

Hydrogen Storage Materials Database Demonstration

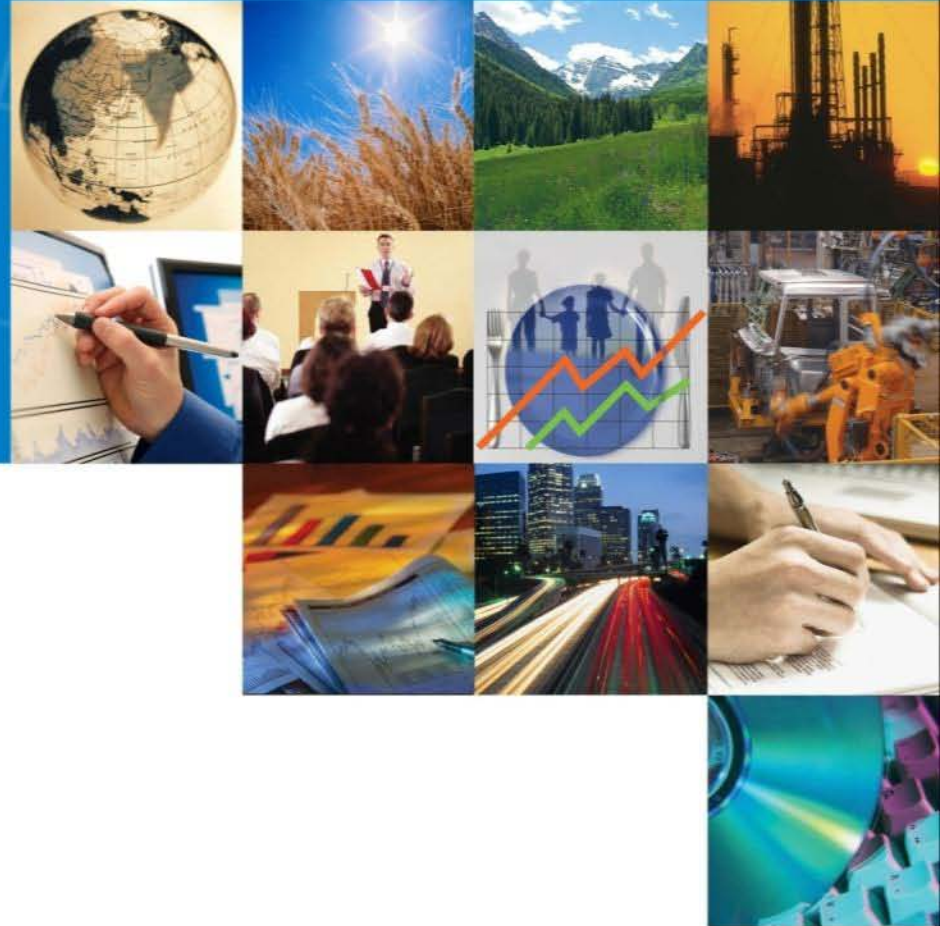
12/13/2011

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Hydrogen Storage Materials Database

