

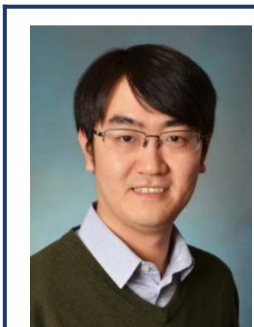


WESTART



Race to Zero Student Design Competition
Final Presentation
Team AtoZ
Georgia Institute of Technology

Team AtoZ from



Lu, Di

Zeng, Zhaoyun

Alhazmi, Mansour

Qiu, Chufei

Zhang, Zeyu

Cai, Ting

Gattani, Anirudh

Zhang, Xi

Chang, Tso-An



Faculty Advisor

Brown, Jason





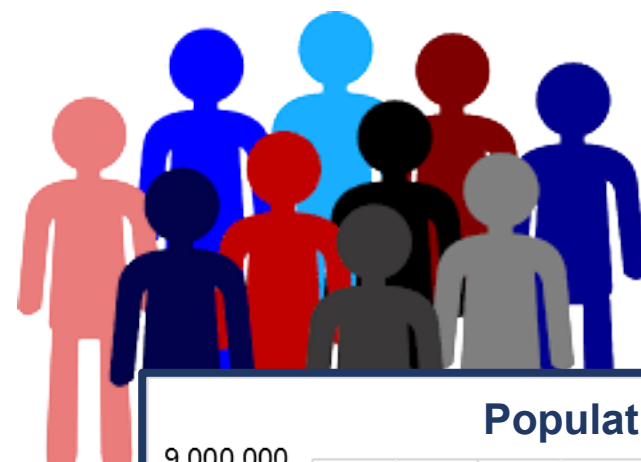
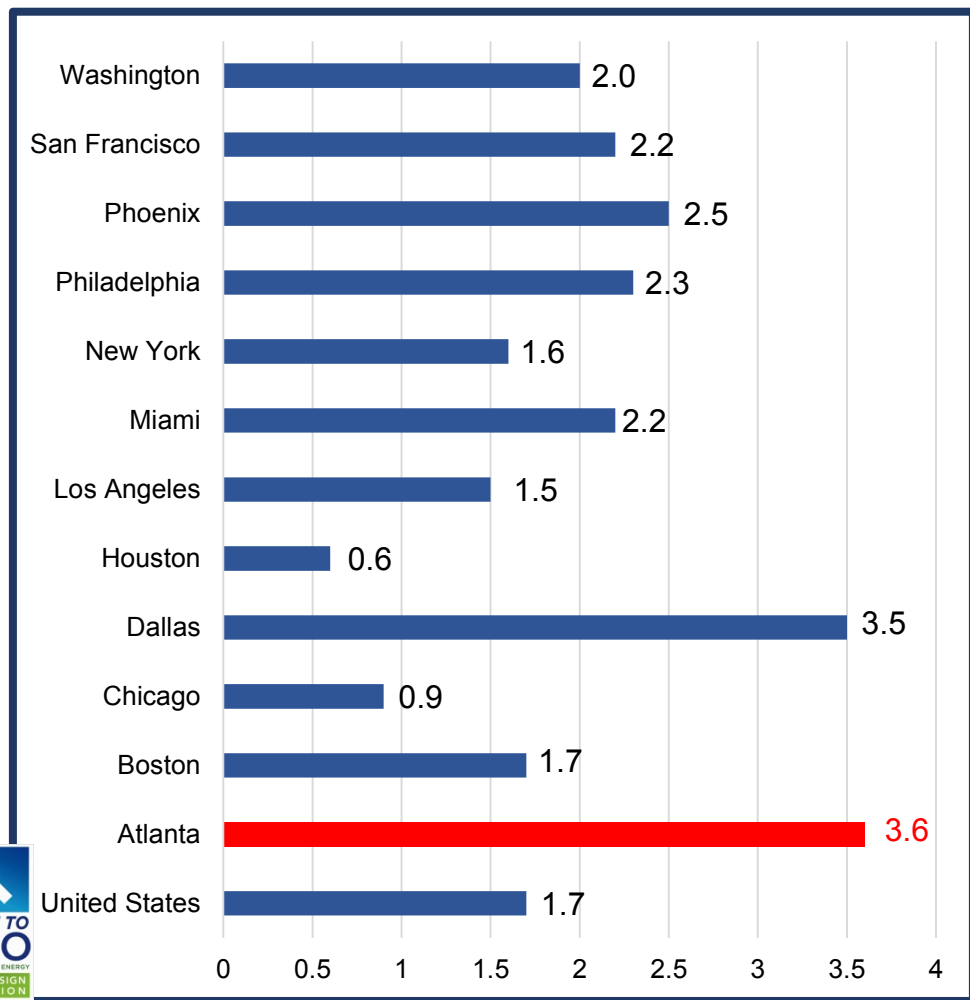
Multi-family Building



ATLANTA

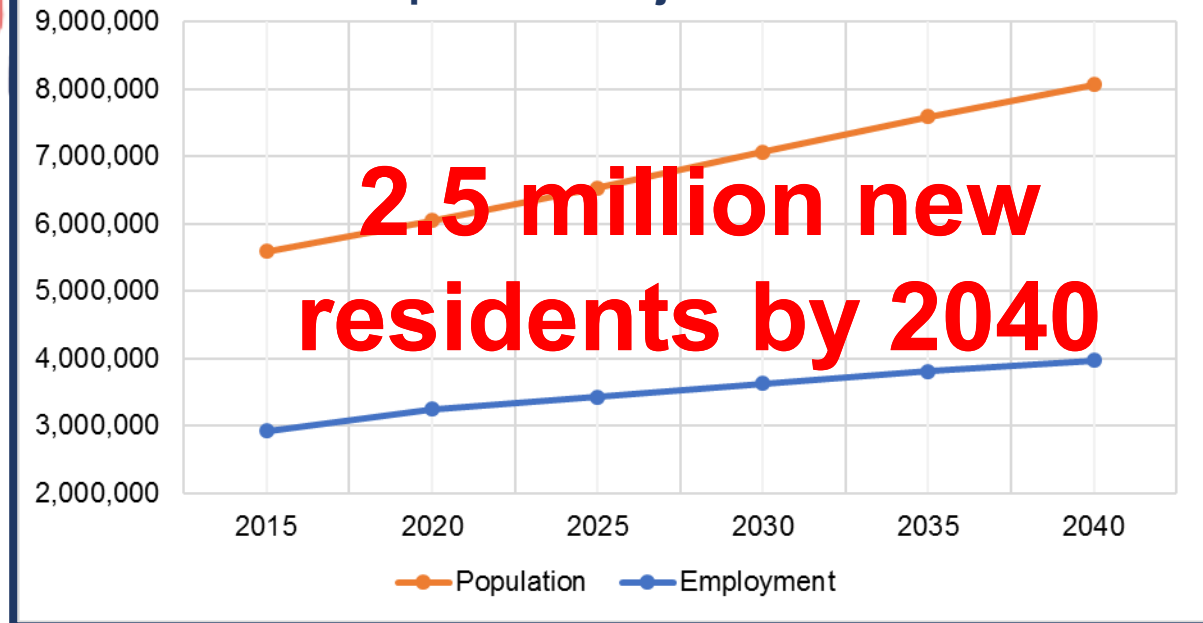


2016 Nonfarm Employment Growth Rate of the 12 Largest Metropolitan Areas in the US



90,000 new residents in 2016

Population Projection of Atlanta





What happens to the life of local residents whose family has been living there for generations?

West End Community



1952



Now

	West End	Atlanta
Average household income	\$23,800	\$79,304
Percentage of Atlanta average	30%	100%

Atlanta BeltLine



Eastside trail before and after renovation



West End



Westart

WESTART

this program.

