

Office of ENERGY EFFICIENCY & RENEWABLE ENERGY

ElectroCat Lab Consortium Overview

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Fuel Cell Technologies Office Webinar

April 30, 2018



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- Summary of the organization of ElectroCat
- Current/planned scientific activities and capabilities
- Role of individual projects selected to work with this consortium
- Utilizing existing consortium capabilities
- Fuel Cell Technologies Office (FCTO) FY18 Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA)





Steering Committee



Adria Wilson, Simon Thompson, Dimitrios Papageorgopoulos, DOE-EERE-FCTO





ElectroCat Materials Domain: Electrocatalysts





Project Focus: PGM-free catalysts for automotive fuel cells





PGM-free vs. PGM Cathodes: Targeting Competitiveness

Technical Targets: Electrocatalysts for Transportation Applications				
Characteristic	Units	2018 Status	2020 Targets	
Platinum group metal total content (both electrodes)	g/kW (rated, gross) @ 150 kPa (abs)	0.16	0.125	
Platinum group metal (PGM) total loading (both electrodes)	mg _{PGM} /cm ² (electrode area)	0.13	0.125	
Mass activity	A/mg _{PGM} @ 0.9 V _{iR-free}	> 0.5	0.44	
Loss in initial catalytic activity	% mass activity loss	66	< 40	
Loss in performance at 0.8 A/cm ^{2*}	mV	13	< 30	
Electrocatalyst support stability	% mass activity loss	41	< 40	
Loss in performance at 1.5 A/cm ²	mV	65	< 30	
PGM-free catalyst activity	A/cm ² @ 0.9 V _{IR-free}	0.024 A/cm ²	> 0.044*	

*Equivalent to PGM catalyst mass activity target of 0.44 A/mg $_{PGM}$ at 0.1 mg $_{PGM}$ /cm²

PGM-free containing MEAs need to meet DOE performance and durability targets





Strategy: Research Priorities

Catalysts for oxygen reduction in low-temperature PEMFCs and PAFCs

Catalysts for oxygen reduction and hydrogen oxidation in AMFCs

Development of **electrodes and MEAs** that are compatible with PGM-free catalysts

Optimization of **atomic-scale** and **meso-scale models** of catalyst activity to predict macro-scale behavior

High-throughput techniques for catalyst synthesis

High-throughput techniques for characterization of catalysts, electrodes, and MEAs

Aggregation of data in an easily searchable, public database to facilitate the development of catalyst materials and MEAs





Introduction to FOA

- Early-stage R&D for high-performing and durable PGM-free catalysts and electrodes to significantly reduce fuel cell cost
- Goal is durable PGM-free oxygen reduction reaction catalysts that achieve activity of 0.044 A/cm² at 0.9 V in a PEMFC MEA by 2025
- Proposed projects are expected to leverage specified collaboration with one or more ElectroCat national lab-based capabilities, which include:
 - catalyst synthesis, characterization, processing, and manufacturing
 - high-throughput, combinatorial techniques
 - advanced computational tools
- Projects for this topic are expected to be stage-gated with interim go/no-go decision points







Synthesis, Processing and Manufacturing

Synthesis and post-synthesis processing of PGM-free catalysts in high-surface-area form or as planar model systems, and fabrication of electrode layers and MEAs

- ✓ High surface area catalysts
- Model systems synthesis
- ✓ Fabrication of electrodes and membrane-electrode assemblies

Characterization and Testing

Composition, structure, and performance of high-surface-area PGM-free catalyst powders, catalyst-ionomer inks, electrode layers, membrane electrode assemblies, and thin film model catalysts.

- Materials Characterization
- Electrode/Cell Characterization & Diagnostics
- ✓ Model Systems Characterization

Computation, Modeling and Data Management

Guiding and complementing experimental efforts with computational and modeling capabilities at the catalyst, electrode, and membrane electrode assembly levels, as well as by data management expertise.

