

ZeaChem

M a d e b y N a t u r e , R e f i n e d b y Z e a C h e m

DOE Bioenergy Technologies Office (BETO)  
2015 Project Peer Review

# High-Yield Hybrid Cellulosic Ethanol Process Using High-Impact Feedstock



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Demonstration and Market Transformation Program

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This presentation does not contain any proprietary, confidential, or otherwise restricted information

## Goal Statement

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- Goals of IBR Project:
  - Mitigate risks so that a 1<sup>st</sup> Commercial Plant can be financed, constructed, and made operational
  - Demonstrate integrated operations with high-impact feedstocks to support deployment in follow-on commercial facilities throughout the United States

# Quad Chart Overview

## Timeline

- Budget Periods
  - BP-1: 1/28/10 – 9/30/11
  - BP-2: 10/1/11 – 9/30/14
  - BP-3: 4/13/15 – 6/30/15
- Recent Major Milestones
  - Mechanical Completion: Dec 2012
  - Commissioning/Start-up: Feb 2013
- Percent complete: 96%

## Barriers

- Im-C: High Risk of Large Capital Investments
- It-B: Risk of First-of-a-Kind Technology
- It-C: Technical Risk of Scaling and Fully Integrating Biomass Conversion Technologies

## Budget

~\$MM	Total Costs FY 10 –FY 12	FY 13 Costs	FY 14 Costs	Total (FY 15-End)
DOE Funded	20.914	2.456	0.560	1.070
Project Cost Share	5.228	0.613	0.140	0.268

## Project Participants

- Feedstock: GreenWood Resources
- EPCM: Burns & McDonnell
- Key Vendors: Andritz, BASF
- Start-up, Commissioning & Operations: ZeaChem Inc., Pacific Ethanol Management Services

# 1 - Tomorrow's Fuels & Chemicals Today

## ZeaChem

**We Create High Margin and Sustainable Alternatives  
to Petroleum-Based Fuels and Chemicals in Use, *Today.***



**Poplar Harvesting  
Boardman, OR**



**250K GPY IBR Facility  
Boardman, OR**



**Fuels and Chemicals**

# 1 - Company History

2002 Founded	2006 Lab	2008 Core Pilot	2012 IBR Facility	1 <sup>st</sup> Commercial
				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Lakewood, CO</li> <li>➤ Company headquarters</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Menlo Park, CA</li> <li>➤ 5 GPY</li> <li>➤ Proved out technology at bench scale</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Golden, CO</li> <li>➤ 50K GPY</li> <li>➤ 10,000x scale-up of technology</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Boardman, OR</li> <li>➤ 250K GPY</li> <li>➤ Demonstration of integrated process at scale</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Boardman, OR</li> <li>➤ 25MM+ GPY</li> <li>➤ Key development milestones completed</li> <li>➤ Co-location further mitigates risk</li> </ul>
<p><b>Series A - \$6MM</b></p>  	<p><b>Series B - \$45MM</b></p>  	<p><b>Series C - \$25MM</b></p>   	<p><b>Loan Guarantee - \$232.5MM</b></p>  	

Successfully Developed Technology From Lab To Pilot/Demo Scale & Raised 3 Rounds Of Financing