A piece of

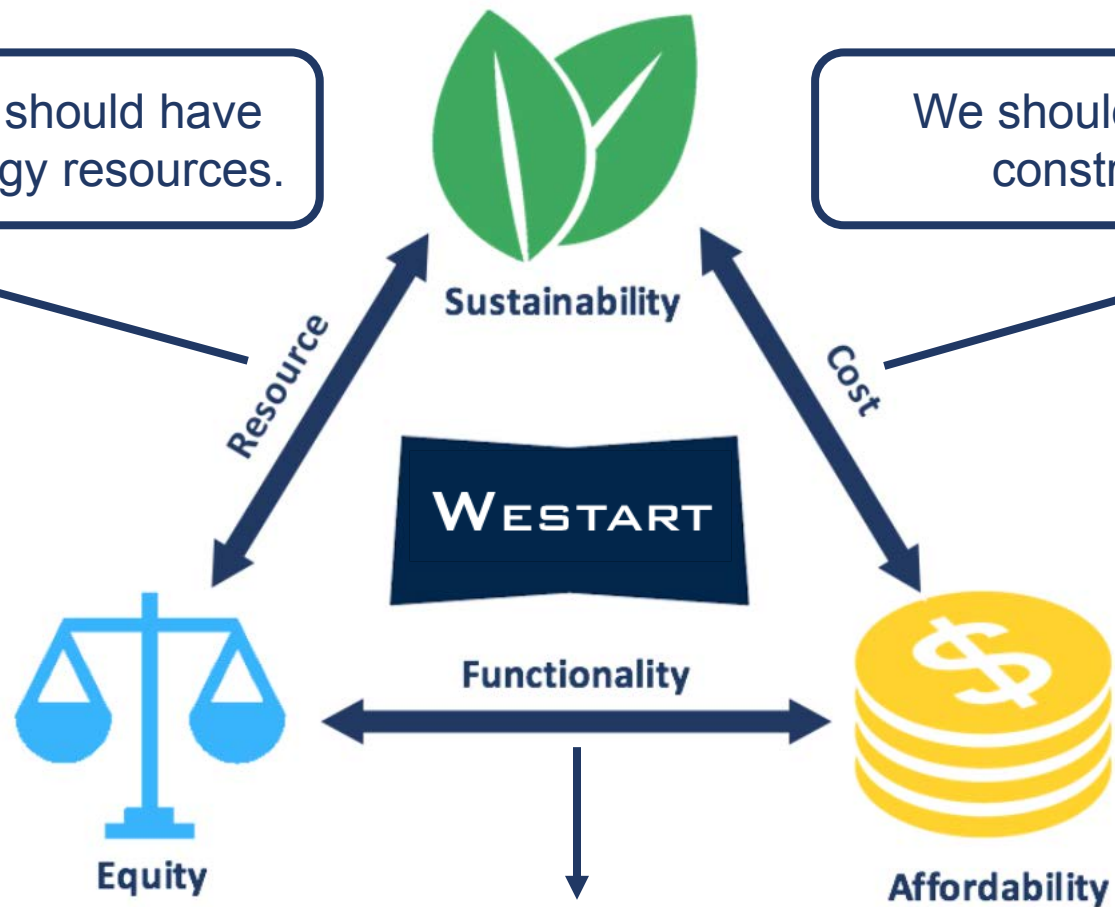
in

End

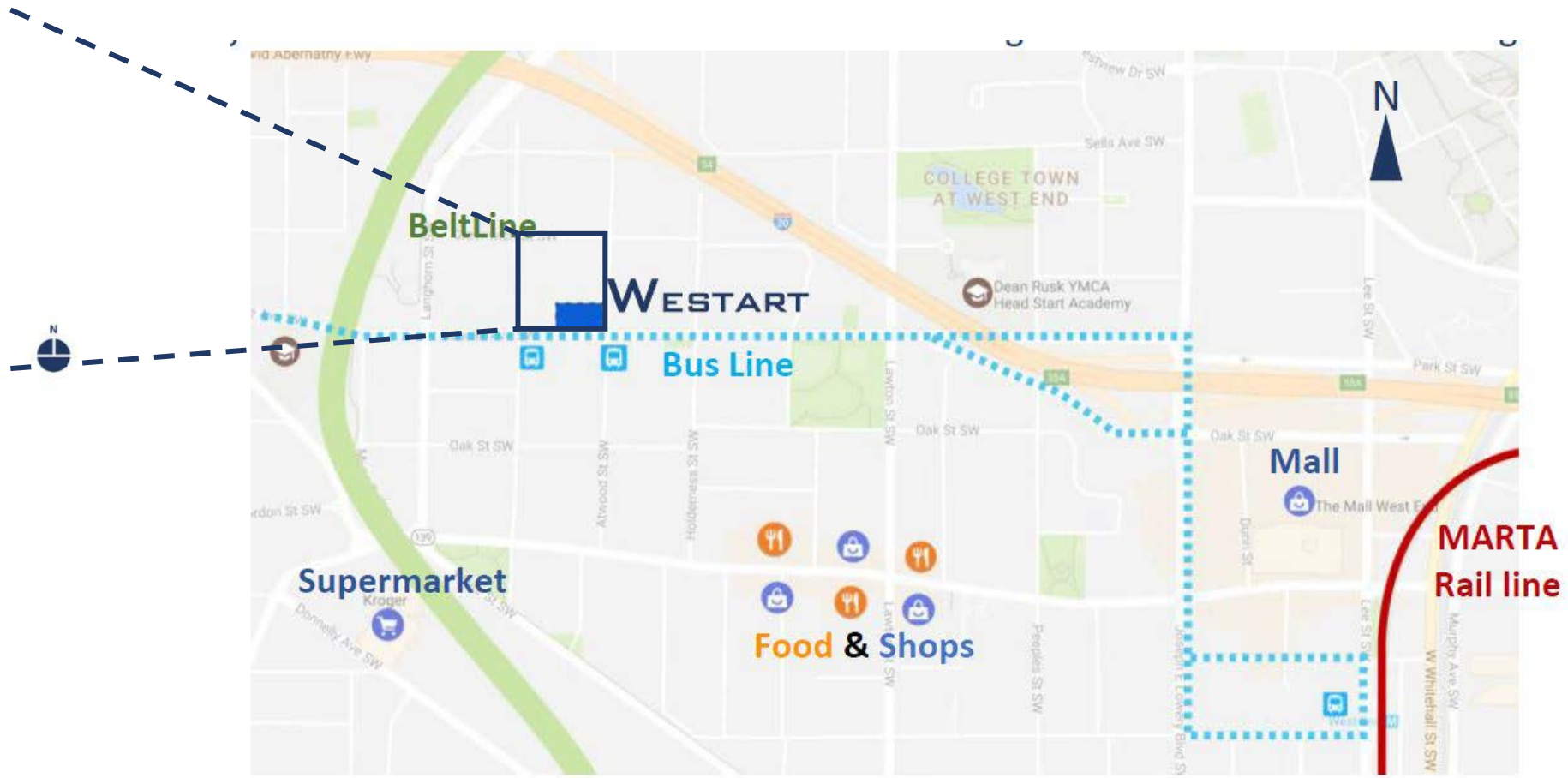


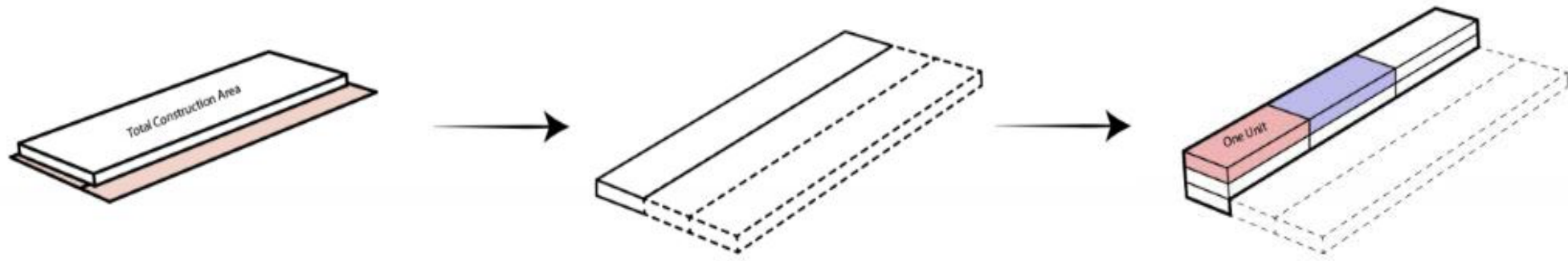
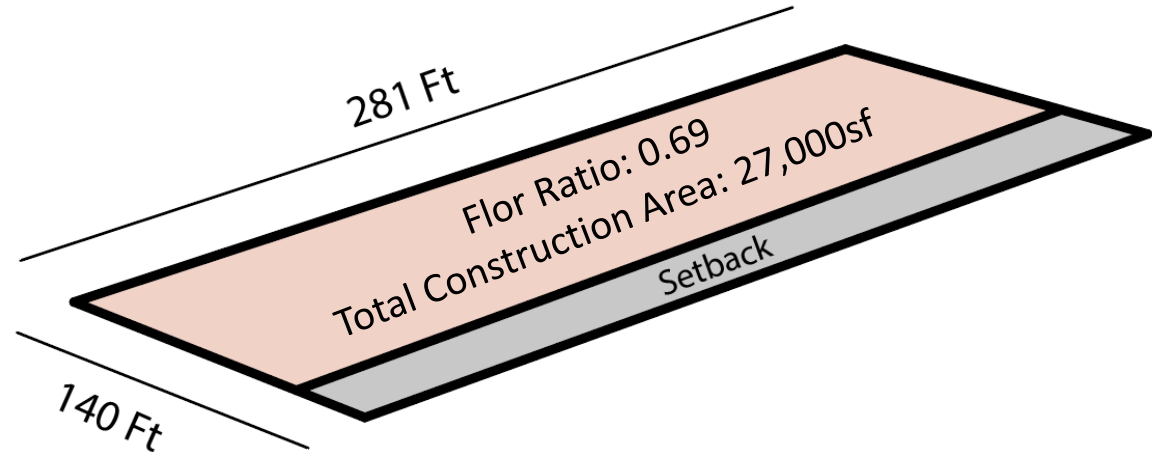
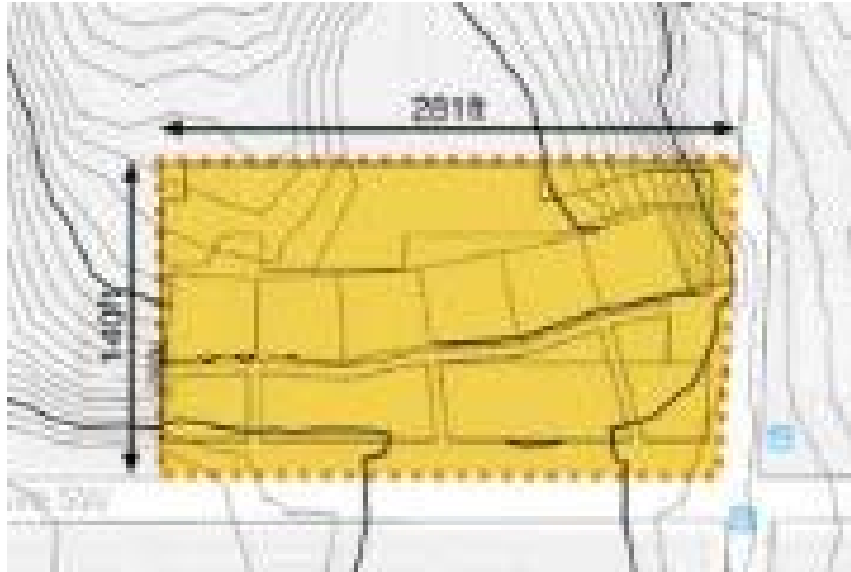
All the residents of Westart should have equal access to natural energy resources.

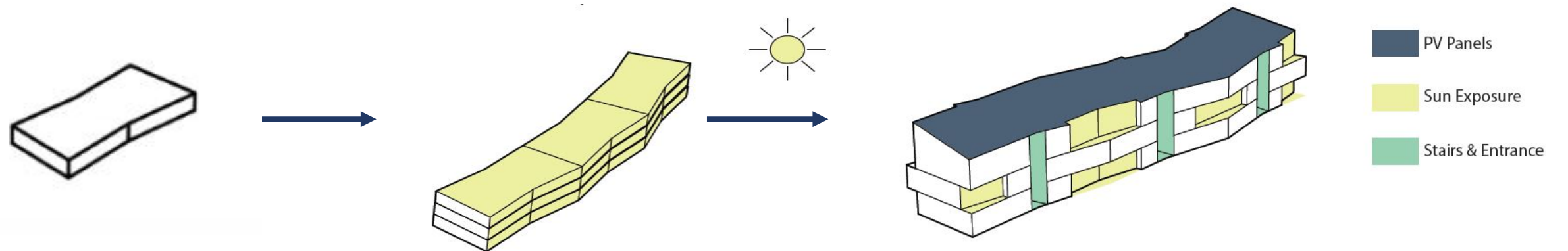
We should minimize the energy and construction cost of Westart.



Westart have small units with no loss in functionality in order to provide a cost-effective living standard for the local residents.











Unit A
Studio for single or young couple.
463 sf



Unit B
 Studio for single or young couple.
 933 sf

Introduction

Architecture

Constructability

Envelope Performance
and Durability

Interior Design, Lighting
and Appliances

Innovation

Financial Analysis

Energy Analysis

Indoor Air Quality
and Ventilation

Mechanical, Electrical and
Plumbing Design

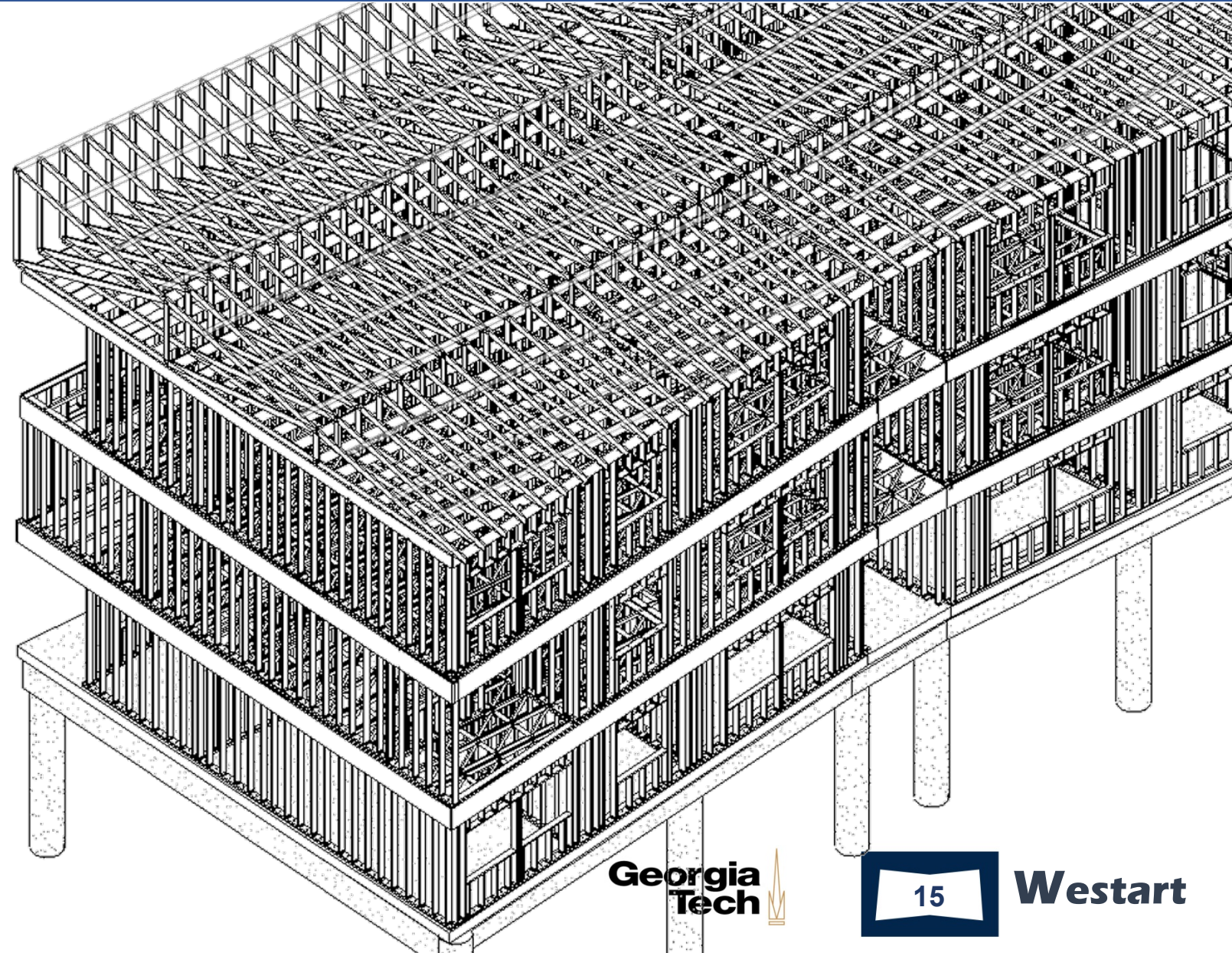


Structure

- Concrete for foundation.
- Truss system for floors and Roof.
- Load-bearing Walls.

Floor Truss

- 2"x20" truss for the floor framing.
- 4 inches sprayed polyurethane foam for acoustic and thermal insulation.
- Cavity of the truss can also be used for the distribution of pipes and fresh air ducts

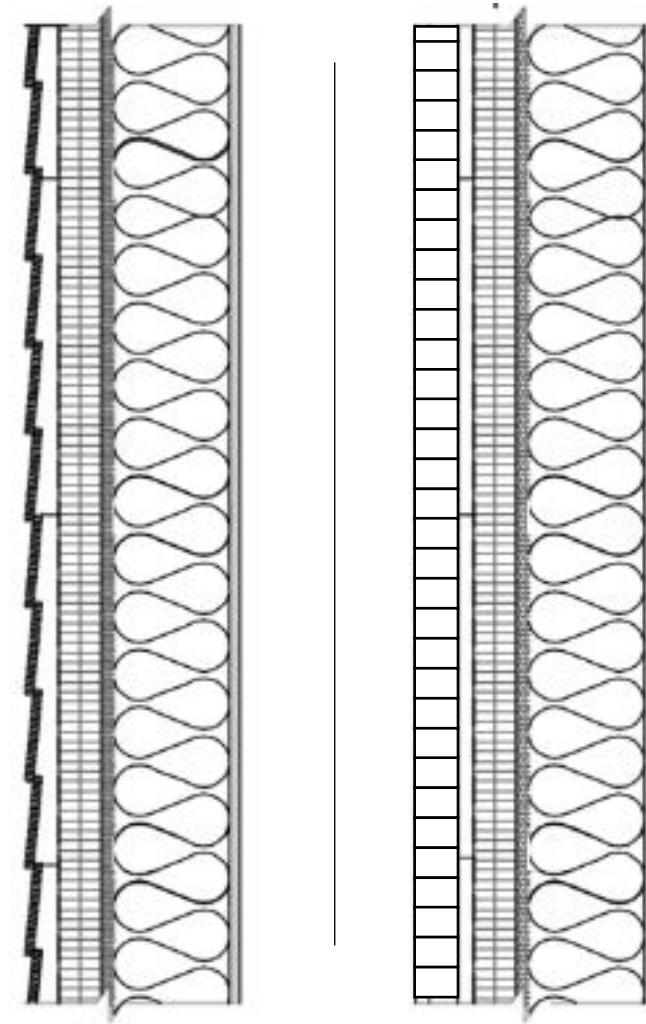


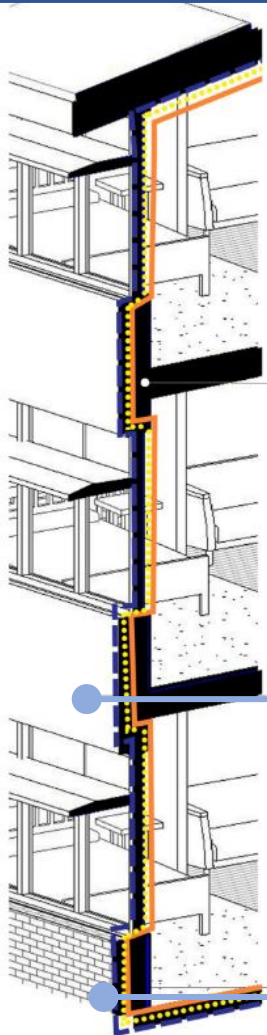
Exterior Wall

Left (Outside) – Right (Inside):

- Wood siding or Bricks.
- Air Gap
- Tyvek air & water barrier with sealing tapes.
- 2 inches XPS board, R of 10
- Plywood
- 5.5 inches Wood Stud, cavity filled with Fiberglass “R of 21”.
- Gypsum Board
- And Semi-permeable, 5 perm.

