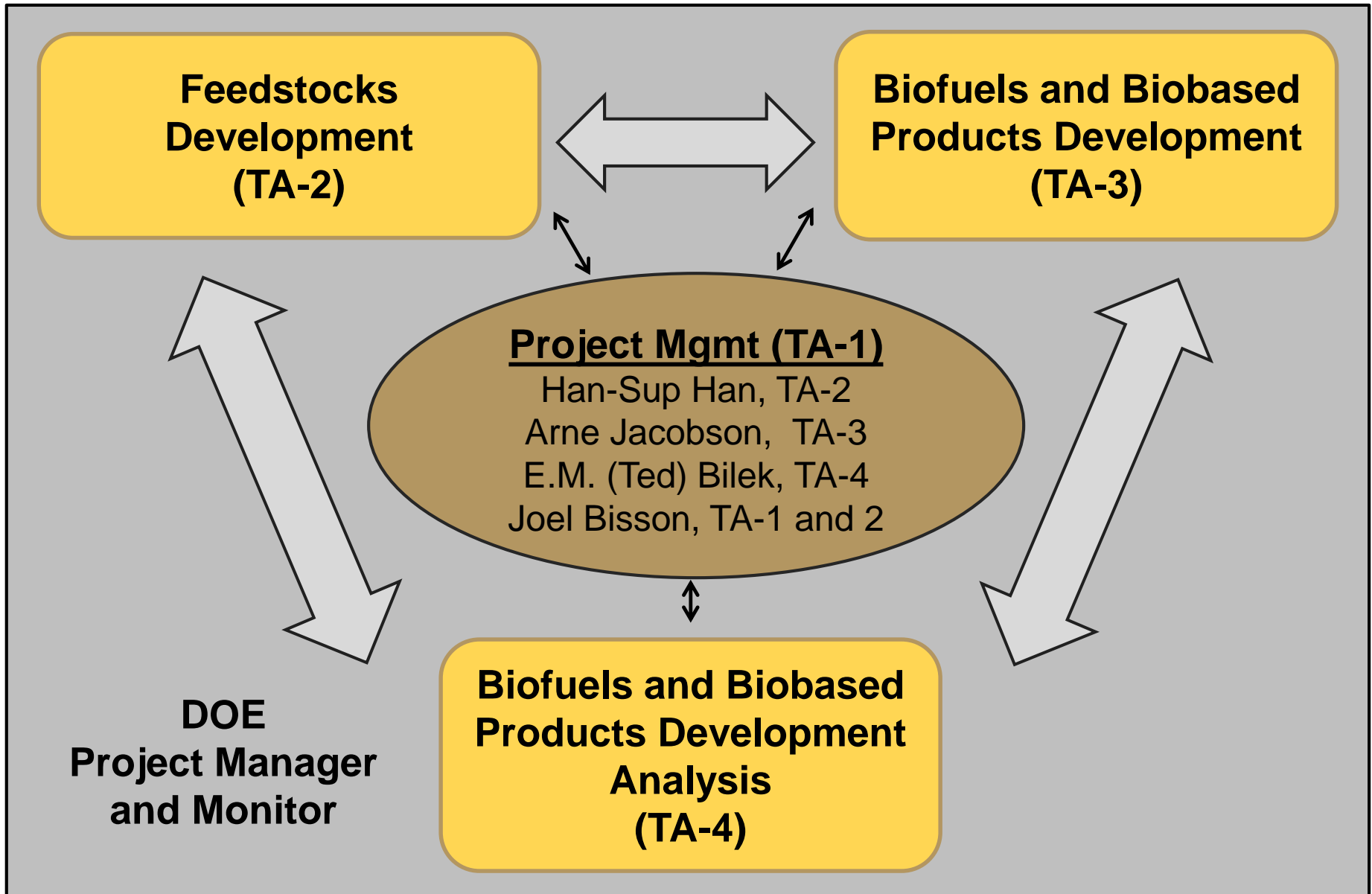
Briquettes



Torrefied chips

⇒ funded by Biomass Research Development & Initiative (BRDI)

1 - Approach (Management – TA1)



2 – Approach (Technical)

TA2 - Feedstock Development:

- Sort and process forest residues to produce quality feedstocks
- Compress forest residues into high-density bales
- Develop logistics models integrating both in-woods biomass operations and conversion technologies

TA3 - Biofuels and Biobased Products Development:

- Evaluate the technical performance of three proven technologies (biochar, torrefaction, and briquettes) that are designed to run near a forestry operations site
- Utilize the results from the testing conducted above to refine and scale up the biomass conversion technologies

TA4 - Biofuels and Biobased Products Development Analysis:

- Evaluate financial feasibilities of stump-to-market operations
- Determine their socio-economic and environmental impacts
- Analyze ecological sustainability of the processes

3 - Technical Accomplishments and Results

Task Area 2 - Feedstock Development

Quality feedstock production:

- New in-woods operations logistics to produce high-quality feedstock: sorting & processing, comminuting, and screening
- Balers were developed to handle all remaining forest residuals for easy transportation and long-term storage
- Evaluated feedstock quality: moisture content, size distribution, bulk density, and ash content



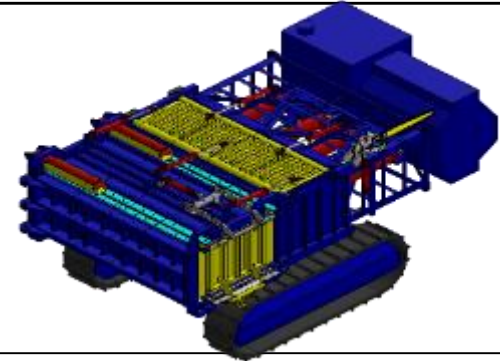
wood chips (<0.75") micro-chips (<0.25") sawdust (<0.16")



Sort and Process



Comminute



Baling

3 - Technical Accomplishments and Results (cont'd)

Task Area 3 - Development of Biomass Conversion Technologies

- **Biochar:** Tested original biochar system design with a variety of feedstocks and improved product output (1.7 ton/day), emissions, safety, and labor requirements.
- **Torrefaction:** Built 16 ton/day torrefaction system and tested at various operating conditions to evaluate highest quality final product.
- **Densification:** Produced dense, durable briquettes from forest residues and torrefied biomass without binders.
- **In-field demonstrations:** Configured several conversion systems into integrated plant systems to demonstrate operations for near-forests biomass conversion.



Biochar production system



Torrefaction / Briquetting System



Torrefied briquettes (top two)
and biomass briquette (bottom)

3 - Technical Accomplishments and Results (cont'd)