# 1 - Flexible Technology and Diversified Markets

Poplar



Agricultural Residues



Eucalyptus



ZeaChem



Proprietary  
Technology  
and  
Processes

2 Carbon: \$485 billion Market



## C2 Platform End Markets

Ethanol



Acetic Acid/  
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate



Cellulose  
Acetate



Ethyl Acetate



Ethylene



Ethylene Glycol



Vinyl Acetate Monomer



3 Carbon: \$595 billion Market



## C3 Platform End Markets

Acrylics



Polypropylene



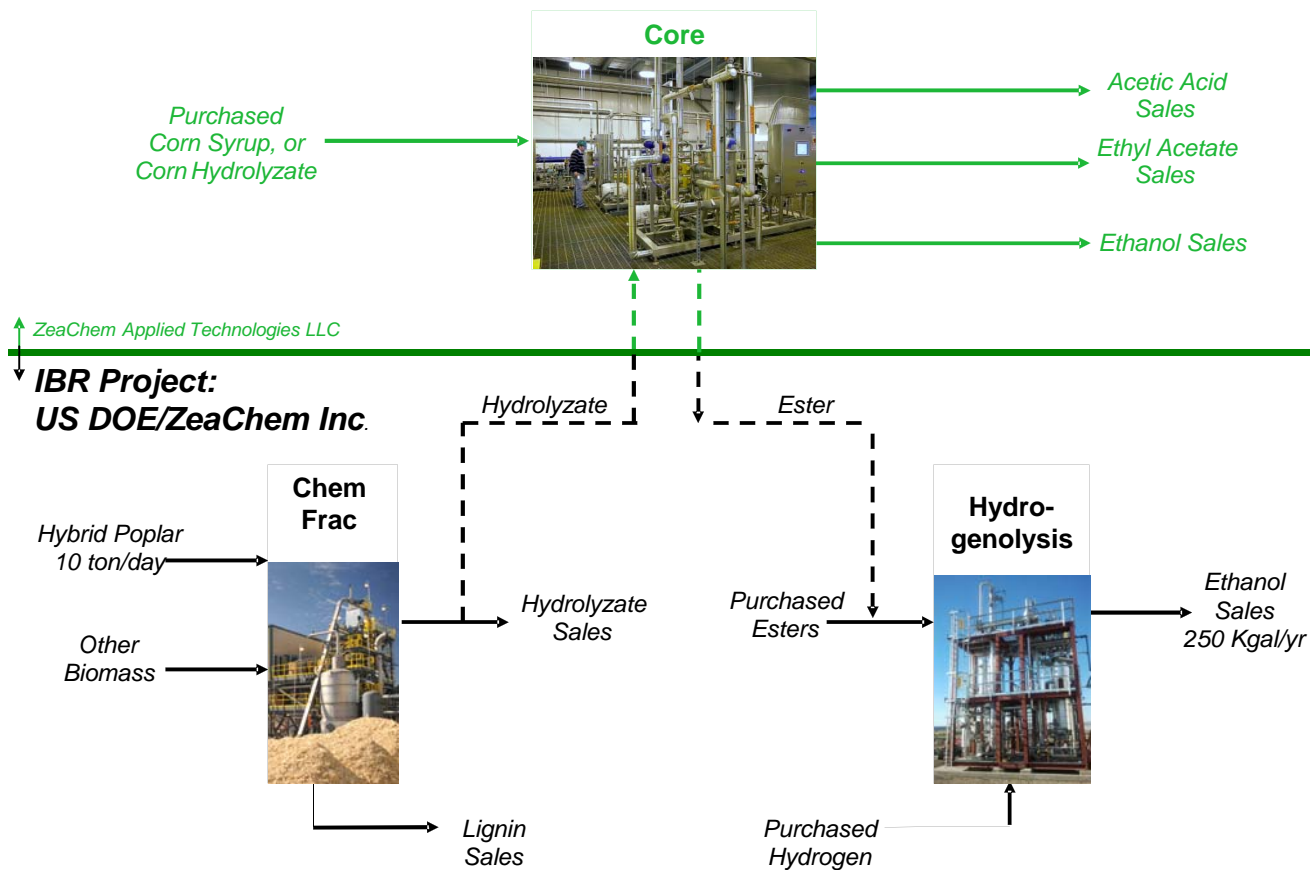
Propylene



Propionic Acid

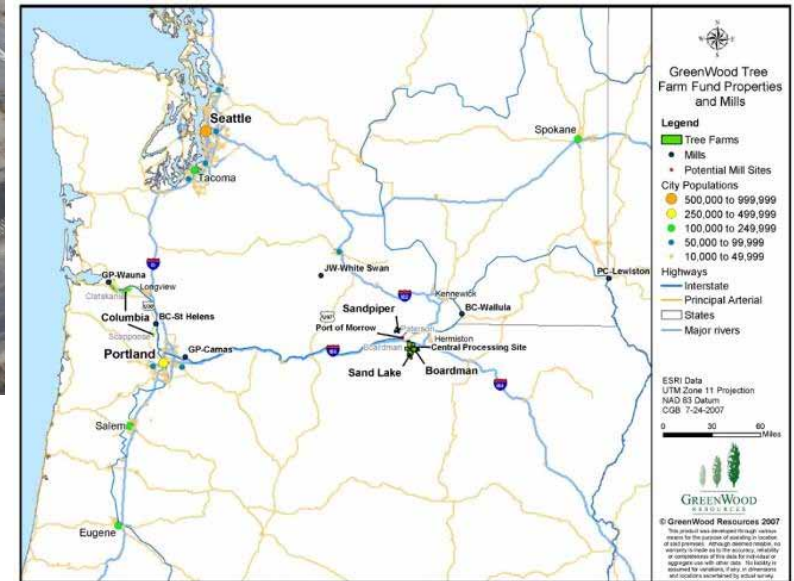
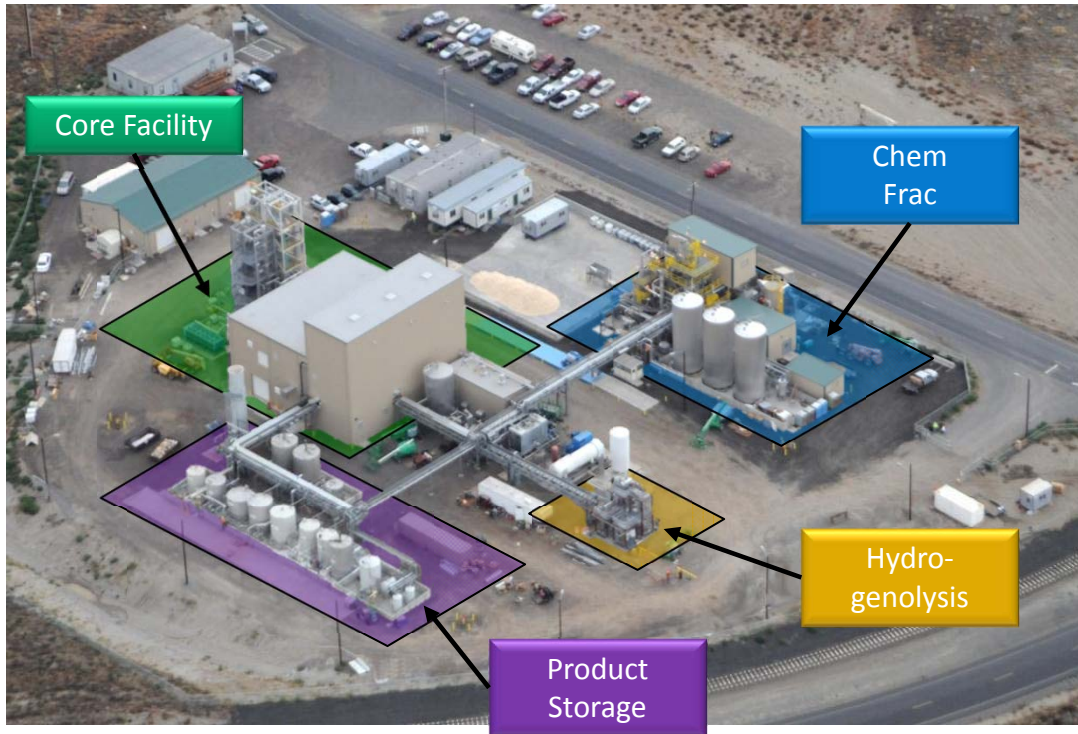