- Modeling structure-function relationships
- Methods and models to characterize behavior
- ✓ Systems for handling and correlating data





Synthesis, Processing and Manufacturing Capabilities

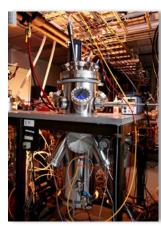
High Surface Area Catalysts

- PGM-free Catalyst Synthesis, Analytical Characterization, and Electrochemical and Fuel Cell Testing (LANL)
- High-throughput Synthesis of PGM-free Catalysts and Electrodes (ANL)



Model Systems Synthesis

 Controlled Functionalization of Model Catalysts (LANL)



Fuel Cell Fabrication

- Membrane-Electrode Assembly Fabrication (LANL)
- High-throughput Synthesis of PGM-free Catalysts and Electrodes (ANL)
- High-throughput Approaches to Scaling PGM-free Electrodes (NREL)
- Manufacturing Porous Electrodes (ORNL)







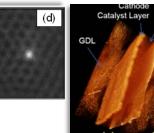
Characterization and Testing Capabilities

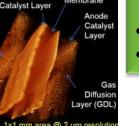
Materials Characterization

- PGM-free Catalyst Synthesis, Analytical Characterization, and Electrochemical and Fuel Cell Testing (LANL)
- X-Ray Characterization Techniques (LANL)
- X-Ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy (ORNL)
- Electron Tomography (ORNL)
- Analytical Electron Microscopy (ORNL)
- In situ Electron Microscopy (ORNL)
- Structure/Composition-Function Relationships and Active Sites (ANL)
- In situ and Operando Atomic, Nano-, and Micro-structure Characterization (ANL)
- Combinatorial Hydrodynamic Screening of PGM-free Catalyst Activity and Stability (ANL)
- High-throughput Characterization of PGMfree Catalysts and Electrodes (ANL)



ctrocatalysis Consortium





Electrode and Cell Characterization

- Operando Differential Cell Measurements of Electrochemical Kinetics and Transport (NREL)
- PGM-free Catalyst Synthesis, Analytical Characterization, and Electrochemical and Fuel Cell Testing (LANL)
- Electrode Microstructure Characterization and Simulation (ANL)
- Electron Tomography (ORNL)
- Analytical Electron Microscopy (ORNL)
- In situ and Operando Atomic, Nano-, and Micro-structure Characterization (ANL)
- Segmented Cell System Optimized for R&D Combinatorial Studies (NREL)
- In situ Fluoride and Carbon Dioxide Emission Measurements (LANL)
- Segmented Cell and Neutron Imaging (LANL)
- High-throughput Characterization of PGM-free Catalysts and Electrodes (ANL)

Model Systems Characterization

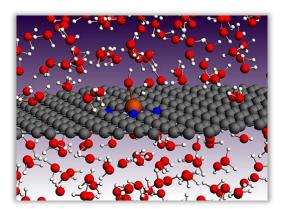
- Controlled Functionalization of Model Catalysts (LANL)
- X-Ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy (ORNL)



Computation, Modeling & Data Management

Catalyst Modeling

 Multi-scale Modeling and Rational Design of PGM-free Catalysts (LANL)



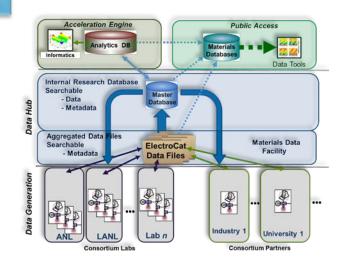
Electrode/Fuel Cell Performance Modeling

- Electrode Microstructure Characterization and Simulation (ANL)
- Modeling Kinetic and Transport Processes in PGMfree Electrodes (ANL)

Agglomerate Size (µm)

Data Management

- Experimental and Computational Materials Data Infrastructure (NREL)
- Materials Data Facility and Globus (ANL)



https://datahub.electrocat.org



Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy



Capability Navigation

Materials Characterization

PGM-free Catalyst Synthesis, Analytical Characterization, and Electrochemical and Fuel Cell Testing

The expertise in PGM-free catalyst synthesis, characterization, and fuel cell testing at LANL is built on decades-long experience and proven results, and is the most important capability within LANL's PGM-free program by far.

