

Nuclear Science User Facility

Infrastructure Management Program

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Nuclear Energy Advisory Committee Washington, D.C.

December 11, 2015



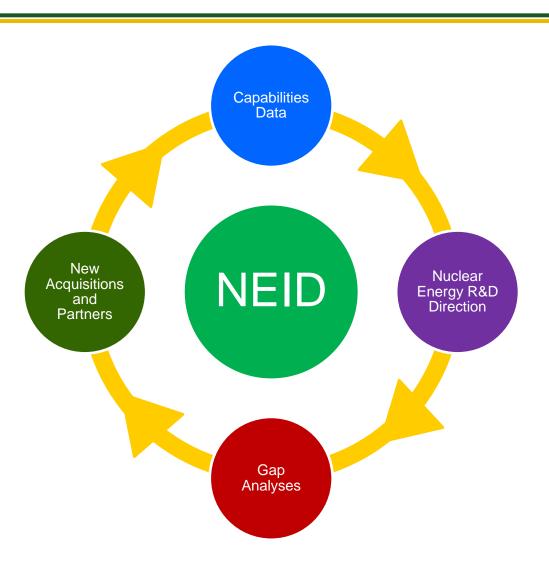


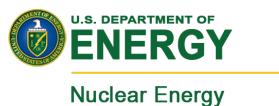
NEID Philosophy



Nuclear Energy

- Gather Data on Nuclear Energy R&D Capabilities
- Estimate Near, Mid and Long-term R&D Directions
- Use these to perform gap analyses for Nuclear Energy R&D.
- 4. Assist funding decisions and incorporate the results into the NEID.





Database Organization





Institutions

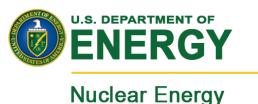


Facilities

FEI Quanta 3D FEG Focused Ion Beam SEM Microscope



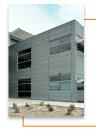
Instruments



Database Characteristics



Data



100 Institutions



FACTER 400 Facilities



800 Instruments

Users



34 Federal Government & National Laboratories



22 Universities & NGOs



5 Nuclear Energy Industry



Database Categories ("fields")



Facility Information	Facility Conditions	Facility Utilization	Data Sources	
Facility/Instrument Name	Commissioning Date	User Facility or Contract?	Contact information	
Abbreviation	Recent Major Upgrade	Cost to Use	Email Address	
Owner Type	Material Condition	Cost to Maintain	Web Site	
Institution	Mission Upgradable?	Cost to Replace	Source(s) of Data	
State	Supporting Physical Plant	Funding Sources	Date of Data	
Region	Regulating Agency	NSUF Partner?		
Country	License End Date DOE-NE Use [%]			
Primary Capability	\(\)	NE Objectives [1,2,3,4]	Reactor Type	
Secondary Capability		Utilization [%]	Thermal Power	
Tertiary Capability		# of users	Pulse Power	
Core Capability		# of staff	Thermal Flux	
Unique Capability		7	Fast Flux	
Radiological Limits			In-core locations	
Hot Work Facilities	40 common database fields for all entries		Ex-core locations	
Support Equipment			Pneumatic Transfer System	
Sample Encapsulation	noido foi dir c		Flow Loops	
Atmosphere/environment			Beam Ports	

5-20 fields specific to facility/instrument type



Database Functionality



The NE Infrastructure DB has/will have the ability to:

- 1. Search (query) by:
 - Keyword or Capability
 - Facility type
 - Instrument type
 - Geography/Institution
 - Group of terms



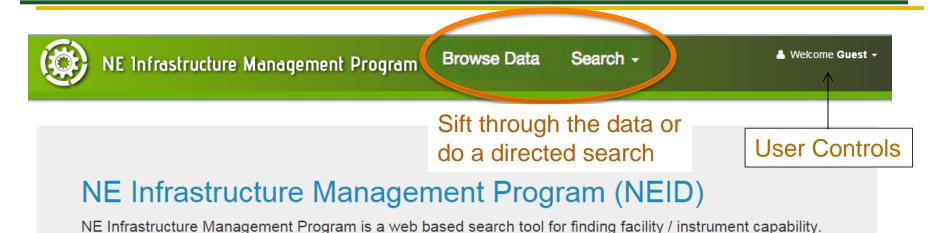


- 3. Feed directly into a visualization system for custom maps
 - Future implementation of GIS technology
 - Graph network system with inputs, outputs and dependencies



Landing Page NSUF.Infrastructure.INL.gov





User Name
Password
Remember Me

Remember Me

Existing User

Resister

Register

Access to the information contained here is restricted on different levels. Please register, and our Admins will review your request to make more information available.