# 1 - Project Description



IBR Project: 10 ton/day Chem Frac unit + 250 Kgal/yr Hydrogenolysis unit

# 1 - Overview of Boardman, OR Site





# 1 – Hydrolysis



# 1 – Fermentation



# 1- Acetic Acid Purification & Esterification



# 1 – Hydrogenation



## 2 – Approach: Project Management

- Written Project Management Plan
  - Section A. Project Information
  - Section B. Financial Description of Project
  - Section C. Project Plan with tasks, subtasks, milestones, deliverables, Go/No Go decision points and including performance requirements and metrics
- Additional project tools
  - Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)
  - Risk Management Plan (RMP)
  - Earned Value Management System (EVMS)
- Next Go/No-Go Decision: CD-4 to enter BP-3
  - Completed Independent Engineer’s Performance Test demarking end of BP-2
  - BP-3 is when system performance tests are conducted



## 2 - Feedstock – Hybrid Poplar

- Dedicated sustainable energy crop
  - High impact feedstock
  - “Bankable” projects
  - Geographic diversity, “Grow where we go”
- Hybrid Poplar Benefits
  - Perennial crop, low inputs, high yield
  - “Store on the stump”
  - Efficient harvesting
- GreenWood Resources
  - Agreements in place for IBR Facility and 1st Commercial Plant
  - Forest Stewardship Council Certified
  - USDA Biomass Crop Assistance Program

*GreenWood Trial Plots*



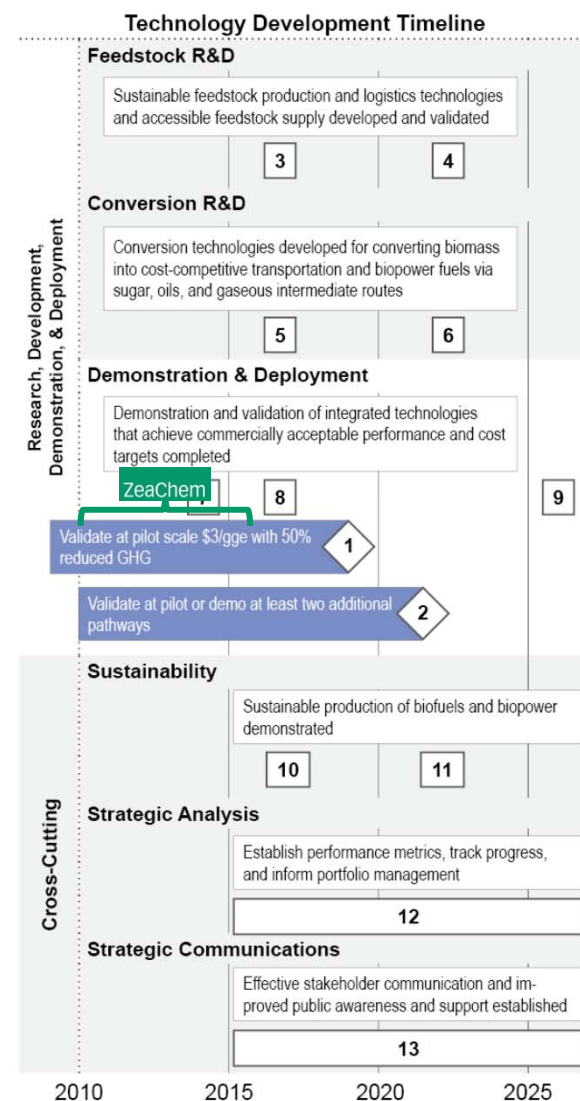
## 3 – Progress: CD-3/Entering BP-3

- ✓ BP-1: Project Planning
  - ✓ NEPA Determination
  - ✓ Vendor Trials
  - ✓ Schedule A Design
  - ✓ Budget Control Cost Estimate ( $\pm 10\%$ )
  
- ✓ BP-2: EPC
  - ✓ Detailed Design
  - ✓ Procurement
  - ✓ Construction
  - ✓ Commissioning
  - ✓ Start-up
  - ✓ First cellulosic EtOH produced February 2013
  - ✓ Independent Engineer's Test
  