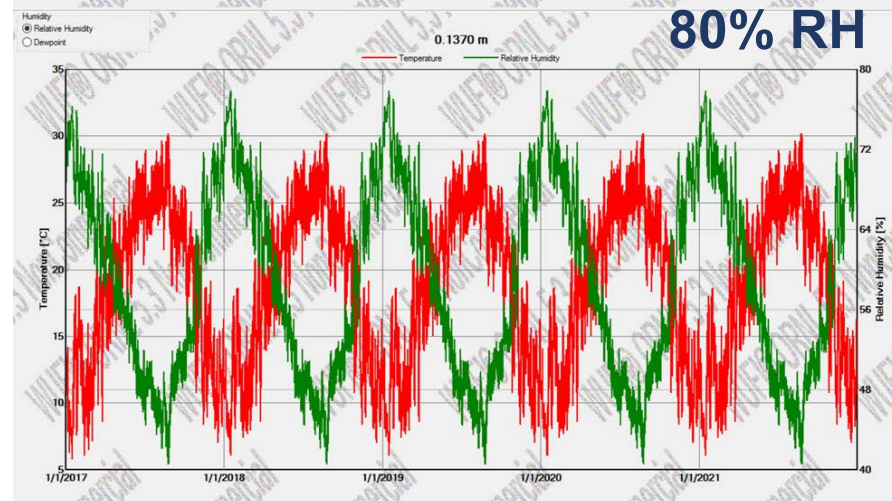
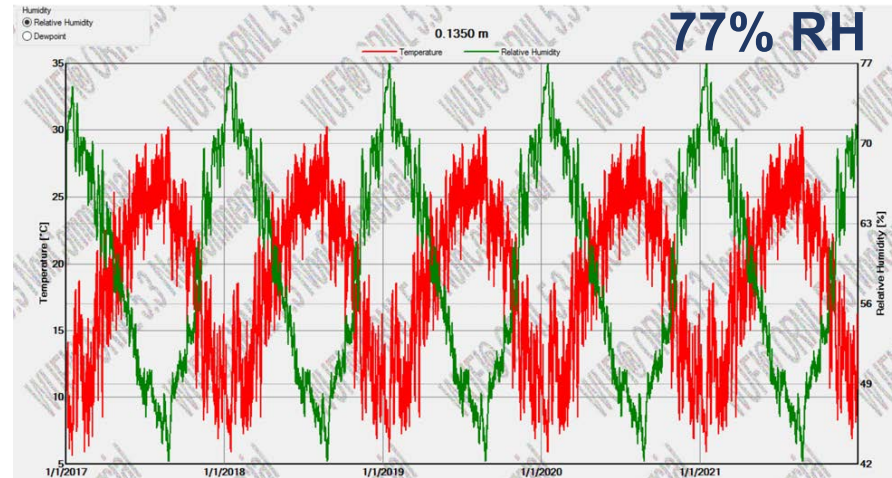
Total R-Value are around 37 for both exterior wall types.



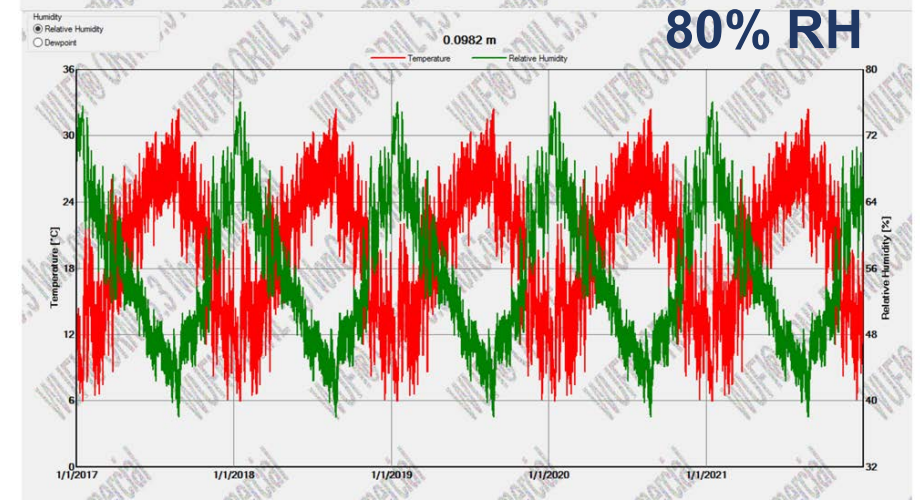
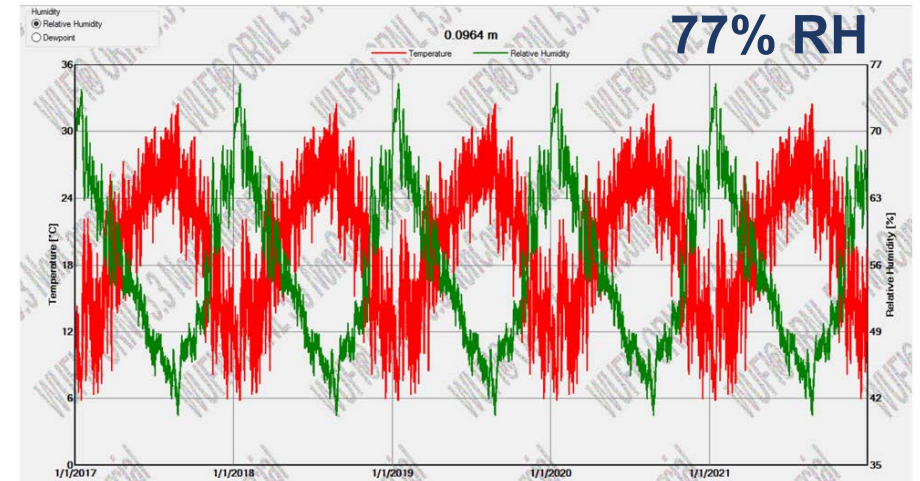


Exterior Wall with siding

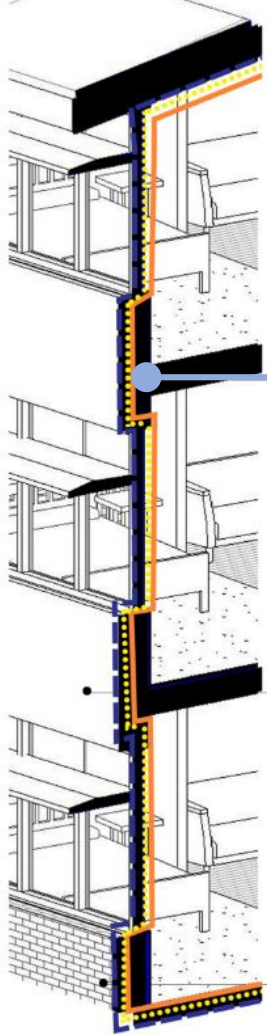
Exterior Wall with brick tile



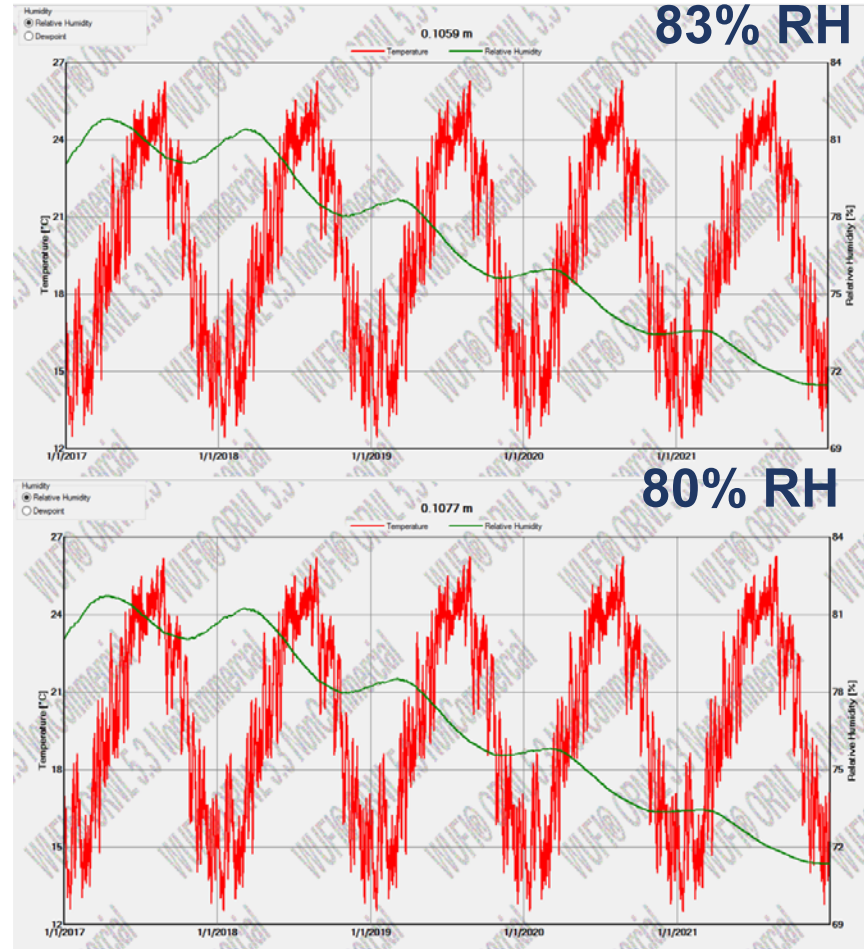
Exterior Wall with brick tile



Exterior Wall with siding

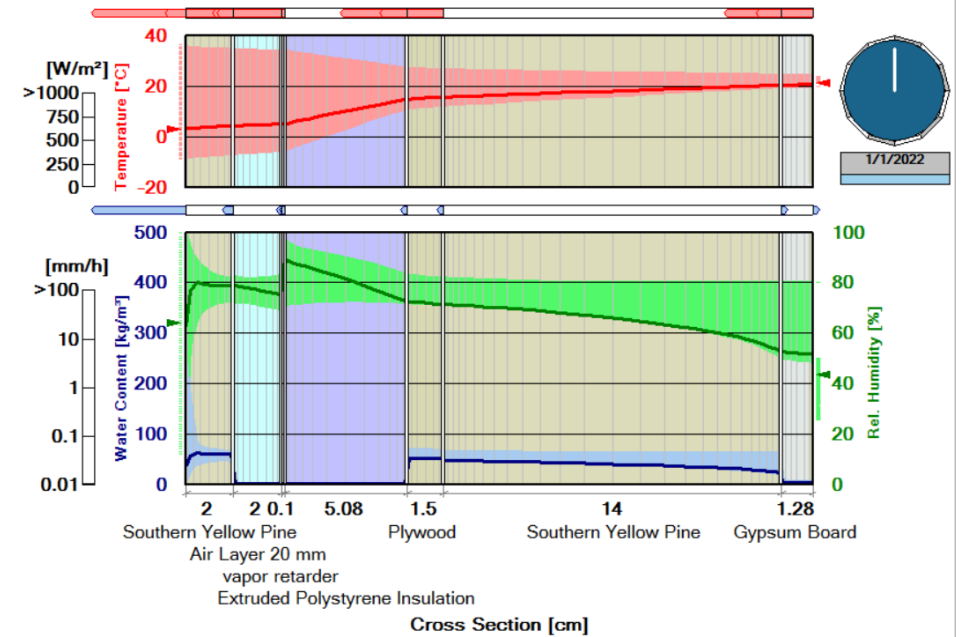


Weak point



Weak Point

Location: Atlanta, GA; cold year;