Register

New User Registration

Log-in



Three NSUF Databases



Nuclear Energy

- We can connect <u>facilities and instruments</u> as parts of a process to accomplish a research method or process, such as:
 - Microstructural characterization of irradiated fuel.
 - Irradiation experiment (through design, fabrication, irradiation, etc.)
- We can connect <u>researchers</u> this way as well:
 - Through co-authors
 - Subject matter
 - Facilities utilized
- We can include <u>materials</u>:
 - Sample Library Database
 - Link to facilities utilized
 - Link to researchers





Gap Analysis Structure



1. Analyzed capabilities include both facilities and capital equipment

- Mission-mapped facilities from program documents.
- Geographical distribution and availability of access.
- Age and availability (utilization and reliability).
- Infrastructure requests (NEUP/NEET and RFI)

2. What areas of NE R&D have researchers expressed interest in pursuing?

- What areas are currently being pursued? (NEUP R&D applications)
- What areas are on the horizon? (work-scope RFI)
- What R&D capabilities will be required to support the researchers? (NEID)

3. Support for the NE-4 Infrastructure FOA writing and reviewing process

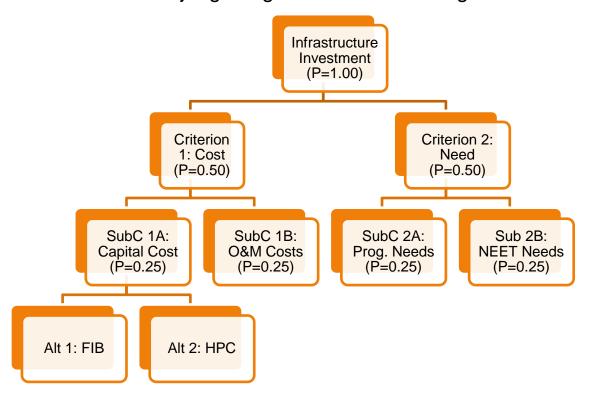
- Review support provided for the FY 2015 FOA
- Drafting and Review support provided for the FY 2016 FOA
- Drafting, review and gap analysis support to be provided for FY 2017



Proposed Funding Recommendation Methodology



- An <u>Analytical Hierarchy Process</u> (AHP) is a transparent and rigorous process developed in the 1970's to aid in decision-making for groups.
- Uses a similar process to the 2015 Innovation Workshops
- The process begins with a list of alternatives and a list of constraining criteria.
- The alternatives will be judged against one another against each criteria.





Analytical Hierarchy Process Flow



- 1. First, rank the criteria using the AHP
 - NEID DRP can perform this task
 - Cost, mission need, cross-cutting applicability, etc.
 - This will result in a ranking of the criteria from most to least important (they will have numeric weights assigned).
- 2. Second, rank the alternatives 2-by-2 against each criterion
 - NEAC-FSC can perform this task.
- 3. Finally, **weight** the alternatives rankings by the criteria importances from step 1.
- 4. The **result** is a ranked (and scored) list of the investment alternatives.



Current Efforts



Nuclear Energy

■ Ion Beam Investment Options Workshop

- Major issue arising from FY 2015 Infrastructure RFI
- Workshop scheduled for March 22-25, 2016 at INL
- Summary report due June 30, 2016.
- Inviting major facility representatives, industry and regulators.
- First NSUF application of the AHP for infrastructure decision-making.