Task Area 4 - Biofuels and Biobased Products Development Analysis

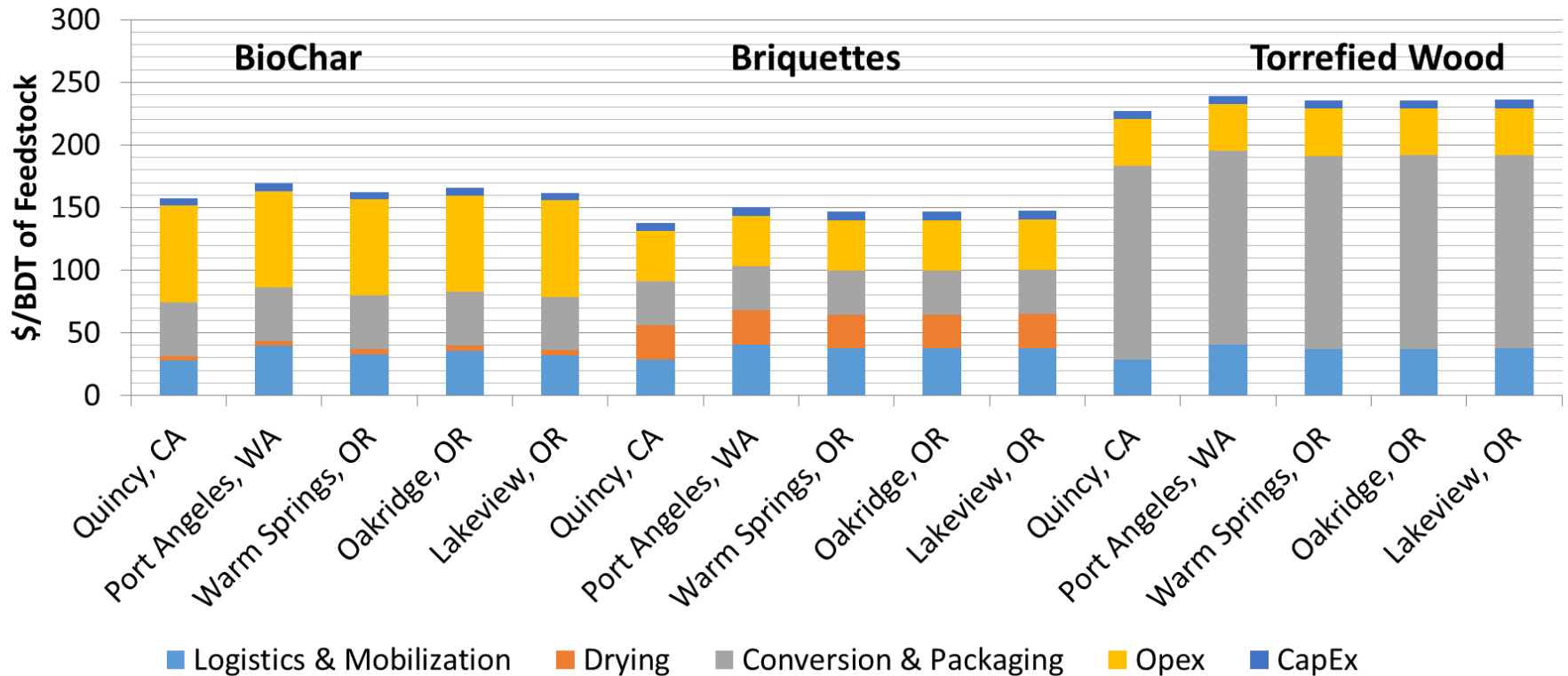
- Larger systems can make better use of labor, reducing unit costs; but it is important to balance machine capacities.
- Value capture is an important issue due to reduced site preparation costs as well as non-market benefits such as reduced wildfire risk, improved air quality, and carbon sequestration resulting from wood waste utilization.
- Biochar can remediate old mine soils and reduce lead contamination.
- Public perceptions are generally positive towards wood waste utilization, but education and publicity are warranted.



**Waste to
Wisdom
Demonstration
Systems and
Products**

3 - Technical Accomplishments and Results (cont'd)