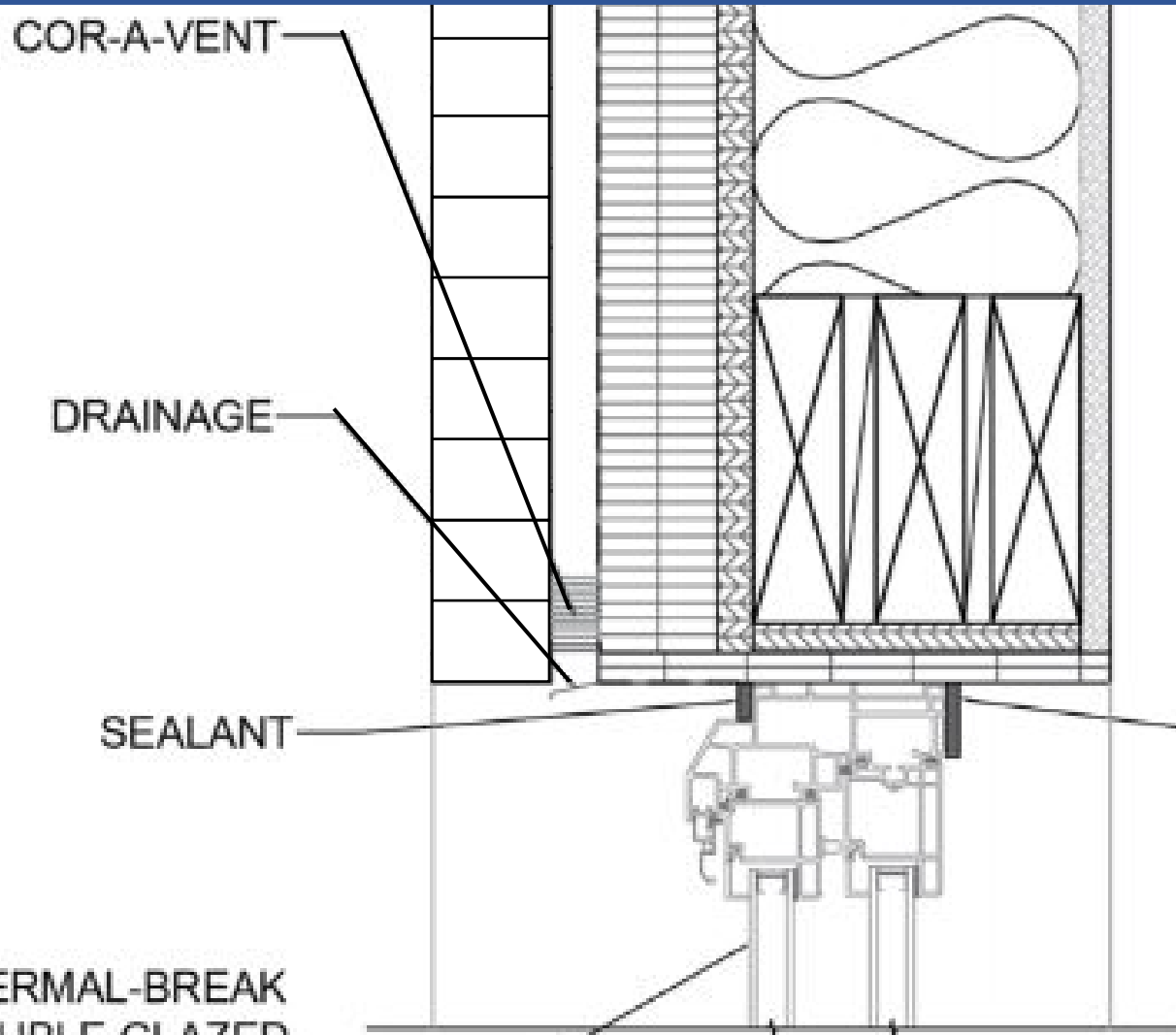
COR-A-VENT

DRAINAGE

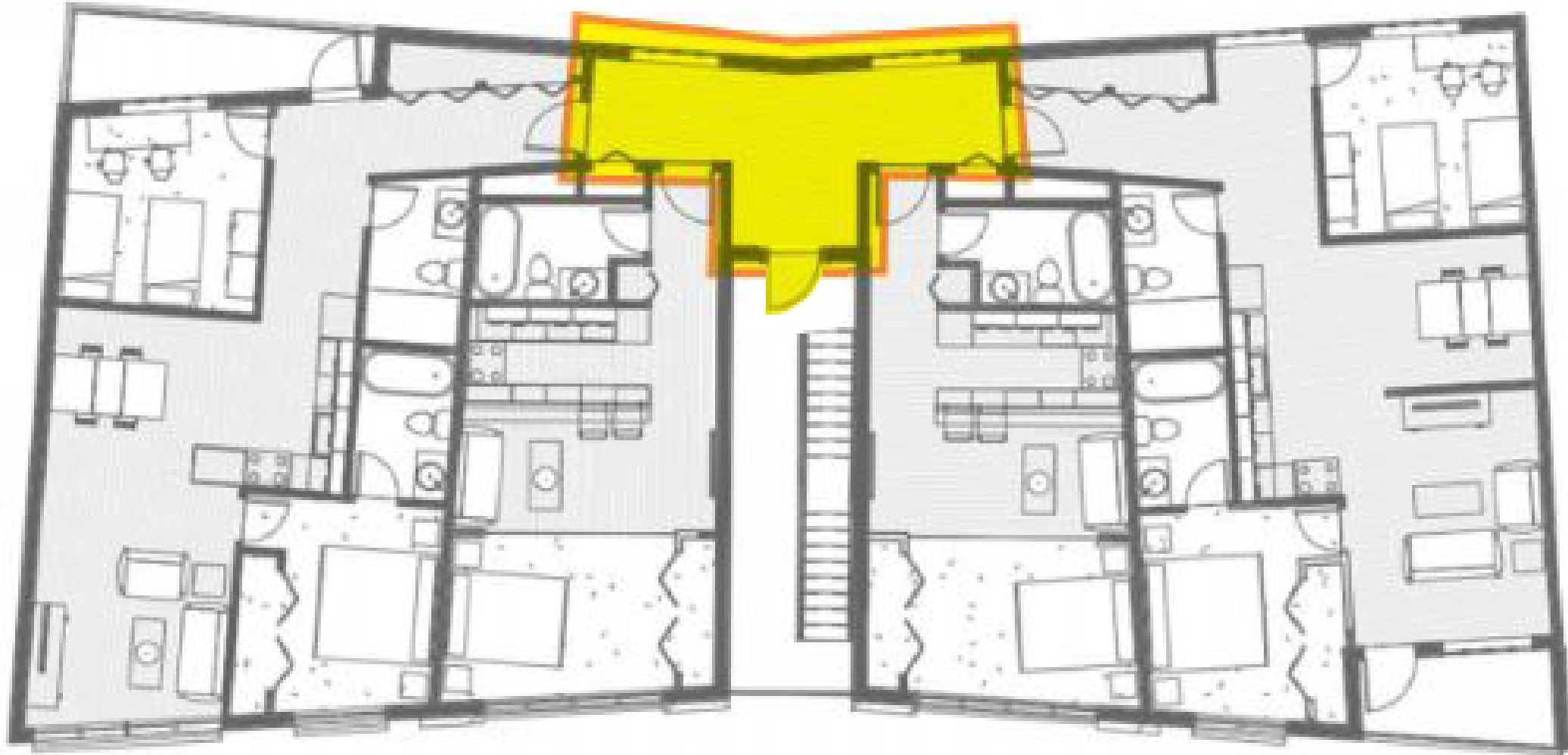
SEALANT

SEALANT

THERMAL-BREAK VINYL DOUBLE GLAZED SLIDES WINDOW

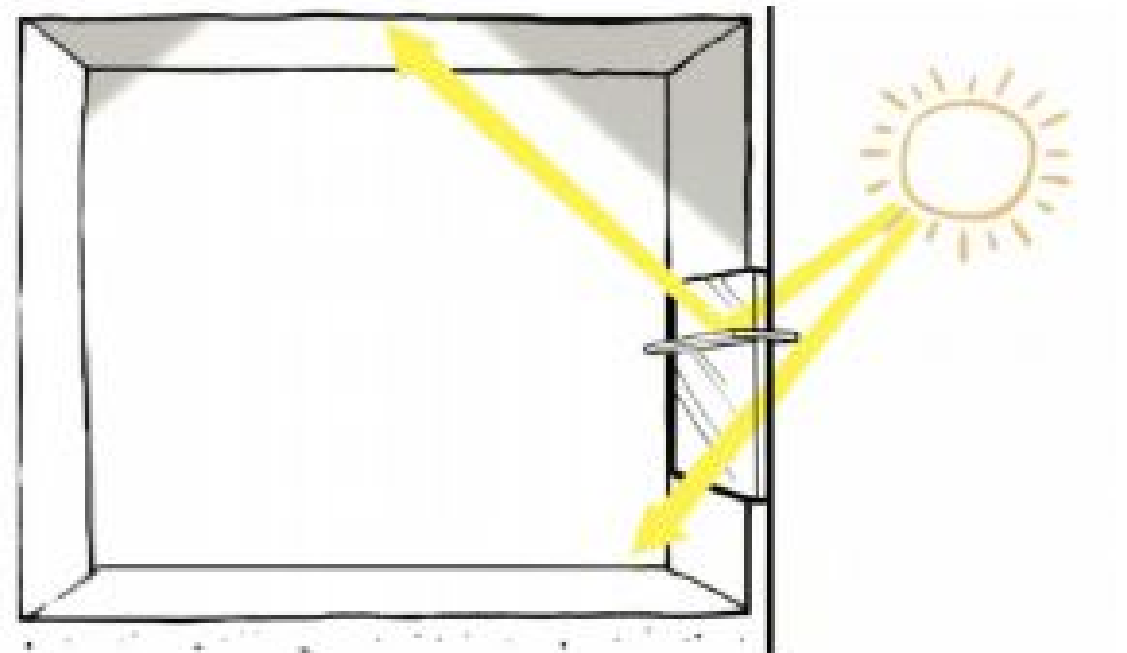


Thermal Properties:
 U-Value 0.48
 Emissivity 0.3
 Solar Transmittance 0.3

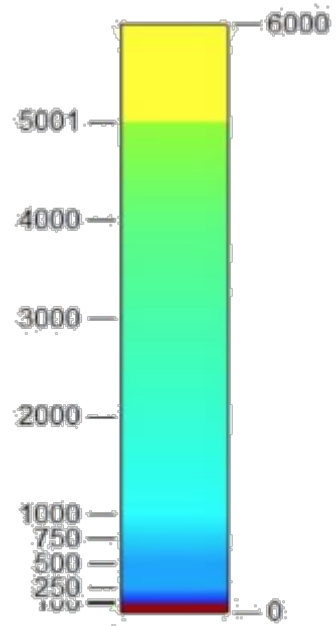




Light Shelf

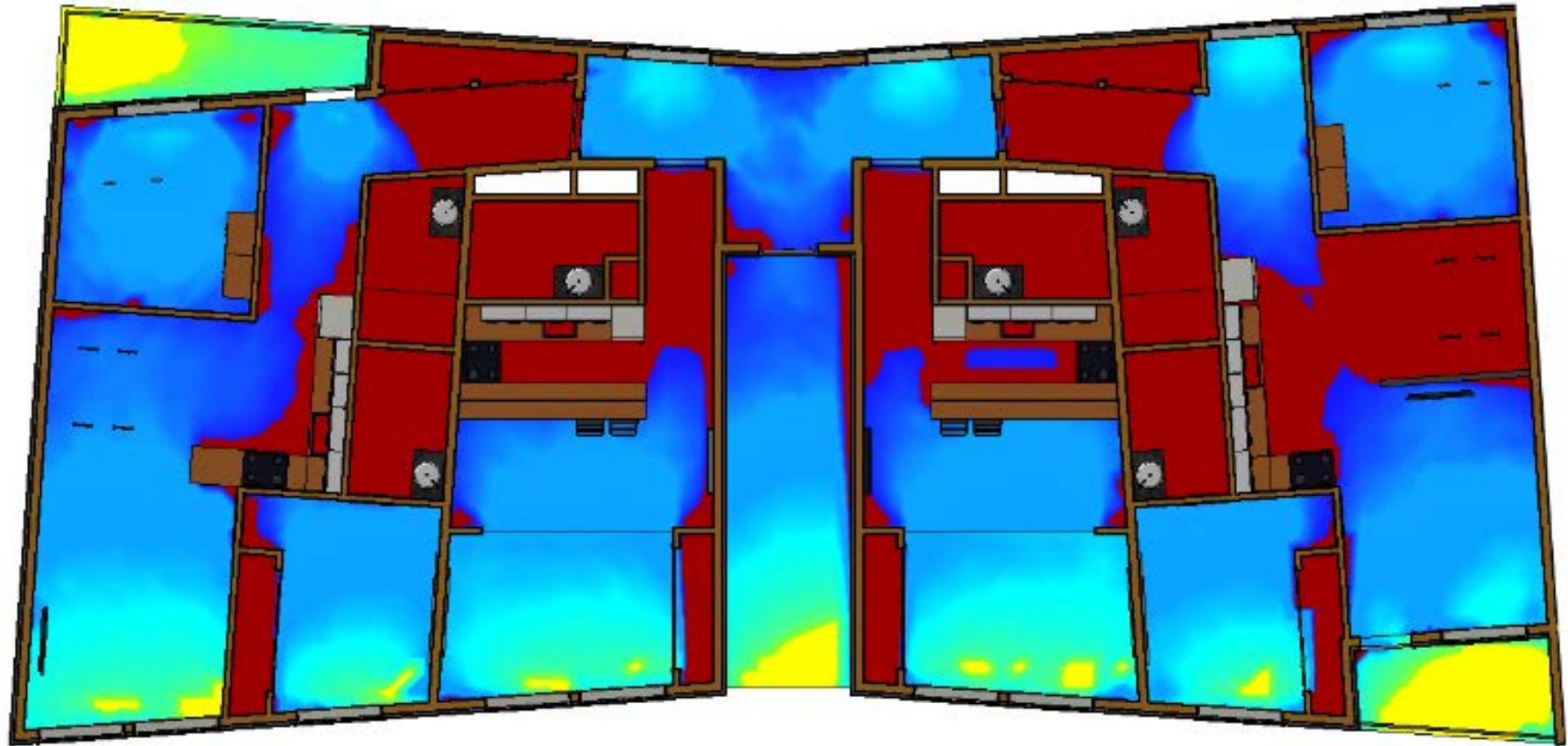


Illuminance Map

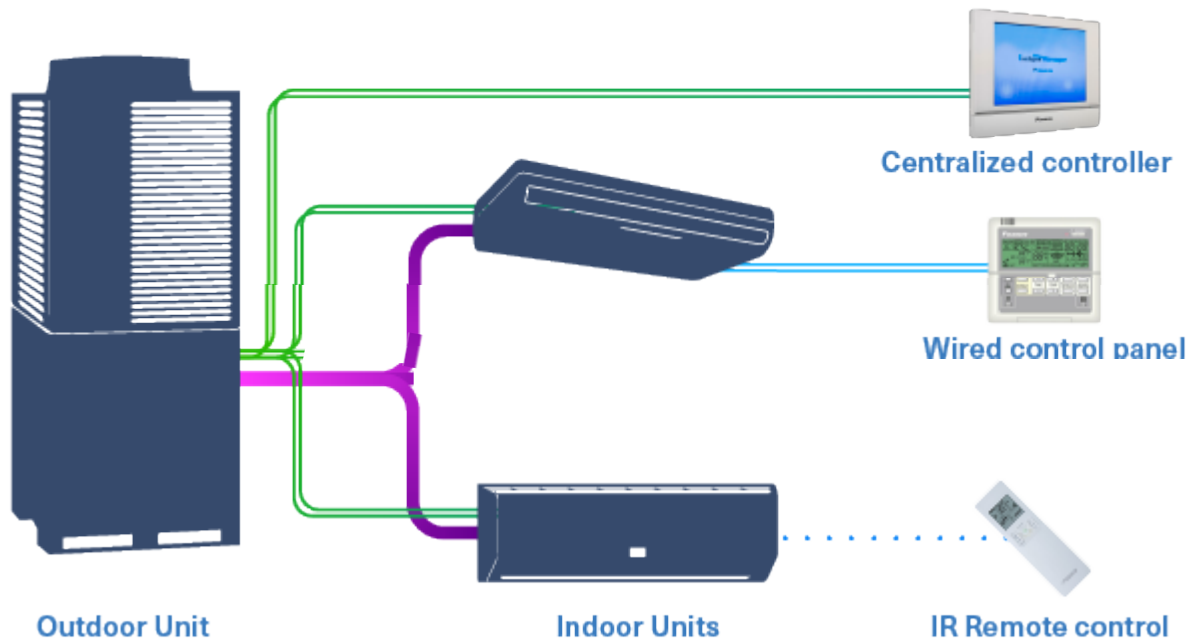


Results of Lighting Analysis

Ix: 9/21 3pm



Variable Refrigerant Flow (VRF) System

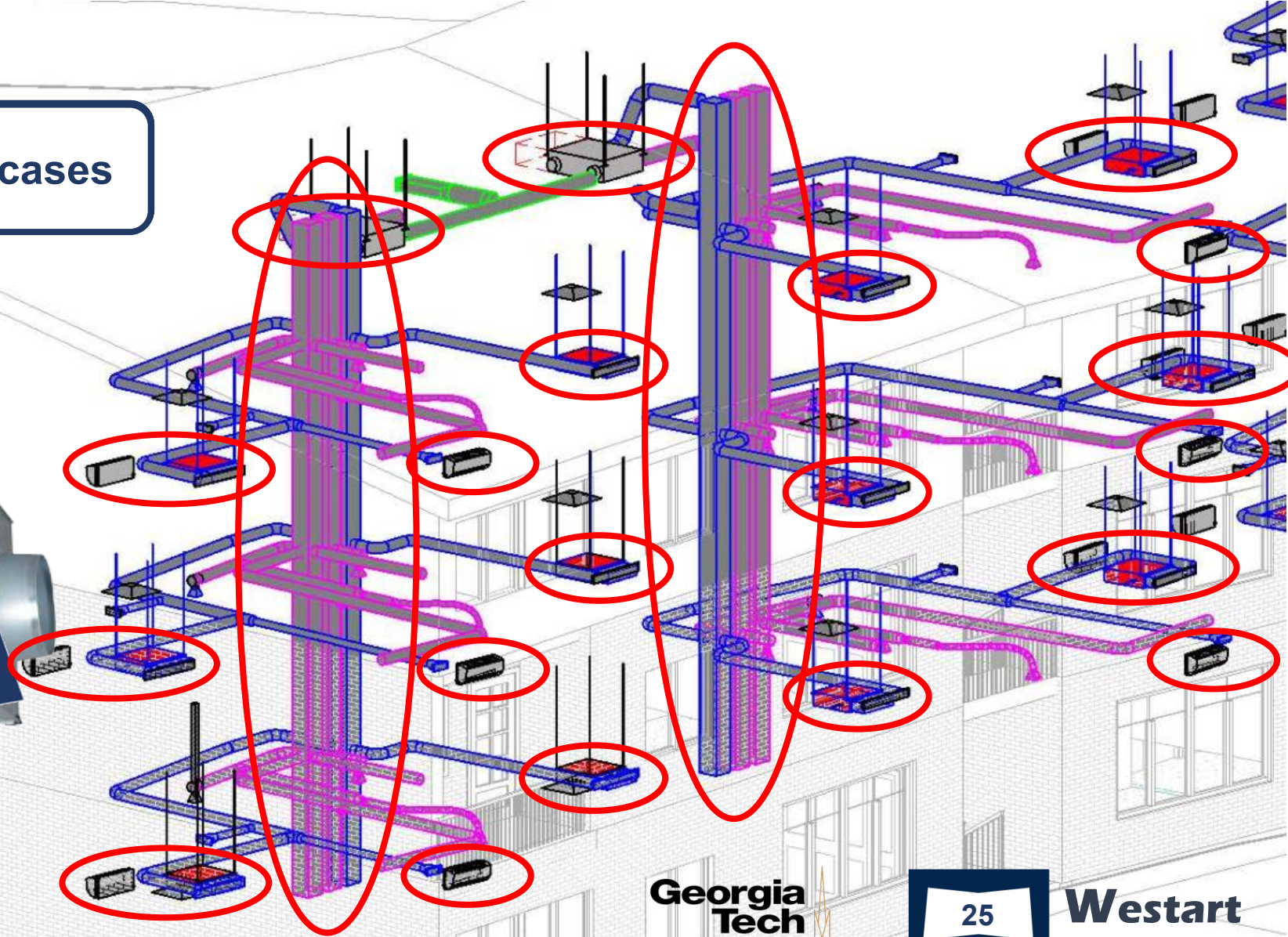


1. For a multi-family building, a centralized system has a **higher efficiency** and **lower cost** compared to split air conditioners.

2. Since Atlanta has a **moderate summer and winter**, air source heat pump is the best option for both cooling and heating.

3. Different families in a multi-family building have **different schedules**, and VRF systems have the **best partial load performance**.

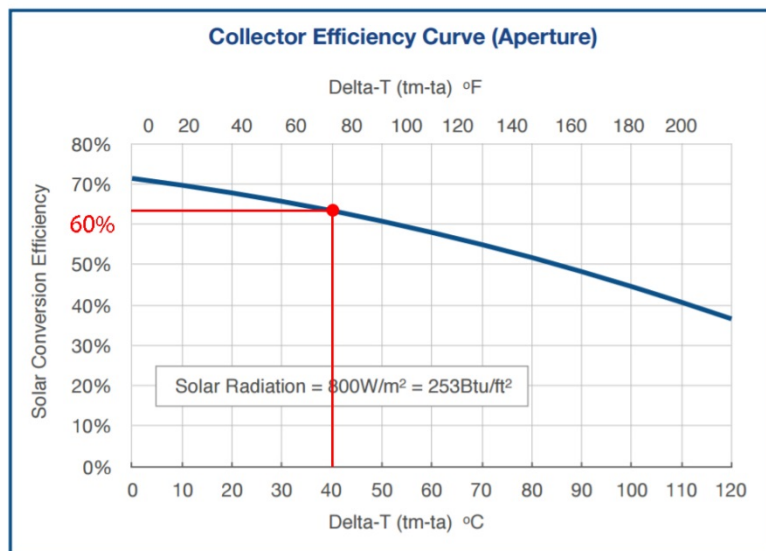
Vertical Shafts Near the Staircases



Option 1:
PV + Heat pump water heater (HPWH)

Efficiency of PV modules	Annual average COP of HPWH	Total system efficiency of HPWH
20%	× 2	= 40%

Option 2:
Solar water heater



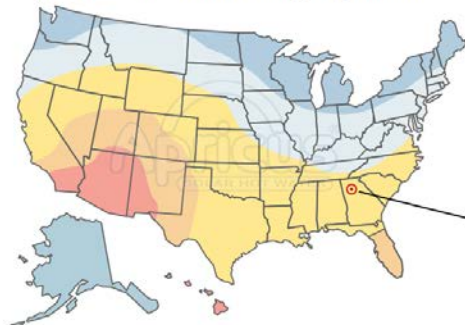
Efficiency of solar water heater for Atlanta

60%

50% higher

Step 1: Sizing map

Apricus AP Solar Collector Sizing Map for USA



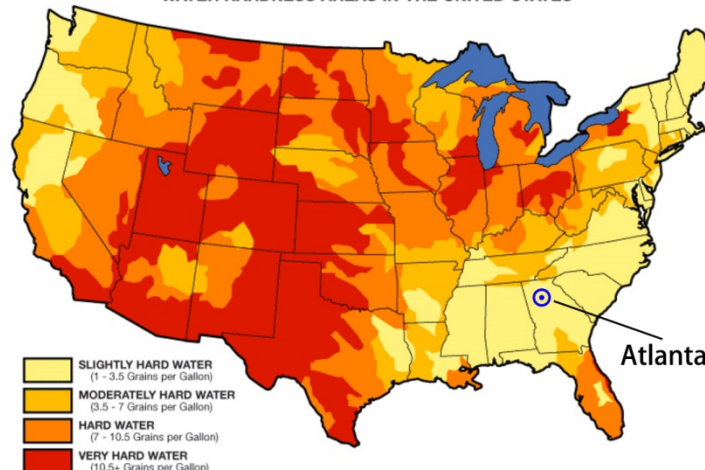
Atlanta

CLIMATE	Number of People in the Household							
	3 people		4 people		5 people		6 people	
	Tank Size*	Collectors**	Tank Size*	Collectors**	Tank Size*	Collectors**	Tank Size*	Collectors**