Updated Gap Analysis Report

- Due June 30, 2016.
- Based upon:
 - FY2016 CINR and Infrastructure FOA data.
 - Analytical Hierarchy Process results
 - Updated infrastructure RFI (planned for a December 2015 release)
 - Continued effort to expand the NEID and add detailed data
 - Emphasis on excess capacity in the community







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INL/LTD-15-37336



NEID Database Review Panel



Comprised of five members representing:

- University research (Peter Hosemann Berkeley)
- University reactors (Lin-wen Hu MIT)
- Nuclear Industry (Peng Xu WEC)
- National Laboratories (Dave Senor PNNL)
- DOE Programs (Jason Tokey NE-31)

1. Determine Database Sufficiency

- Appropriate and complete
- Additional sources of information

2. Validate Database

- Common terminology in entries
- Error checking of data entries

3. Investigate Infrastructure Needs Drivers (gap analysis)

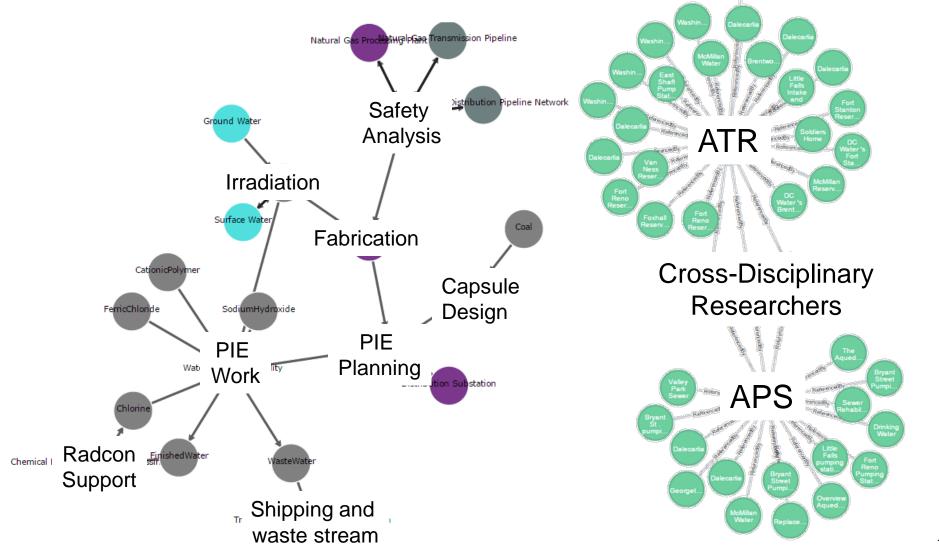
- R&D infrastructure requirements
- Missing or over-utilized capabilities





Graph (Social) Network Dependency Models

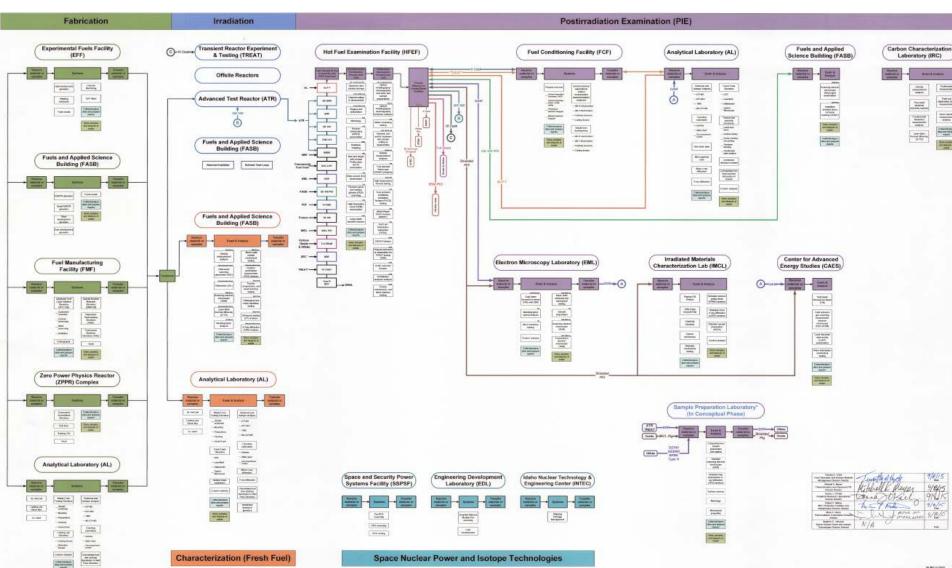






INL/MFC NE R&D Process Flow Diagram







Gap Analysis Plan



1. Capability analysis, based on:

- Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Database
- A study of recent **NEUP infrastructure applications**
- NEET-NSUF work-scope access applications
- R&D capabilities survey (RFI: DE-SOL-0008318)