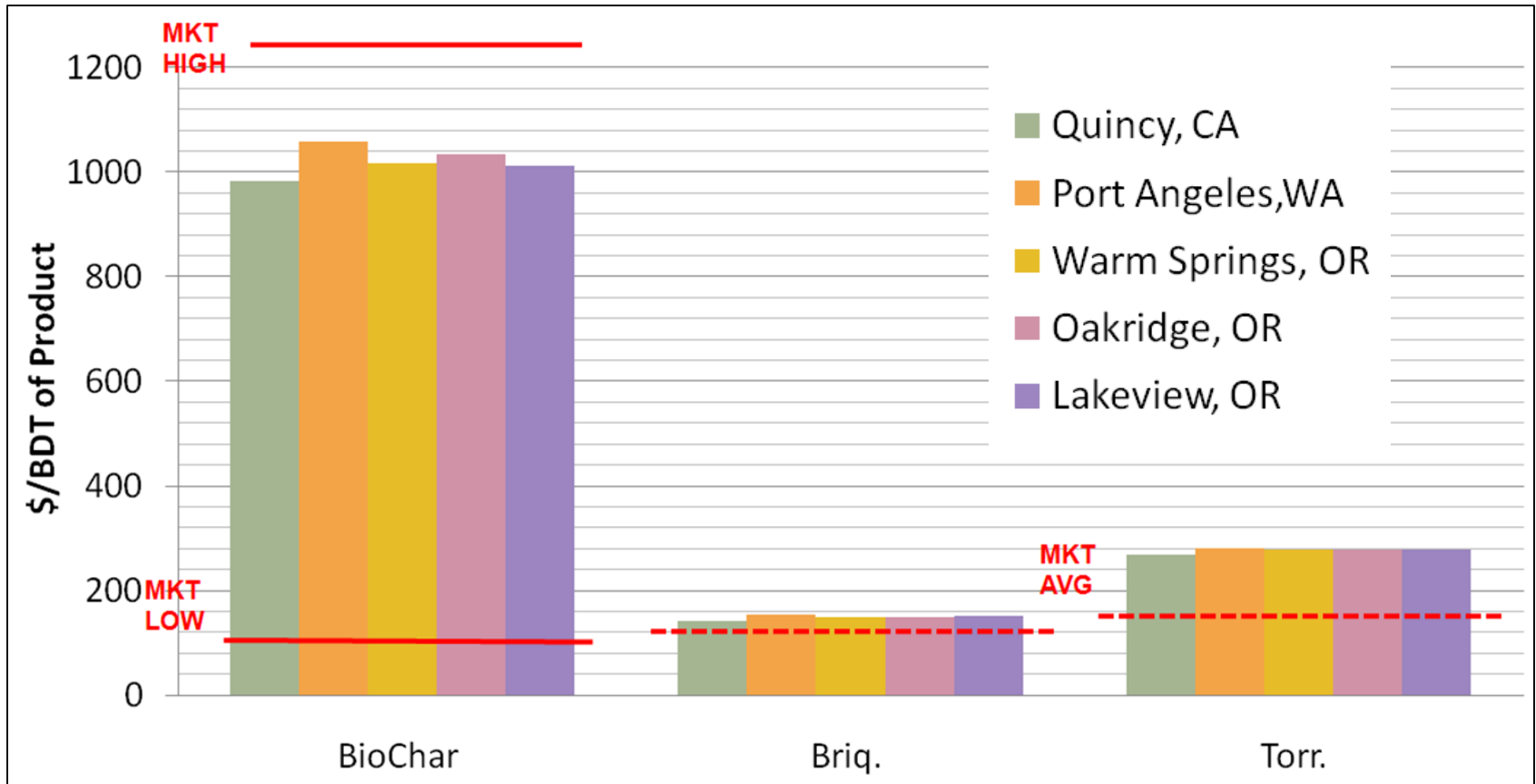
What are the different supply chain costs?



Regional variation 5-10%

3 - Technical Accomplishments and Results (cont'd)

Will the market support the supply chain costs?



**Biochar likely best candidate
depends on local & regional market conditions**

4 - Project Relevance (to BETO 2019 MYP)

This project aims to address barriers and challenges related to “[Feedstock Availability and Cost](#),” [Biomass Material Handling and Transportation](#),” and “[Feedstock Supply System Integration and Infrastructure](#)”

“Waste to Wisdom” – an integrated approach that supports BETO’s 2019 MYP barriers and challenges :

- Reduce costs of in-woods biomass operation logistics while improving biomass quality and processing efficiency
- Show how integrating BCTs into feedstock logistics can increase transportation efficiencies and improve longer-term feedstock storage in depots or biorefineries
- Provide products that reduce physical and chemical variability to ensure a more reliable and efficient biofuel as a drop-in replacement for coal, compatible with existing infrastructure and reducing overall emissions
- Provide credible data and projections on current and future cost, social and environmental impacts, and quality of biobased products, which will reduce uncertainty to developing biorefinery technologies

Summary

- ✓ **Overview:** Utilization of forest residues for the sustainable production of biofuels, bioenergy, and biobased products
- ✓ **Approach:** Integration of new biomass conversion technologies with in-woods feedstock production and supply operations
- ✓ **Technical Accomplishments/Results:**
 - Developed new operations logistics of supply quality feedstock from forest residues
 - Produced biochar, torrefied wood, and briquettes using mobile biomass conversion processes that were operated near the forest operation sites
 - Developed strategies and technologies to improve economics of utilizing forest residues for production of bioenergy and biobased products
 - Socio-economic and environmental benefits from utilization of forest residues were overwhelmingly positive.
- ✓ **Relevance:** Significant advancement in meeting the 2019 MYP goals of sustainable supply of terrestrial feedstock and development of innovative biomass conversion techs.
- ✓ **Future work:** Completed.

Questions?