HOT	60gal / 250L	1 x AP-20	80gal / 300L	1 x AP-20	80gal / 300L	1 x AP-30	80gal / 300L	1 x AP-30
↑	60gal / 250L	1 x AP-20	80gal / 300L	1 x AP-30	80gal / 300L	1 x AP-30	120gal / 450L	2 x AP-20
↕	80gal / 300L	1 x AP-20	80gal / 300L	1 x AP-30	80gal / 300L	1 x AP-30	120gal / 450L	2 x AP-30
↓	80gal / 300L	1 x AP-30	80gal / 300L	1 x AP-30	120gal / 450L	2 x AP-20	120gal / 450L	2 x AP-30
COLD	80gal / 300L	1 x AP-30	80gal / 300L	2 x AP-20	120gal / 450L	2 x AP-30	120gal / 450L	2 x AP-30

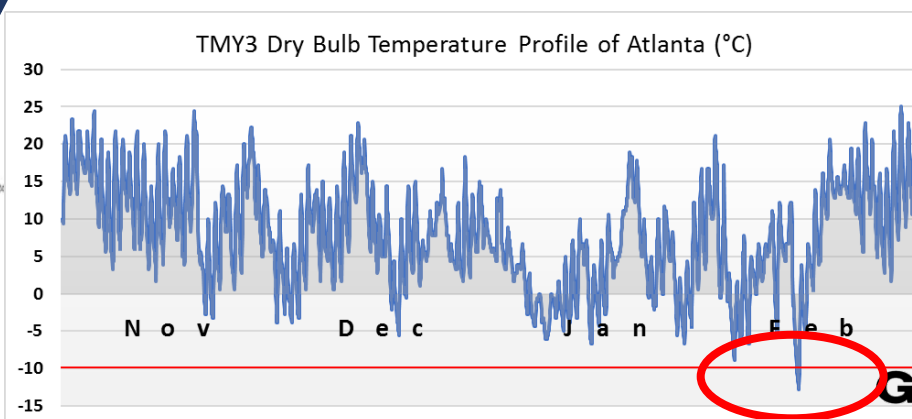
* Suggested minimum solar storage tank capacity in US gallons or Litres.
** Apricus AP 20 and 30 tube evacuated tube solar collectors

Step 2: Direct flow system

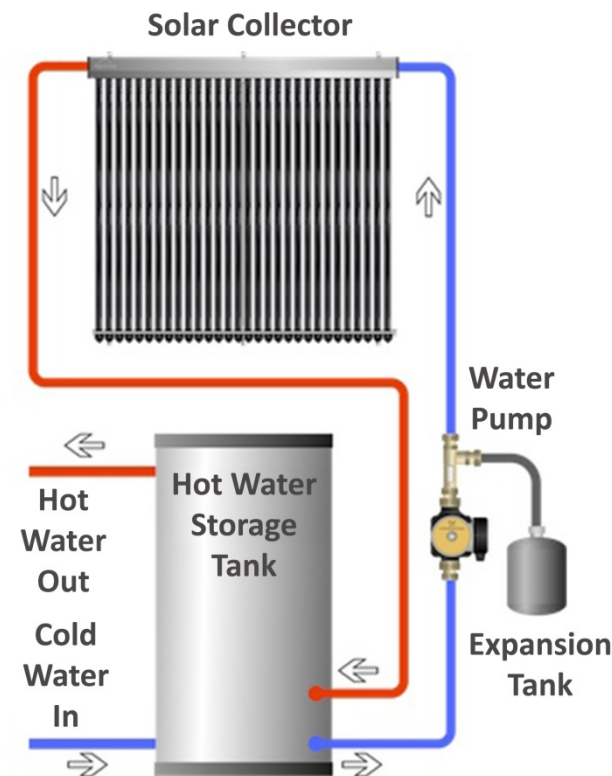
WATER HARDNESS AREAS IN THE UNITED STATES



Atlanta



Step 3: Done!



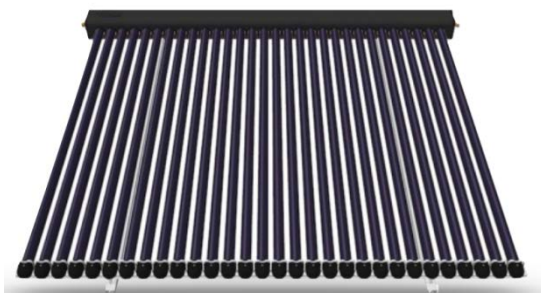
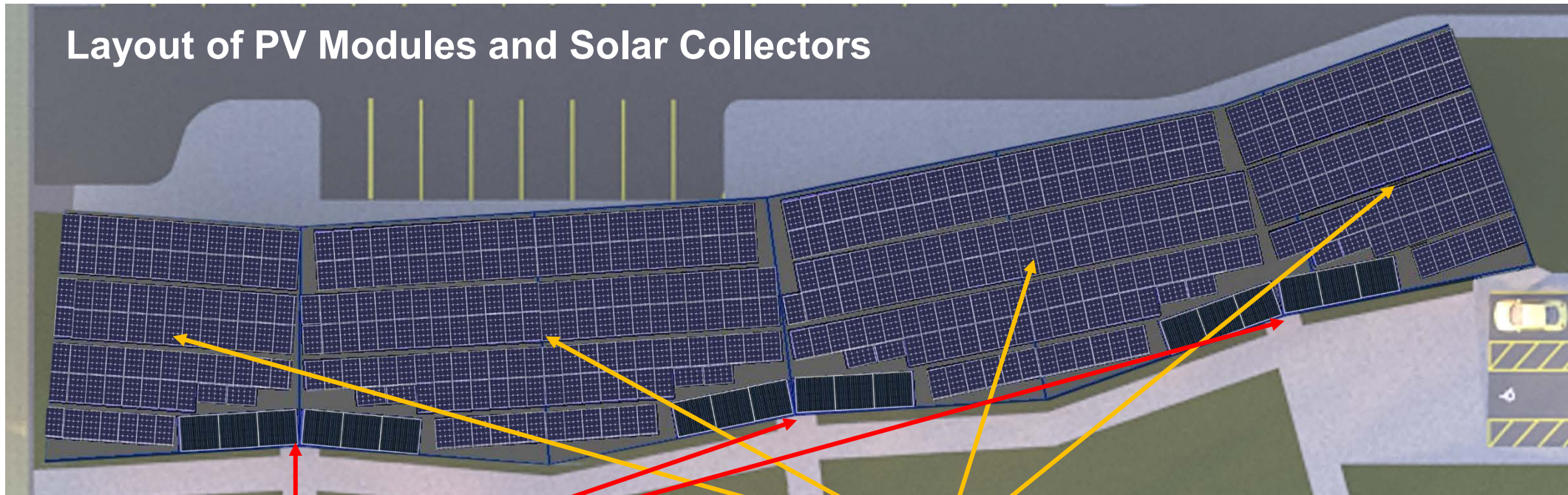
**Annual electricity consumption:
212,000 kWh (ac)**

**System size:
149 kW**

Option number	Module size	Number of PV Modules	Actual System Size (Wattage)	PV module efficiency	Module Area (m ²)	Total PV Module Surface Area (m ²)
1	280W (60-cell) (e.g. SolarWorld or Suniva)	533	149,240	16.7%	1.675	892.78
2	320W (60-cell) (e.g. LG Neon2)	466	149,120	19.5%	1.64	764.24
3	350W (72-cell) (e.g. SolarWorld XL)	426	149,100	17.6%	1.993	849.02
4	245W (60-cell) (e.g. SolarWorld or Suniva)	609	149,205	15.1%	1.623	988.56



Layout of PV Modules and Solar Collectors



Unit Price	Total Price	Total Price with Tax Credits (30%)
\$2.60 per DC Watt	\$387,000	\$271,000

2017 Federal Tax Credits

Tax Credit: 30% of cost with no upper limit

Expires: December 31, 2021

Tax credits for Solar Energy Systems are available at 30% through December 31, 2019.