Marni Lenahan
December 13, 2011

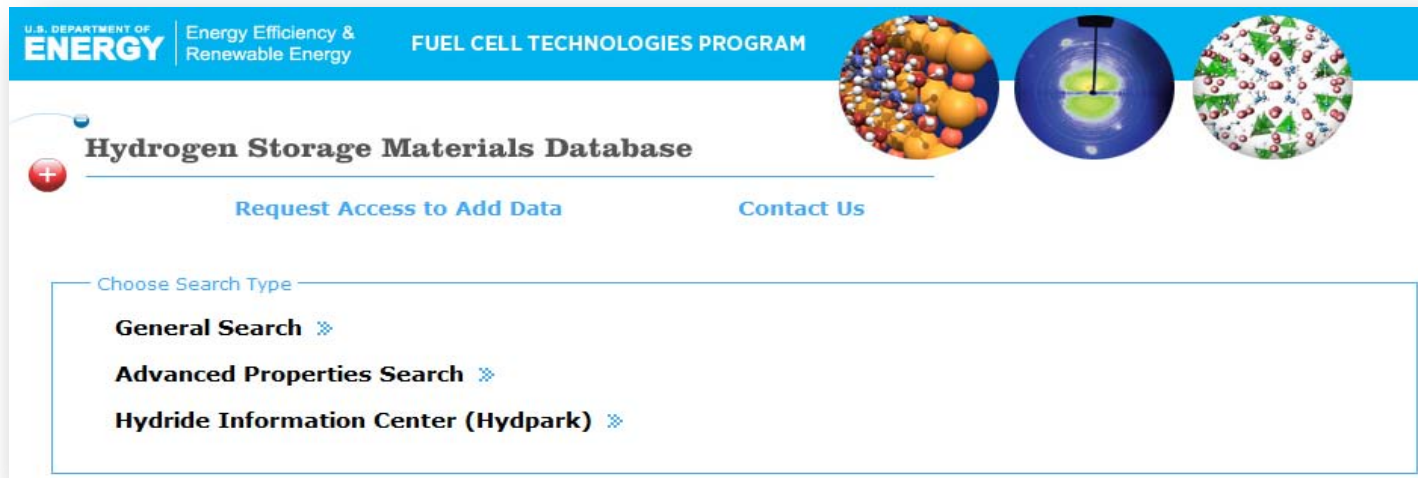


- The Hydrogen Storage Materials Database was built to retain information from DOE Hydrogen Storage funded research and make these data more accessible.
- Data includes properties of hydrogen storage materials investigated such as synthesis conditions, sorption and release conditions, capacities, thermodynamics, etc.

The screenshot shows the 'Hydrogen Storage Materials Database' search page. At the top, it features the U.S. Department of Energy logo and the 'FUEL CELL TECHNOLOGIES PROGRAM' header. Below the header are three circular icons representing different materials. The main search area is titled 'General Search' and includes a search button. Below the search button, there is a instruction: 'You must select at least one material type. Check all that apply.' The search form contains several fields: 'Select Material Type' with checkboxes for 'Adsorbents', 'Chemicals', and 'Reversible Hydrides'; 'Material Name' (text input); 'Chemical Formula' (text input); 'Variant Type Code' (dropdown menu); 'Development Status Code' (dropdown menu); 'Synthesis Method' (text input); 'Principal Investigator' (dropdown menu); 'Entry Date (mm/dd/yyyy)' (text input with a calendar icon); and 'Institution' (dropdown menu). Below the search form, there are links for 'Advanced Properties Search' and 'Hydride Information Center (Hydparc)'.

<http://hydrogenmaterialssearch.govtools.us>

- Data continues to be collected from DOE funded research.
- The objective of this database is for it to be a resource for the research community to accelerate the development of advanced hydrogen storage materials.



The screenshot shows the top section of the Hydrogen Storage Materials Database website. At the top left, it features the U.S. Department of Energy logo and the text "Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy". To the right of this is the "FUEL CELL TECHNOLOGIES PROGRAM" header. Three circular icons are displayed: a molecular model of a fuel cell, a cross-section of a fuel cell, and a cluster of red and white spheres representing a material structure. Below the header, the main title "Hydrogen Storage Materials Database" is accompanied by a red plus icon. Two buttons, "Request Access to Add Data" and "Contact Us", are positioned below the title. A search section titled "Choose Search Type" contains three options: "General Search", "Advanced Properties Search", and "Hydride Information Center (Hydпарк)", each with a small blue icon to its right.

Two Types of Data

Hydпарк Data

- Historical data collection of metal-hydrogen systems including their properties, applications, and literature sources
- Funded by DOE and Sandia National Laboratories to contribute to IEA-HIA

Current Data

- Includes data from:
 - DOE funded research since 2002
 - Requestors, upon approval
- Categories of materials include:
 - Adsorbents
 - Chemical materials
 - Reversible Hydrides

Hydrogen Storage Materials Database

General Search Example: Ammonia Borane

Choose Search Type

General Search

You must select at least one material type. Check all that apply.