2. R&D Directions analysis, based on:

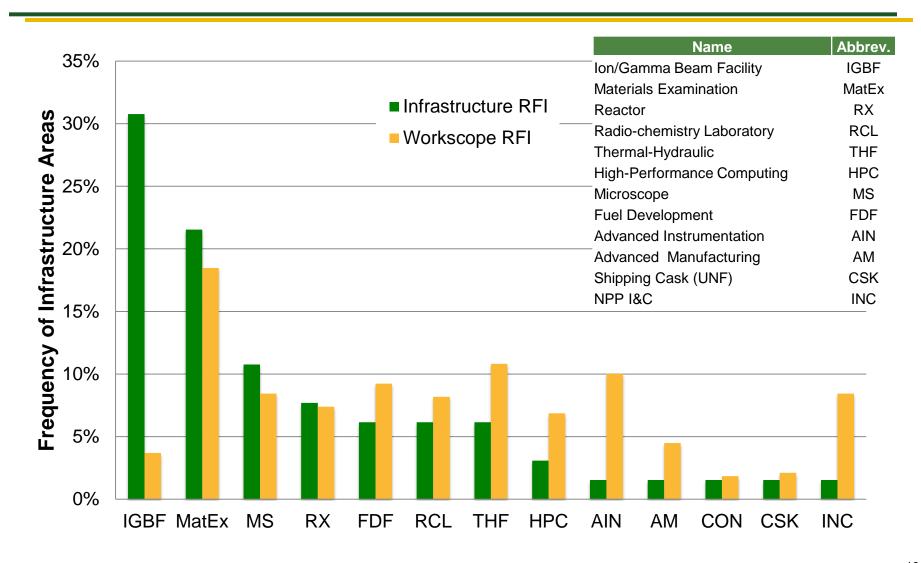
- NE-4 R&D work-scope survey (RFI: DE-SOL-0008246)
- A study of recent NEUP R&D applications
- **Programmatic input:** NE R&D Roadmap (2010), Facilities for the Future of NE R&D (2009), Required Assets for an Applied R&D Program (2009)

Applications/Submissions				
	FY 15	FY 16		
RRI	13	10		
GSI-1	25	30		
GSI-2	12	8		
NSUF	31	67		
Infra-RFI	26/34			
WS-RFI	124/238			



Infrastructure Needs Referenced in RFIs

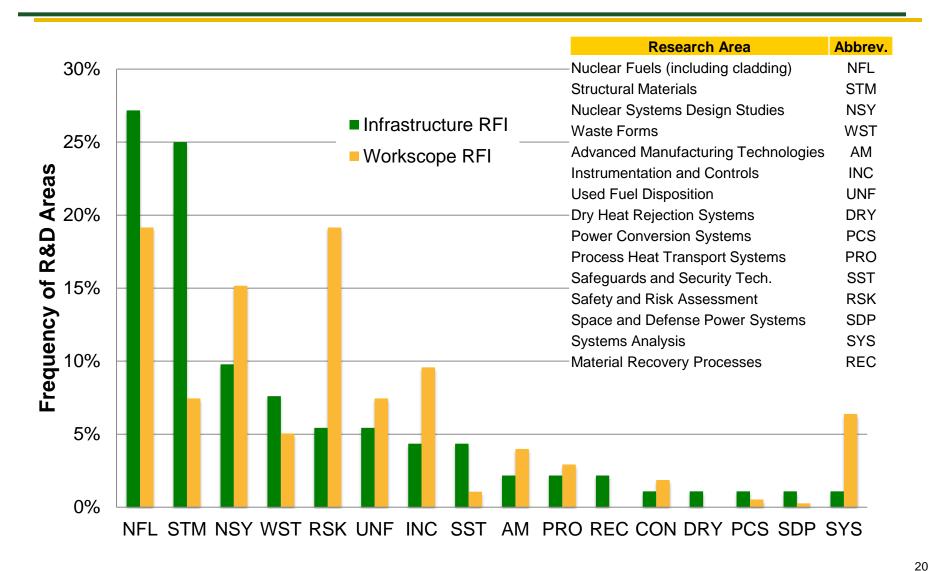






NE R&D Areas Referenced in RFIs







Example Analysis

Nuclear Science User Facilities

Nuclear Energy

(infrastructure-based)

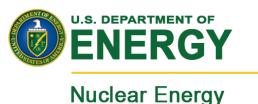
Step 1: (Broad Question) What materials-irradiation resources are potentially available to US researchers?