The credit decreases to 26% for tax year 2020; drops to 22% for tax year 2021 then expires December 31, 2021)

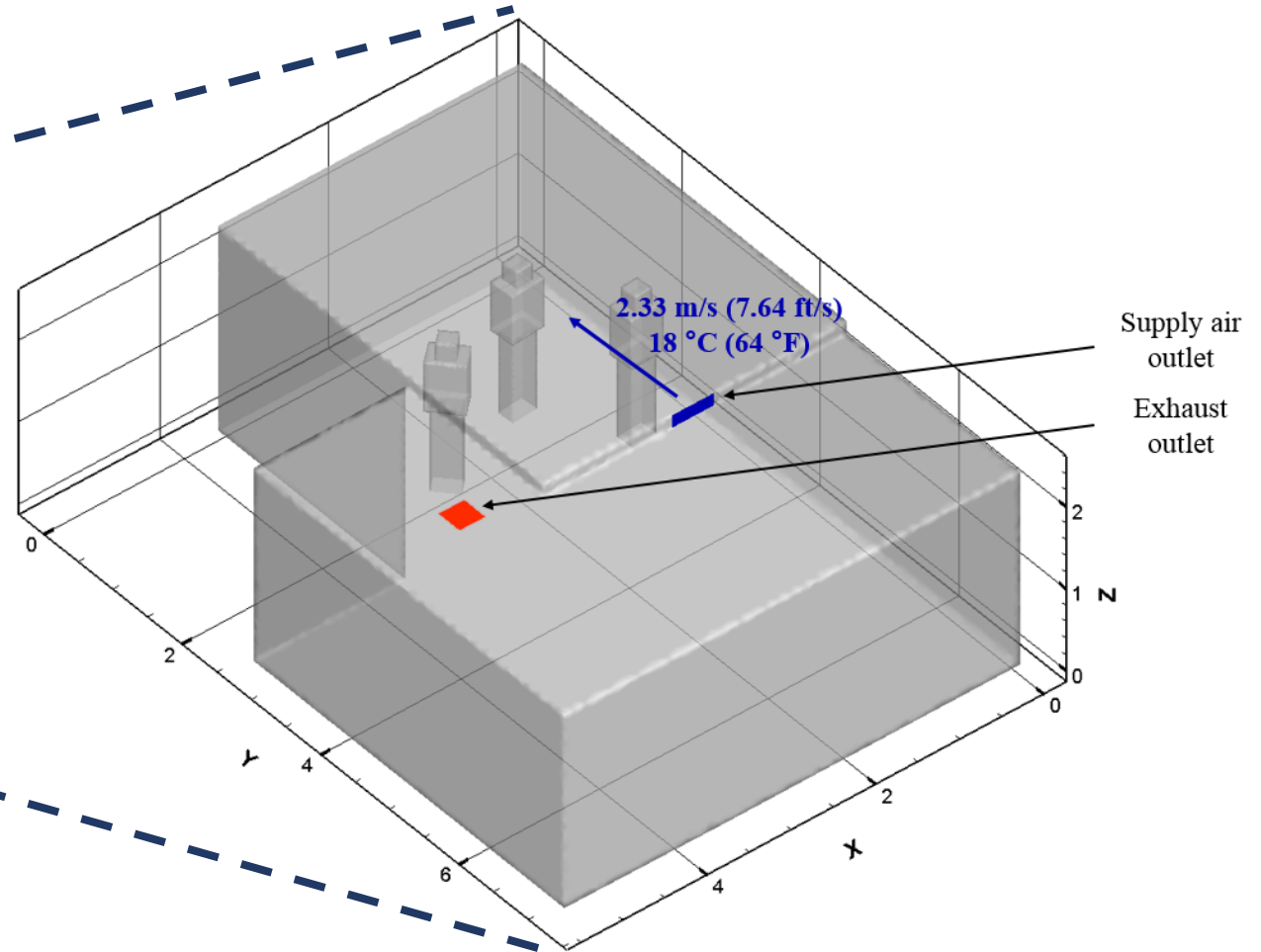
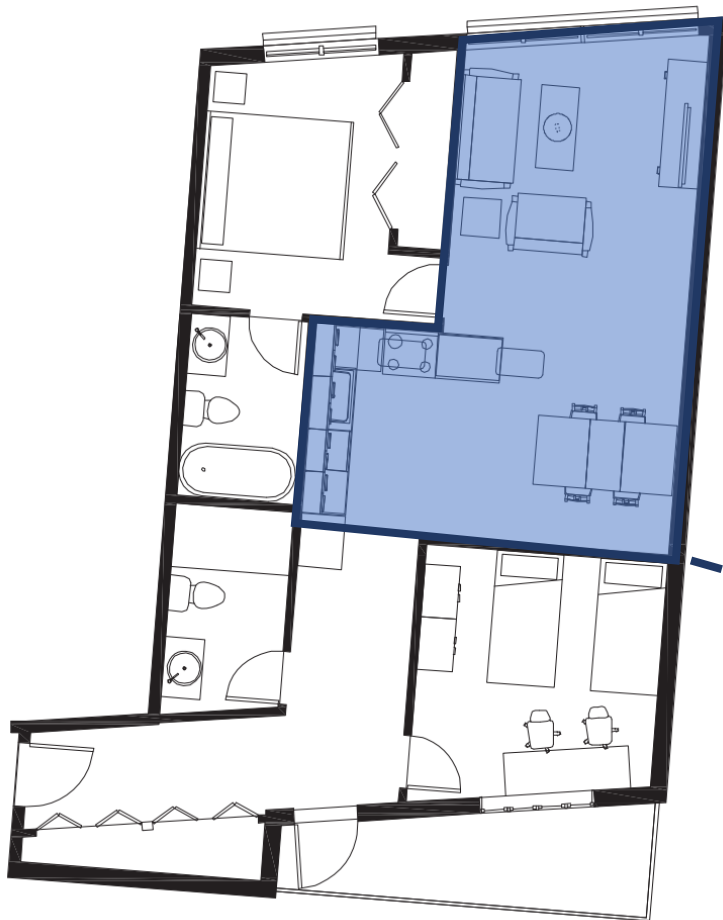
Details: Existing homes and new construction qualify. Both **principal residences** and second homes qualify.

Rentals **do not** qualify.

Solar Energy Systems

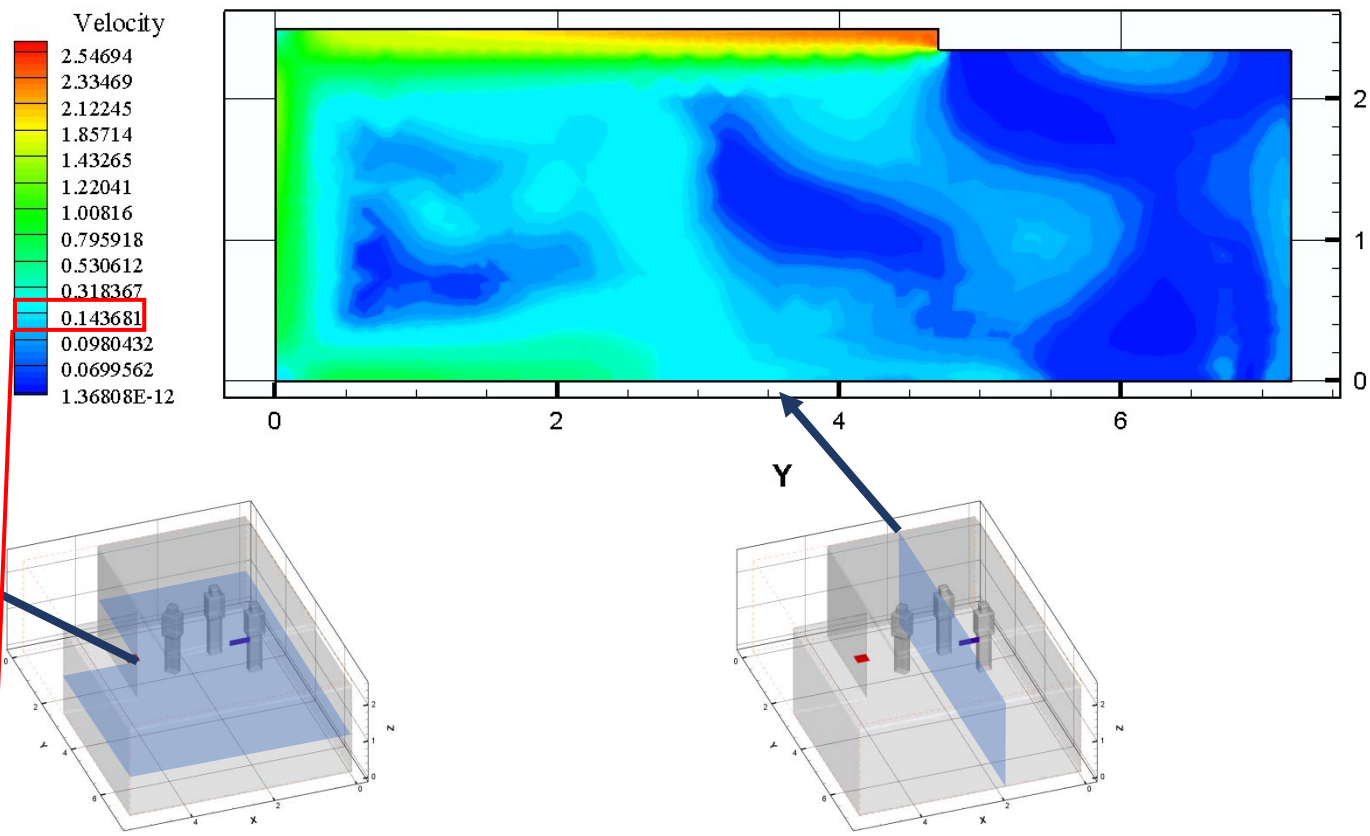
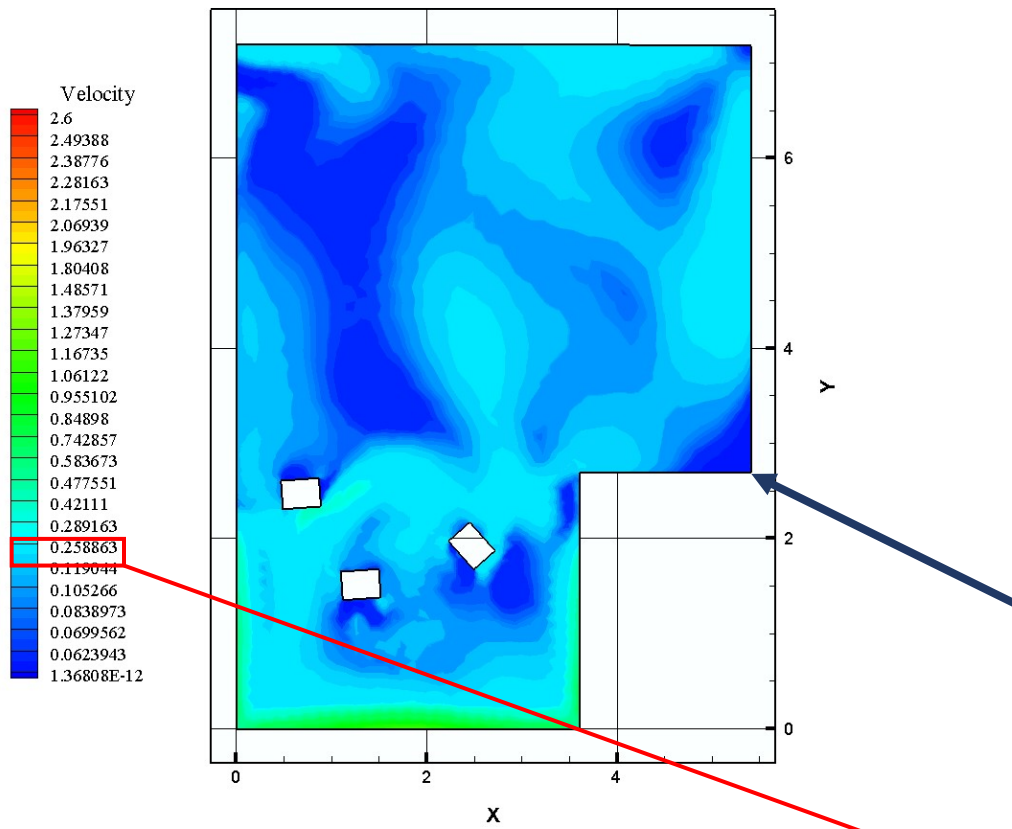