Select Material Type: Adsorbents Chemicals Reversible Hydrides

Material Name:

Chemical Formula:

Variant Type Code:

Development Status Code:

Synthesis Method:

Principal Investigator:

Entry Date (mm/dd/yyyy):

Institution:

Search



70 search result(s) found for Chemicals

[Show Details](#)

Material Name	Chemical Formula	Principal Investigator	Institution
Ammonia Borane (Show Details)	NH3BH3	Kevin Ott	University Of Washington
Ammonia Borane (AB) (Show Details)	NH3BH3	Abhi Karkamkar	Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
Ammonia Borane (AB) + Ammonium chloride (Show Details)	NH3BH3+NH3Cl (20%)		Pacific Northwest National Laboratory

Detailed Information

[Hide Details](#)

Material Name	Chemical Formula	Principal Investigator	Institution	Variant Type Code	Development Status Code	Synthesis Method	Synthesis Conditions	Precursors	Activation	Entry Date	H Weight Density Theory (theoretical wt%)	H Weight Density Experiment (observed wt%)	H Weight Density Reference	H Volume Density Theory (g/L)
Ammonia Borane (Show Details)	NH3BH3	Kevin Ott	University Of Washington	Homogeneous Catalyst	Discontinued Development		Conventional organometallic synthesis methods			11/21/2011	19.40	6.50	B. L. Dietrich et al. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2008, 47, 8583.	
Ammonia Borane (AB) (Show Details)	NH3BH3	Abhi Karkamkar	Pacific Northwest National Laboratory	Other (OT2)	Discontinued Development	Heldebrant, D.J., et al., Energy & Environmental Science, 2008, 1(1): p. 156-160.				03/29/2011	19.40	16.00		146.00
Ammonia Borane (AB) + Ammonium chloride (Show Details)	NH3BH3+NH4Cl (20%)		Pacific Northwest National Laboratory	Other (OT2)	Discontinued Development	AB by Heldebrant, D.J., et al., Energy & Environmental Science, 2008, 1(1): p. 156-160, plus ball milling of additive	N/A	N/A	N/A	02/02/2011				

Detail Information

Material Name: Ammonia Borane
Chemical Formula: NH3BH3
Principal Investigator: Kevin Ott
Institution: University Of Washington
Variant Type Code: Homogeneous Catalyst
Development Status Code: Discontinued Development
Synthesis Method:
Synthesis Conditions: Conventional organometallic synthesis methods
Synthesis Method Reference:
Precursors:
Activation:
Entry Date: 11/21/2011
H Weight Density Theory (theoretical wt%): 19.40
H Weight Density Experiment (observed wt%): 6.50
H Weight Density Reference: B. L. Dietrich et al, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2008, 47, 8583.
H Volume Density Theory (g/L):
H Volume Density Experiment (g/L):
H Volume Density Reference (g/L):
Temperature Onset Release (K): 300
Impurities Released: Low temperature release, none detected
Temperature FullRelease (K): 298
Temperature Release Reference: B. L. Dietrich et al, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2008, 47, 8583.
Additional Comments:

Close Window

Two Ways to Display
Additional Details

General Search Result

Export to Excel  Export to PDF 



General Search Result

70 search result(s) found for Chemicals

Item No.	Material Name	Chemical Formula	Variant Type Code	Development Status Code	Synthesis Method
1	Ammonia Borane	NH3BH3	Homogeneous Catalyst	Discontinued Development	
2	Ammonia Borane (AB)	NH3BH3	Other (OT2)	Discontinued Development	Heldebrant, D.J., et al., Energy & Environmental Science, 2008. 1(1): p. 156-160.
3	Ammonia Borane (AB) + Ammonium chloride	NH3BH3+NH3Cl (20%)	Other (OT2)	Discontinued Development	AB by Heldebrant, D.J., et al., Energy & Environmental Science, 2008. 1(1): p. 156-160. plus ball milling of additive
4	Ammonia Borane (AB) + beta-cyclodextrin	30wt% beta-cyclodextrin	Other (OT2)	Discontinued Development	AB by Heldebrant, D.J., et al., Energy & Environmental Science, 2008. 1(1): p. 156-160. plus ball milling of additive
5	Ammonia Borane (AB) + boric acid	30 wt% boric acid	Other (OT2)	Discontinued Development	AB by Heldebrant, D.J., et al., Energy & Environmental Science, 2008. 1(1): p. 156-160. plus ball milling of additive
6	Ammonia Borane (AB) + Cellulose	30 wt% and 50 wt%	Other (OT2)	Discontinued Development	AB by Heldebrant, D.J., et al., Energy & Environmental Science, 2008. 1(1): p. 156-160. plus ball milling of additive
7	Ammonia Borane (AB) + Citric acid	30 wt% citric acid	Other (OT2)	Discontinued Development	AB by Heldebrant, D.J., et al., Energy & Environmental Science, 2008. 1(1): p. 156-160. plus ball milling of additive
8	Ammonia Borane (AB) + d-glucose	30wt% additive	Other (OT2)	Discontinued Development	AB by Heldebrant, D.J., et al., Energy & Environmental Science, 2008. 1(1): p. 156-160. plus ball milling of additive
9	Ammonia Borane (AB) + Dextrin	30wt% additive	Other (OT2)	Discontinued Development	AB by Heldebrant, D.J., et al., Energy & Environmental Science, 2008. 1(1): p. 156-160. plus ball milling of additive
10	Ammonia Borane (AB) + diethylene glycol	10, 29 wt% additive	Other (OT2)	Discontinued Development	AB by Heldebrant, D.J., et al., Energy & Environmental Science, 2008. 1(1): p. 156-160. plus ball milling of additive