 Selectrode/cell characterization
 High surface area catalysts

 MATERIALS CHARACTERIZATION
 SYNTHESIS/PROCESSING/MANUFACTURING

Title

Laboratory:

LANL, ANL, ORNL, or NREL

Capability Expert:

Person to contact with specific questions about capability

Capability Details:

- Title
- Class
- Description
- Capability Bounds
- Unique Aspects
- Availability
- References
- Benefit
- Illustrative Graphic

All Capabilities

Characterization & Testing

>> Materials Characterization

>> Electrode/Cell Characterization & Diagnostics

>> Model Systems Characterization

Analytical Electron Microscopy

Laboratory:	Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL)
Capability Expert:	Karren L. More
Capability Details:	
Tide:	High-resolution analytical scanning transmission electron microscopy (STEM)
Class:	Characterization
Description:	High-resolution transmission electron microscopy (TEM) and aberration-corrected scanning transmission electron microscopy (STEM) are microscopy methods used to characterize the atomis-scale structure of PGM-res catalysts (typically in powder form) and the material constituents (stalyst and ionomer) comprising membrane electrode assembles (MEAs). STEM instruments are typically equipped with multiple detectors, including high angle annular dark field (HAADF) detectors to perform what is commonly referred to as Z-contrast STEM imaging (where Z refers to be atomic number), bright field (BF) detectors, and spectrometers (e.g., an electron energy loss spectrometer (ELE) and an energy dispersive X-ray spectrometer (EDS)). These detectors and spectrometers, when used in combination, enable the simultaneous study of the atomic structure and chemistry of novel PGM-free catalyst systems and their interfaces with other MEA constituents from the bulk-scale to the single atoms level. Compositions and chemistries can be acquired and mapped (spectral imaging) across multiple length scales and directly correlated with the atomic structure determined through HAADF/RF-STEM imaging.
Capability Bounds:	NA
Unique Aspects:	A full suite of scanning transmission electron microscopes (STEM) is available at ORNL for conducting imaging and spectroscopic analysis of PGM-free catalysts and membrane electrode assemblies (MEAs) from the bulk-scale to the single-atom level, including the identification of unique morphologies of catalyst particles and insight towards understanding the atomic structure of catalytically active sites. Unique microscopes include low-voltage (00kV) and high-voltage (200kV) aberration-corrected STEM instruments equipped with high- energy resolution electron energy to ss spectroscopy (EELS) and high spatial-resolution energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDS), which enable a broad range of structural, chemical, and
Availability:	Instruments in ORNL's Materials Characterization Center (MCC) are available for partnership with industry through Strategic Partnership Projects (SPP), cooperative research and development agreements (CRADAs) via full-cost recovery (hourly fee), and direct project collaborations to facilitate new materials discovery and understanding; instruments in ORNL's Center for Nanophase Materials Sciences (CNMS – a U.S. DOE Office of Science User Facility) are accessible through a peer-reviewed proposal process (no cost if results are publishable and full-cost recovery if data is propriatery). All instruments in the MCC and CNMS are available for characterization of PGM-free catalysts and MEAs.
References:	 G. Wu, K.L. More, C.M. Johnston, and P. Zelenay, "High-Performance Electrocatalysts for Oxygen Reduction Derived from Polyanilene, Iron, and Cobalt," <i>Science</i> 332 443-447 (2011). W. Gao, G. Wu, M.T. Janicke, D.A. Cullen, R. Mukundan, J.K. Baldwin, E.L. Brosha, C. Garlande, P.M. Ajayan, K.L. More, A.M. Dattlebaum, and P. Zelenay, "Ozonated Graphene Oxide Film as Proton Exchange Membrane," <i>Angewandta Chemie International Edition</i> 53 [14] 588-3593 (2014). G. Wu, K.L. More, P. Xu, H.L. Wang, M. Ferrandon, A.J. Kropf, D.J. Myers, S. Ma, C.M. Johnston, and P. Zelenay, "A Carbon-nanotube-supported Graphene-rich Non-precious Metal Oxygen Reduction Catalyst with Enhanced Performance Durability," <i>Chemical Communications</i> 49 3291-3293 (2013).
(a)	ORNL's unique STEM instruments provide capabilities for the complete analytical and structural characterization of PGM-free catalysts and MEAs at multiple length scales to correlate structure and chemistry with material performance.







Application

• Apply to the FOA:

https://eere-exchange.energy.gov/#Foald79690f66-6dc9-47e9-ac9f-86057538ae44

Questions about capabilities:

Contact@ElectroCat.org

- Questions about FOA: All questions pertaining to this funding opportunity announcement should be emailed to FCTOFOA@ee.doe.gov
- **Note:** If you intend to interact with ElectroCat through a FOA-awarded project, please do not contact either Steering Committee members or capability experts directly now that the FOA has been released.





Thank you

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www.hydrogenandfuelcells.energy.gov

www.electrocat.org/capabilities/