Living room of Unit B



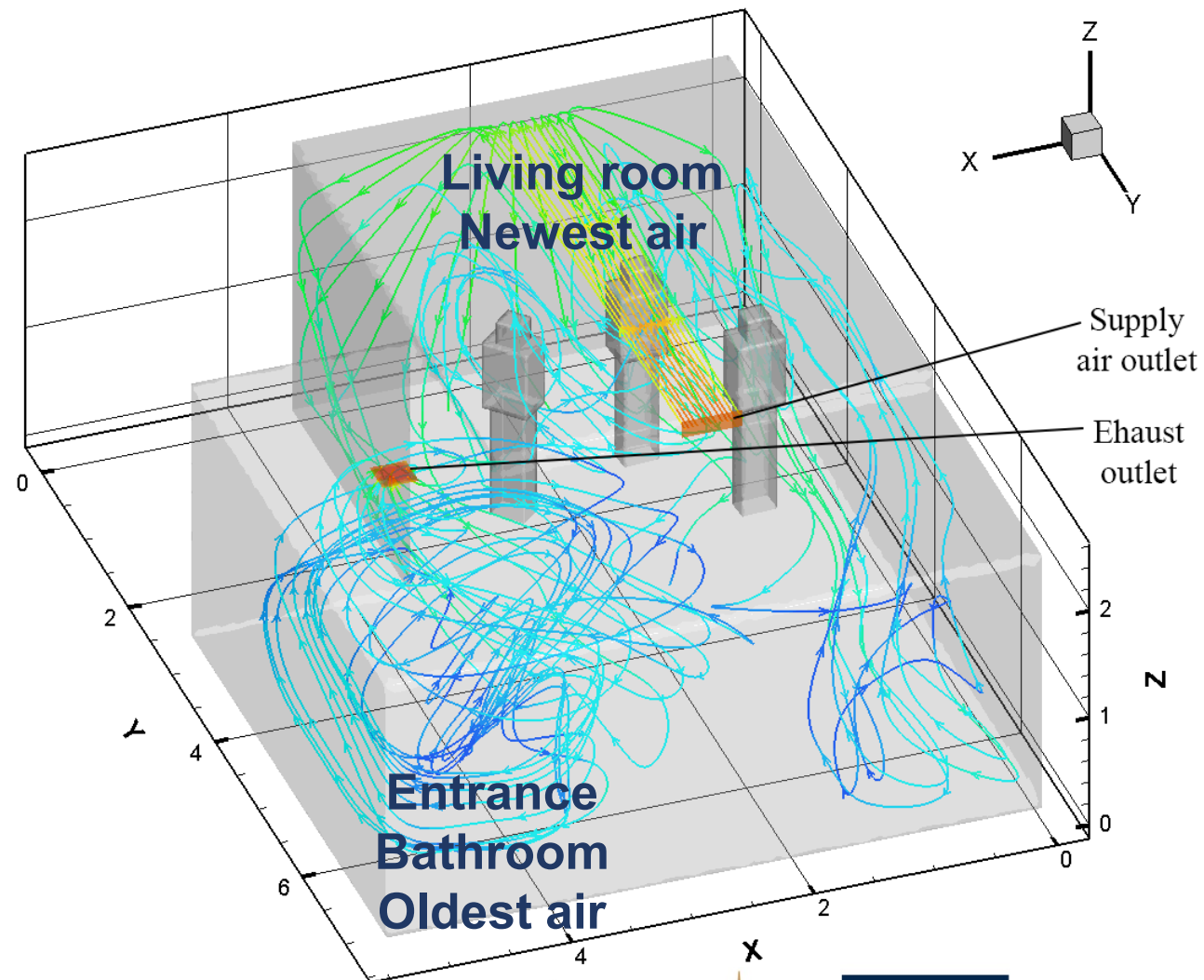
Air velocity distribution on z=1.4 section plane

Air velocity distribution on x=1.8 section plane

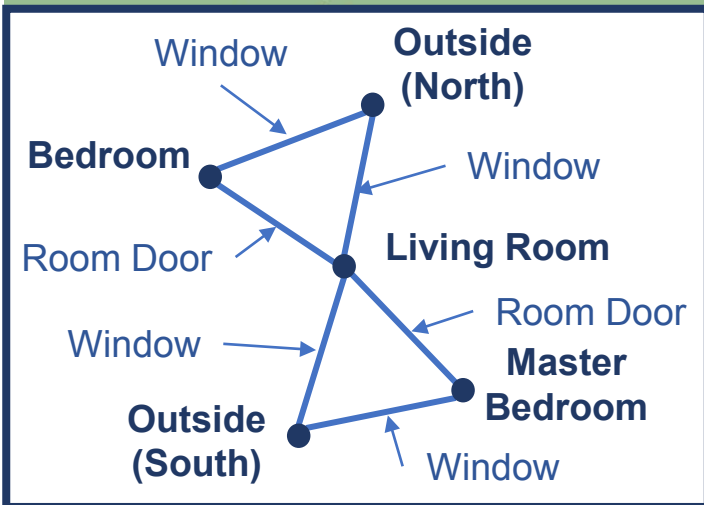
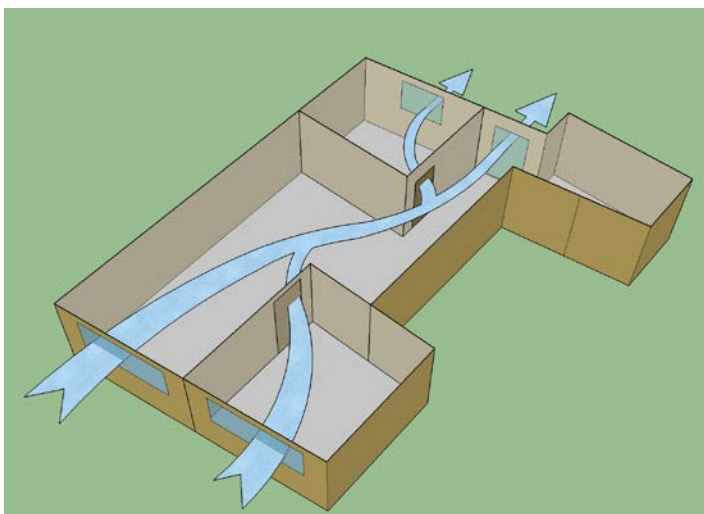


0.5 ft/s

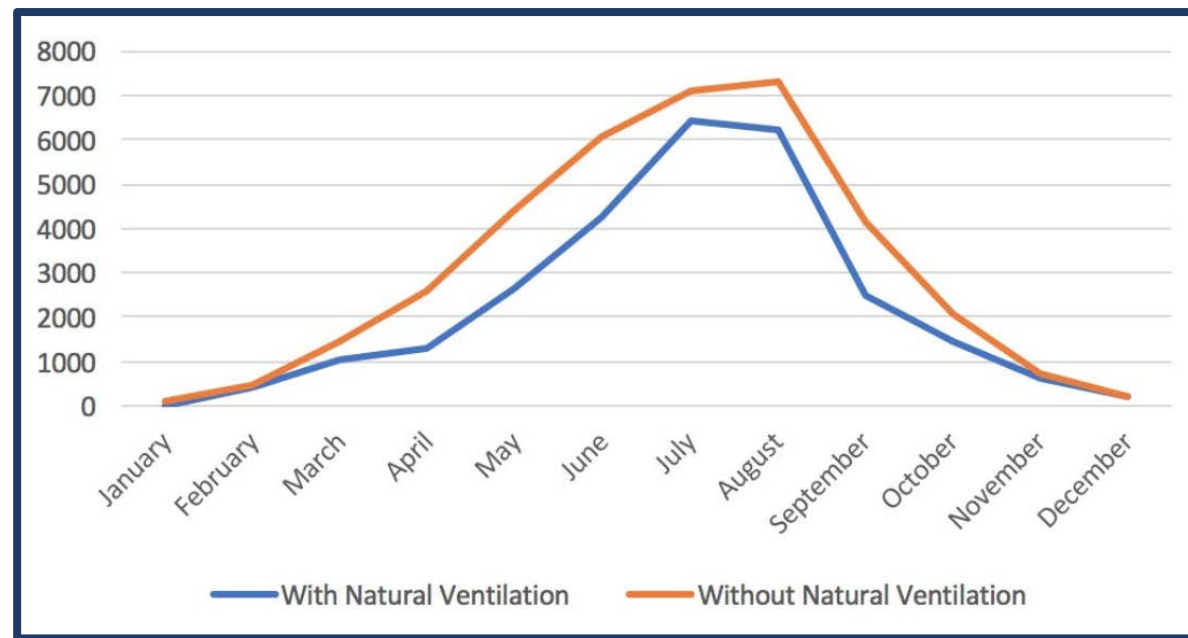
Living room of Unit B



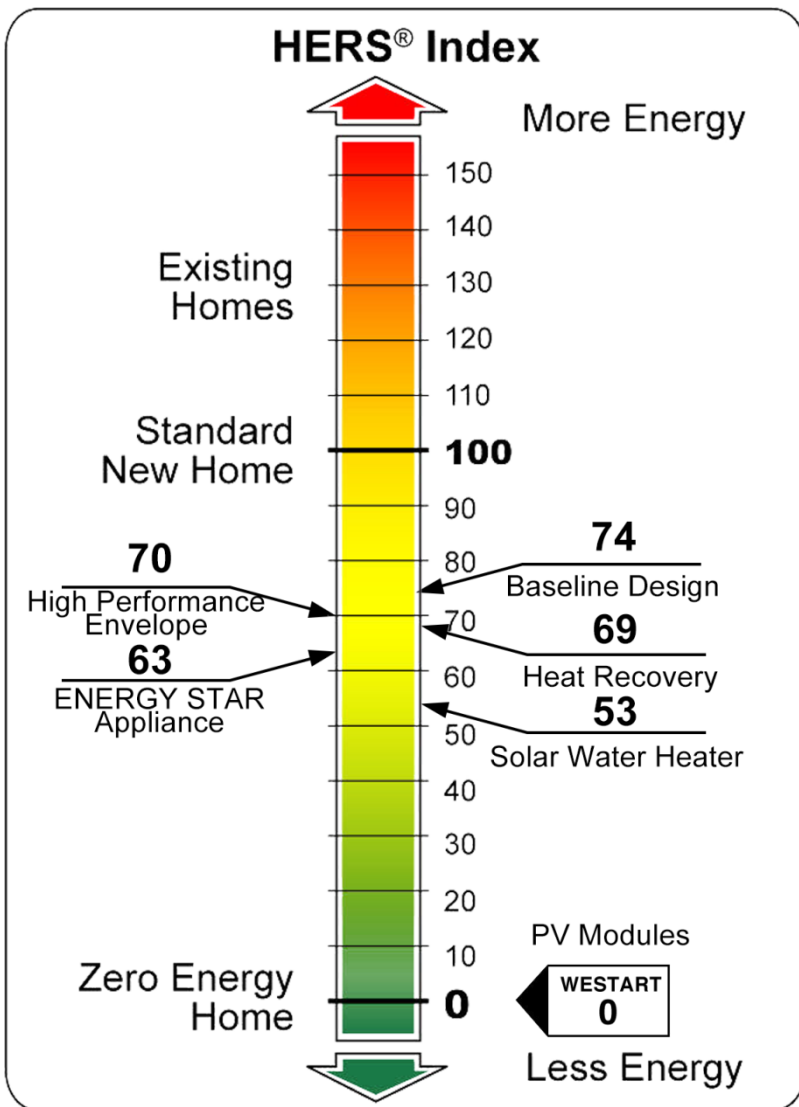
EnergyPlus Air Flow Network Model



Cooling Need with and without Natural Ventilation



Condensation and Mold Issue



74 • Baseline Design

69 • High Performance Envelope & Heat Recovery

63 • ENERGY STAR Appliances

53 • Solar Water Heater

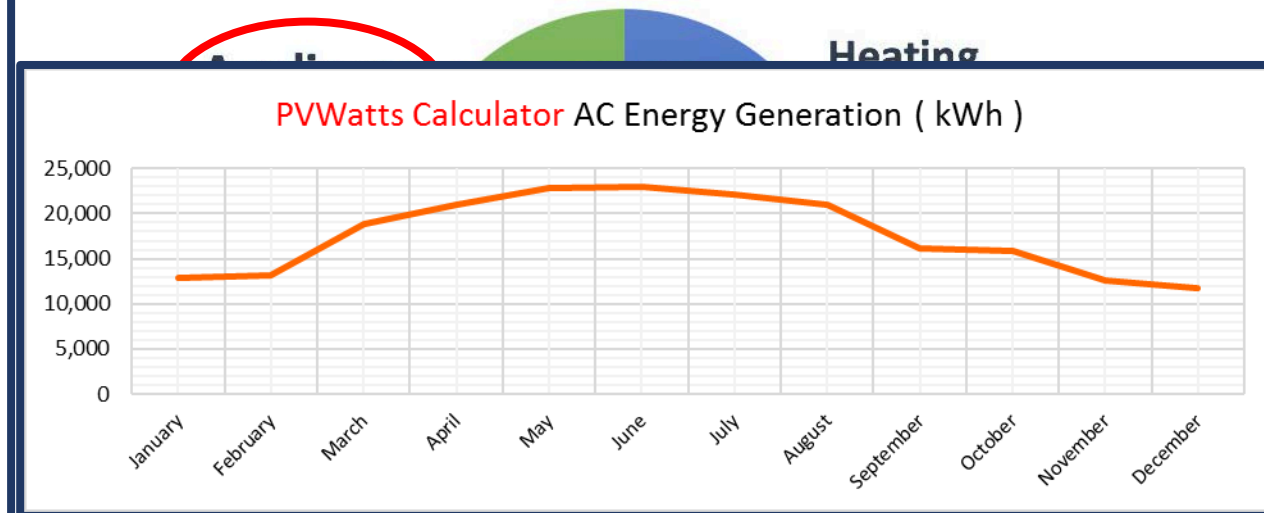
0 • PV Modules



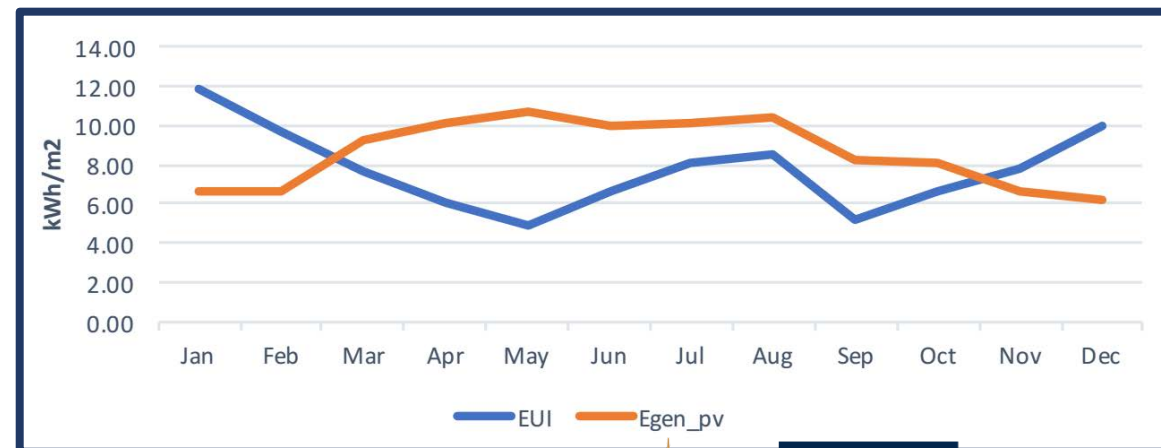
PVWatts Calculator 211,020 kWh per Year

Month	Solar Radiation (kWh/m ² /day)	AC Energy (kWh)	Energy Value (\$)
January	3.33	12,819	1,282
February	3.86	13,202	1,320
March	5.09	18,880	1,888
April	5.99	21,001	2,100
May	6.39	22,829	2,283
June	6.71	22,966	2,297
July	6.31	22,099	2,210
August	5.98	20,991	2,099
September	4.66	16,114	1,611
October	4.34	15,863	1,586
November	3.49	12,585	1,258
December	3.07	11,673	1,167
Annual	4.94	211,022	\$ 21,101