Step 2: (Data Review): access database, run a query & generate a report

Results

52 Total US Reactors devoted to research

Test Reactors	1 (ATR)		
	2 (HFIR and NBSR)		
Beam-line reactors (with in-core capability)	2 (HEIN AIIU INDON)		
Research Reactors			
University Research and Training Reactors	23		
Private Research Reactors	2 (GE and Dow)		
Federal Government Research Reactors	3 (USGS, NRAD and AFRRI)		
State Government Research Reactors	1 (RINSC)		
Transient Testing Facilities			
Fast Burst Reactors	2 (White Sands & Godiva)		
Thermal Pulsing Reactors	1+1 (ACRR & TREAT)		
Fusion Neutron Sources	6 (Associated with DOE-SC)		
Critical Facilities	6 (5 federal & 1 university)		
US Navy Prototype & Training Reactors	2+2 (NY & SC)		



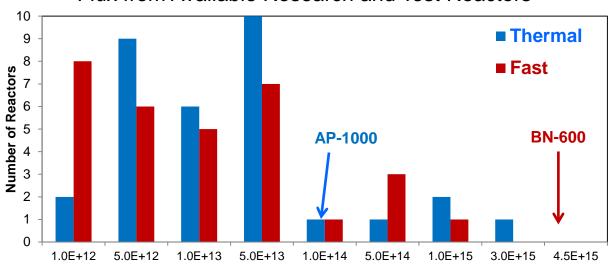
Example Analysis



Step 3: (Narrow Question) What about the neutron energy spectra?

Step 4: (Data Review): A fine-detail query of data from step 2

Flux from Available Research and Test Reactors



Time in an Available Test
Reactor to Simulate 50
years in a Power Reactor

Thermal 1 year

Fast 225 years

Step 5: (Conclusion): Currently, there is no US-based, large-scale fast neutron capability comparable to ATR, HFIR, NBSR or MURR.

Step 6: (Recommendation): Consider investing in fast flux facility or partnering with an international facility like Joyo(JP).



Alternative's Data Summary Example



Applicant Institution	Idaho National Laboratory	Title	HPC Capabilities at NSUF		
Applicant	Denise Stephens	Capital Intensity	Minor Refit		
Applicant Type	National Laboratory	Capital Cost (MM\$)	10		
Capability Location	@ INL	Construction Time (years)	5 (incremental spending each year to add HPC capacity)		
Tracking ID	RFI-IN-9792	O&M Costs (MM\$/yr)	2		
Summary	Build upon existing HPC infrastructure at INL and expand NSUF access to HPC facilities and resources.				
Existing Capabilities	Many similar facilities, including DOE-SC, but these are local and not NE-focused.				
Expected Utilization	Expected utilization is high, based on support for V&V for NEAMS and CASL as well as experimental design for ATR and TREAT and other simulation needs.				
NE Priority	Modeling and simulation are a growing area. The capability will support the TREAT restart, as well as CASL and NEAMS programs.				
Functional Areas	HPC				
NE Missions	LWRS	ARC	RD&D		
R&D Areas	NF	RSK	ST		



User Access Levels



Once approved, the user will be assigned to one of five levels of access.

User Type	Level	Example	Data Access/Read	Write (add or edit)	Delete Record	Add Users and Change Levels
Administrator	5	BJH, IM, NSUF	ALL	YES	YES	YES
NSUF Partner (Laboratory)	4	ORNL, PNNL	ALL	YES	NO	NO
NSUF Partner (Univ./Industry)	3	MIT, WEC	SOME	YES	NO	NO
Internal User	2	INL, DOE, etc.	ALL	NO	NO	NO
External User	1	NE applicant	SOME	NO	NO	NO
Outsider	0	Prior to Authorization	NONE	NO	NO	NO



Additional User Improvements



In order to better support the CINR FOA and the NSUF RTE:

Develop tools (JAVA) to help users and NSUF Tech Leads:

1. Estimate sample activity following irradiation

- Estimate time to be able to ship samples
- Determine facilities that can accept materials
- Estimate dose from characterization procedures

2. Irradiation resource selection

- Neutron flux and spectrum for NSUF reactors
 - » Most efficient allocation of resources
- Convert Neutron Fluence to DPA
 - » Materials scientists request dpa
 - » Reactor engineers think in terms of fluence
 - » Compound materials can be difficult



Contact Information



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