- BP-3: Performance Trials



## 4 – Relevance: BETO Mission and Goals

- Mission: Develop and transform our renewable biomass resources into commercially viable, high-performance biofuels, bioproducts, and biopower through targeted research development, demonstration, and deployment supported through public and private partnerships
  - **Goal 1:** Enable sustainable, nationwide production of advanced biofuels that are compatible with today's transportation infrastructure and can displace a share of petroleum-derived fuels to reduce U.S. dependence on oil
  - **Goal 2:** Encourage the creation of a new domestic bioenergy and bioproduct industry



From: US DOE Biomass Multi-Year Program Plan, Nov. 2014



## 4 – Relevance: BETO Integrated Biorefinery WBS

WBS Element	Description	Barrier(s) Addressed
Analysis and Sustainability	<p>Verify progress of projects toward objectives, assess development of overall technologies across the "Valley of Death," and develop strategies to focus on the most promising areas.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Verification of technology deployment, including Independent Engineer evaluations of each project.</li> <li>- Assess progress of biorefineries through TEA.</li> <li>- Deploy models and planning processes to assess the impact of D&amp;D projects on overall bioindustry development.</li> </ul>	<p>Im-A: Inadequate Supply Chain Infrastructure            Im-B: Agricultural Sector-Wide Paradigm Shift            Im-D: Lack of Industry Standards and Regulations            It-B: Risk of First-of-a-Kind Technology            It-D: Engineering Modeling Tools            St-C: Sustainability Data across Supply Chain            St-D: Implementing Science-Based Indicators and Methodology for Evaluating and Improving Sustainability            St-F: Systems Approach to Bioenergy Sustainability</p>
Technology Interface	<p>Maintain a R&amp;D feedback loop on new technologies ready for piloting and in identifying additional barriers and research needs at larger scale.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Monitor progress of emerging technologies within R&amp;D areas, incubators, and outside sources.</li> <li>- Identify additional barriers and research needs at larger scale through biorefinery projects.</li> </ul>	<p>Ft-D: Sustainable Harvesting            Mm-A: Lack of Understanding of Environmental/Energy Tradeoffs            It-A: End-to-End Process Integration</p>
Feedstocks	<p>Deploy technologies to provide a secure, reliable, affordable, high-quality, and sustainable cellulosic and algal biomass feedstock supply for the U.S. bioenergy industry.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Demonstrate pioneer-scale terrestrial feedstock supply systems.</li> <li>- Demonstrate algal feedstock supply systems to validate technology performance.</li> </ul>	<p>Ft-A: Terrestrial Feedstock Availability and Cost            Ft-E: Terrestrial Feedstock Quality and Monitoring            Im-A: Inadequate Supply Chain Infrastructure            Im-B: Agricultural Sector-Wide Paradigm Shift            Im-E: Cost of Production            It-A: End-to-End Process Integration            It-B: Risk of First-of-a-Kind Technology            It-D: Engineering Modeling Tools</p>
<b>Integrated Biorefineries</b>	<p>Demonstrate and validate IBR technologies at pilot, demo, and pioneer scale.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Pilots integrate unit operations from feedstock-in through product-out at <math>\geq 1</math> dry tonne per day.</li> <li>- Demonstrations prove all recycle streams and heat integration and develop equipment specifications for larger-scale facilities.</li> <li>- Pioneers, or first-of-a-kind plants, prove economical production at commercial volumes on a continuous basis along with a reliable feedstock supply and production distribution system.</li> </ul>	<p>Ft-E: Terrestrial Feedstock Quality and Monitoring            Ft-F: Biomass Storage Systems            Im-A: Inadequate Supply Chain Infrastructure            Im-B: Agricultural Sector-Wide Paradigm Shift            Im-C: High Risk of Large Capital Investments            Im-D: Lack of Industry Standards and Regulations            Im-E: Cost of Production            Im-F: Offtake Agreements            It-A: End-to-End Process Integration            It-B: Risk of First-of-a-Kind Technology            It-C: Technical Risk of Scaling and Fully Integrating Biomass Conversion Technologies            It-D: Engineering Modeling Tools</p>
Infrastructure and End Use	<p>Enable higher rates of renewable fuel usage and define the needs for biofuels infrastructure and market use through 2030.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Address barriers to renewable fuel use in new, existing, and future automobile engines and other areas, such as replacing home heating oil.</li> </ul>	<p>Im-D: Lack of Industry Standards and Regulations            Im-G: Uncertain Pace of Biofuel Availability            Im-H: Availability of Biofuels Distribution Infrastructure            Im-I: Lack of Acceptance and Awareness of Biofuels as a Viable Alternative            It-E: Codes, Standards, and Approval for Use            It-F: Engines Not Optimized for Biofuel</p>