EUI Distribution



EPC Monthly Energy Consumption and Generation





Westside Atlanta Land Trust (WALT)

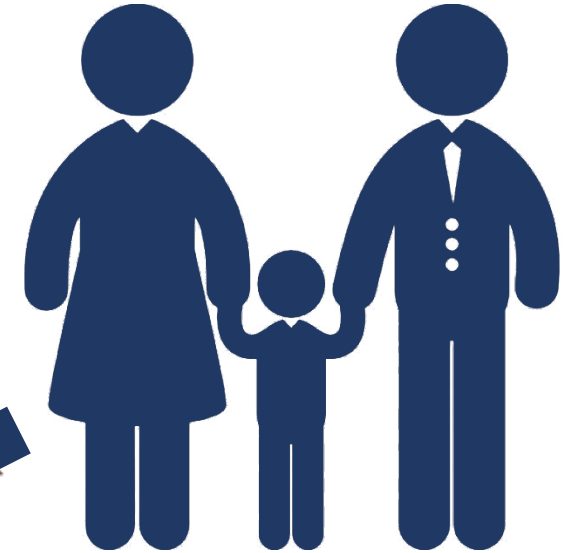
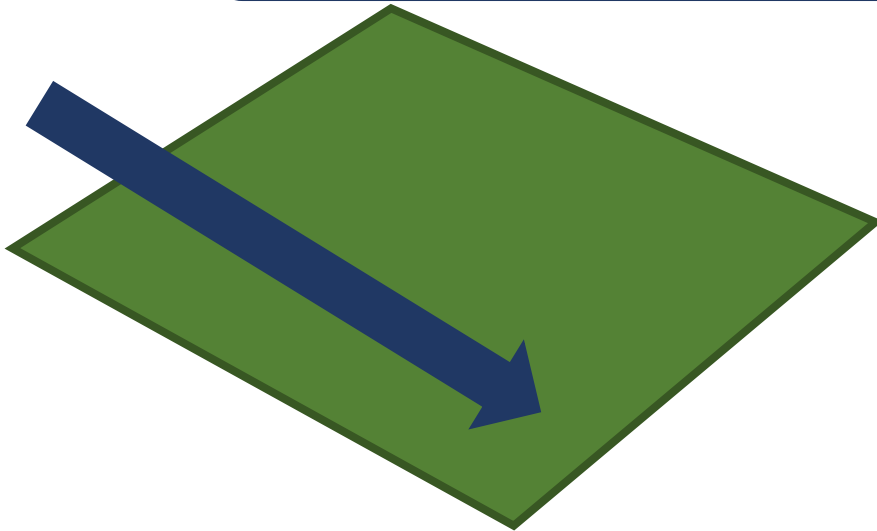


Our Discussion with WALT Staffs



Westside Atlanta Land Trust (WALT)

Leases the land to the residents at a price of **\$1** for **99 years**



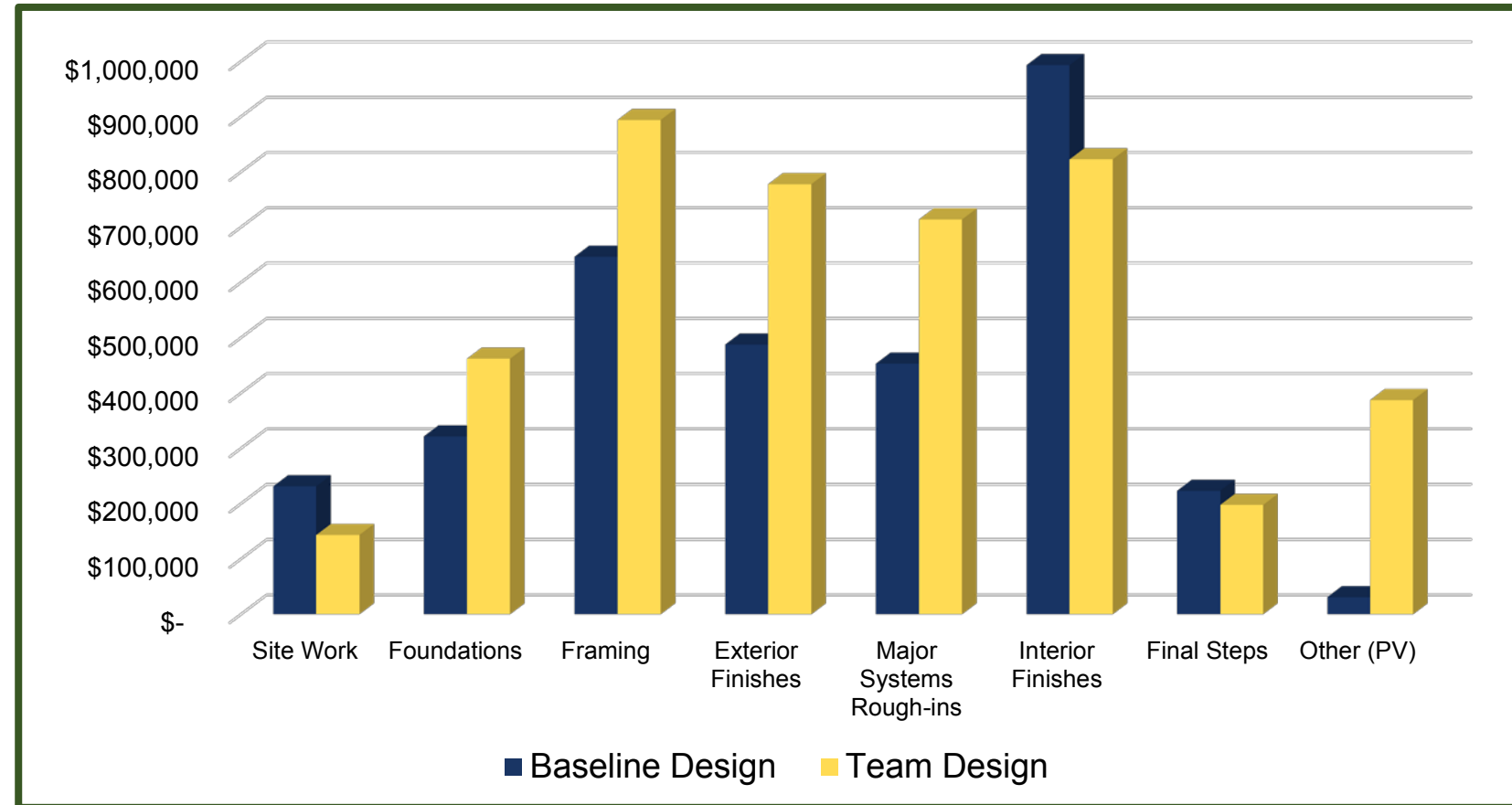
Residents

Only need to pay for the **building itself**

Construction Cost Breakdown

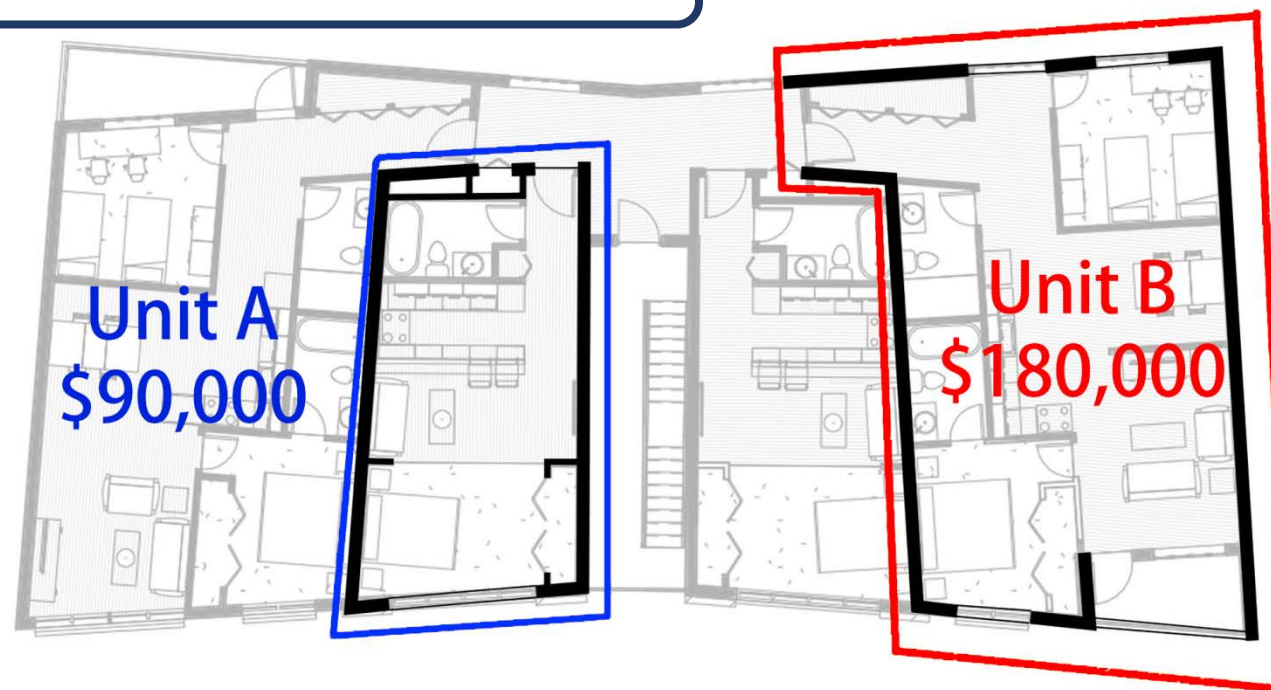
Total Construction Cost	
Westart	\$3,388,152
Baseline	\$4,282,901

26% higher than baseline



Case 1: Westart is part of the WALT program

No lot cost
No profit

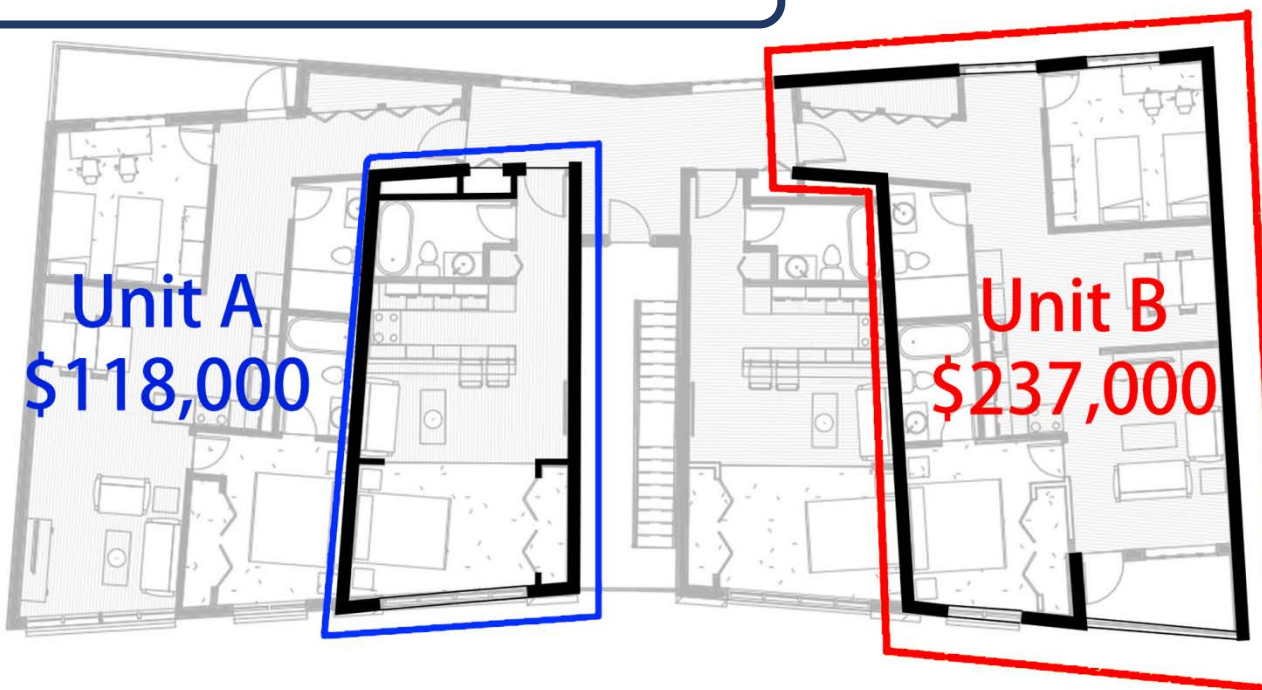


Assuming
families buy
the units with
a 30-year
mortgage

Household income	\$24,000	\$48,000
Debt to income ratio	37%	33%

Case 2: Westart is not part of the WALT program

**Taking all cost
into account**



**Assuming
families buy
the units with
a 30-year
mortgage**

Household income	\$30,000	\$55,000
Debt to income ratio	38%	37%

1. We integrate multiple simulations into the design process.



2. We interact actively with community the to learn what our target population really need.



We went to the neighborhood to communicate with the local residents.



We attended the Neighborhood Planning Units meeting of West End.

3. Our project provides a viable approach to cope with the negative impacts of gentrification on the local residents.

A diverse multi-family building

Satisfies the needs of local people.

Welcomes the new residents.



4. Our project shows a feasible path to improve the living quality of low-income families.



Unit A
463 sf
\$90,000

Unit B
933 sf
\$180,000



Thank you!



Project Data

o 1261 Lucile Avenue Southwest, Atlanta, Georgia

o Historical area

o DOE Climate Zone 3A

o 933 Square feet for 2B2B unit accommodating for 4-people family

o 463 Square feet for 1B1B unit accommodating for 2-people family

Technical Specifications (Preliminary Value)

o Wall Insulation: R-36.8 o Window Performance: Double pane, Low E

o Roof Insulation: R-40.6 o HVAC specifications: Ductless VRF System

o Domestic Hot Water: Solar Water Heater with Back-up Electric Heating