From: US DOE Biomass Multi-Year Program Plan, Nov. 2014

## 4 – Relevance: Project Goals and Alignment

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- Goals of IBR Project:
  - Mitigate risks so that a 1<sup>st</sup> Commercial Plant can be financed, constructed, and made operational
  - Demonstrate integrated operations with high-impact feedstocks to support deployment in follow-on commercial facilities
- IBR Project critical step towards 1<sup>st</sup> Commercial Plant
  - 22 MMGal/yr cellulosic ethanol
  - Project development underway
  - Anticipated 2016/17 start-up
    - Timing gated by performance tests at IBR Facility
- Success of 1<sup>st</sup> Commercial Plant will lead to additional follow-on plants in further support of EISA 2007 goals

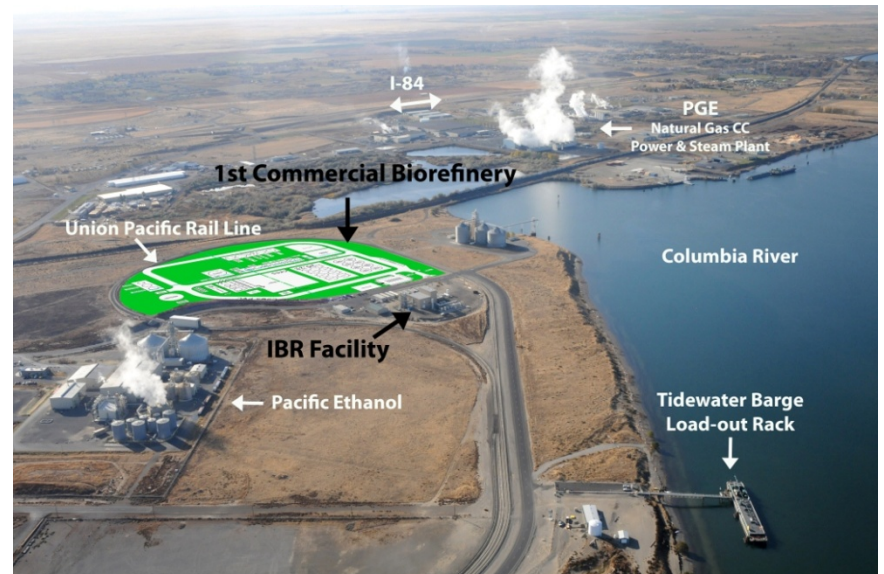
## 5 - Future Work

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- Go/No-Go: Critical Decision (CD-4) for entry into Budget Period 3
- Budget Period 3
  - Performance Test Runs
  - Technical and Financial Reports
  - Project Close-out

# Summary

- Successfully built and operated
  - 10 ton/day Chem Frac unit
  - 250 Kgal/yr Hydrogenolysis unit
  - First cellulosic ethanol produced in February 2013
- Project is well aligned with BETO's Multi-Year Program Plan
- Future work under IBR Project:
  - ✓ BP-1: Complete
  - ✓ BP-2: Complete
  - BP-3: Performance Tests
- ZeaChem is on-track for deployment of 1<sup>st</sup> Commercial Plant



## Acknowledgment and Disclaimer

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