Advanced Search: Institution

Advanced Properties Search



Search

You must select at least one material type. Check all that apply. Only fill in applicable fields; you do not need to fill in all fields.

Adsorbents

Chemicals

Reversible Hydrides

Material Name:

Chemical Formula:

Variant Type Code:

--- Select Variant Type Code ---

Development Status Code:

--- Select Development Status Code ---

Synthesis Method:

Principal Investigator:

--- Select Principal Investigator ---

Entry Date (mm/dd/yyyy):

Institution:

The University Of Michigan

Expand to View Additional Properties

Advanced Properties Search Result

Export to Excel

Export to PDF

12 search result(s) found for Adsorbents

Show Details

Material Name	Chemical Formula	Principal Investigator	Institution
bridged-IRMOF-1 (high) (Show Details)	Pt/AC bridged Zn4O (C6H4O4)3	Ralph Yang	The University Of Michigan
bridged-IRMOF-1 (low) (Show Details)	Pt/AC bridged Zn4O (C6H4O4)3	Ralph Yang	The University Of Michigan
bridged-IRMOF-8 (high) (Show Details)	Pt/AC bridged Zn4O (C12H6O4)3	Ralph Yang	The University Of Michigan
bridged-IRMOF-8 (low) (Show Details)	Pt/AC bridged Zn4O (C12H6O4)3	Ralph Yang	The University Of Michigan
Ni/AX-21 (Show Details)	Ni/C	Ralph Yang	The University Of Michigan
Ni/Ca-LSX (Show Details)	Ni doped on Ca48Si96Al96O384	Ralph Yang	The University Of Michigan
Ni/templated carbon (Show Details)	Ni/C	Ralph Yang	The University Of Michigan
Pt/AX-21 (Show Details)	Pt/C	Ralph Yang	The University Of Michigan
Pt/Ca-LSX (Show Details)	Pt doped on Ca48Si96Al96O384	Ralph Yang	The University Of Michigan
Pt/templated carbon (Show Details)	Pt/C	Ralph Yang	The University Of Michigan
Ru/AX-21 (Show Details)	Ru/C	Ralph Yang	The University Of Michigan
Ru/templated carbon (Show Details)	Ru/C	Ralph Yang	The University Of Michigan

Advanced Search: Primary Investigator

Advanced Properties Search



You must select at least one material type. Check all that apply. Only fill in applicable fields; you do not need to fill in all fields.

Adsorbents

Chemicals

Reversible Hydrides

Material Name:

Chemical Formula:

Variant Type Code:

--- Select Variant Type Code ---

Development Status Code:

--- Select Development Status Code ---

Synthesis Method:

Principal Investigator:

Sneddon, Larry

Entry Date (mm/dd/yyyy):

Institution:

--- Select Institution ---

Expand to View Additional Properties

15 search result(s) found for Chemicals

Show Details

Material Name	Chemical Formula	Principal Investigator	Institution
AB/bmimCl(20wt%)-1 (Show Details)	H3NBH3/bmimCl(20wt%)-1	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/bmimCl(20wt%)-2 (Show Details)	H3NBH3/bmimCl(20wt%)-2	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/bmimCl(50wt%)-1 (Show Details)	H3NBH3/bmimCl(50wt%)-1	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/bmimCl(50wt%)-2 (Show Details)	H3NBH3/bmimCl(50wt%)-2	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/bmimCl(50wt%)-3 (Show Details)	H3NBH3/bmimCl(50wt%)-3	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/bmimCl(50wt%)-4 (Show Details)	H3NBH3/bmimCl(50wt%)-4	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/bmimCl(50wt%)/PS(1mol%)-1 (Show Details)	H3NBH3/bmimCl(50wt%)/PS(1mol%)-1	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/bmimCl(50wt%)/PS(1mol%)-2 (Show Details)	H3NBH3/bmimCl(50wt%)/PS(1mol%)-2	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/bmimCl(50wt%)/PS(5mol%)-1 (Show Details)	H3NBH3/bmimCl(50wt%)/PS(5mol%)-1	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/bmimCl(50wt%)/PS(5mol%)-2 (Show Details)	H3NBH3/bmimCl(50wt%)/PS(5mol%)-2	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/PS(5mol%) (Show Details)	H3NBH3/PS(5mol%)	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/tetraglyme(50wt%) (Show Details)	H3NBH3/tetraglyme(50wt%)	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/tetraglyme(50wt%)/PS(1mol%) (Show Details)	H3NBH3/tetraglyme(50wt%)/PS(1mol%)	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
AB/tetraglyme(50wt%)/PS(5mol%) (Show Details)	H3NBH3/tetraglyme(50wt%)/PS(5mol%)	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania
DADB/bmimCl(50wt%) (Show Details)	(BH2(NH3)2)BH4/bmimCl(50wt%)	Larry Sneddon	University Of Pennsylvania

Advanced Search: Reversible Hydrides

Reversible Hydrides

Material Name:


Chemical Formula:

Variant Type Code:
Stoichiometry

Development Status Code:
--- Select Development Status Code ---

Synthesis Method:

Principal Investigator:
--- Select Principal Investigator ---

Entry Date (mm/dd/yyyy):
 

Institution:
--- Select Institution ---

Expand to View Additional Properties



15 search result(s) found for Reversible Hydrides

[Show Details](#)

Material Name	Chemical Formula	Principal Investigator	Institution
alpha aluminum hydride (Show Details)	alpha-AlH3	Jason Graetz	Brookhaven National Laboratory
Alumino borane (Show Details)	AlB6H13	J. C. Zhao	Ohio State University
Aluminoborane (Show Details)	Al(BH4)3 + B10H14	J. C. Zhao	Ohio State University
aluminoborane (Show Details)	AlB4H11	J. C. Zhao	Ohio State University
beta aluminum hydride (Show Details)	beta-AlH3	Jason Graetz	Brookhaven National Laboratory
Calcium aluminum hydride (Show Details)	Ca(AlH4)2	Jason Graetz	Brookhaven National Laboratory
Dimethylethylamine alane (Show Details)	C4H11N-AlH3	Jason Graetz	Brookhaven National Laboratory
gamma aluminum hydride (Show Details)	gamma-AlH3	Jason Graetz	Brookhaven National Laboratory
Hexamine alane (Show Details)	C6H12N4-AlH3	Jason Graetz	Brookhaven National Laboratory
potassium lithium aluminum hydride (Show Details)	K2LiAlH6	Jason Graetz	Brookhaven National Laboratory
potassium sodium aluminum hydride (Show Details)	K2NaAlH6	Jason Graetz	Brookhaven National Laboratory
Quinuclidine alane (Show Details)	2C7H13N-AlH3	Jason Graetz	Brookhaven National Laboratory
sodium lithium aluminum hydride (Show Details)	Na2LiAlH6	Jason Graetz	Brookhaven National Laboratory
Triethylenediamine alane (Show Details)	C6H12N2-AlH3	Jason Graetz	Brookhaven National Laboratory
Trimethylamine alane (Show Details)	2C3H9N-AlH3	Jason Graetz	Brookhaven National Laboratory

Hydride Information Center Example: A2B

Hydride Information Center (HydPark)



Search

Material Class:

Composition Formula:

Hydrogen Weight Percent: Min: Max:

Heat of Formation (kJ/mol H₂): Min: Max:

Temperature (°C): Min: Max:

Pressure (Atmospheres Absolute): Min: Max:


Author:


Year:

[HydPark Data Overview](#)



140 search result(s) found

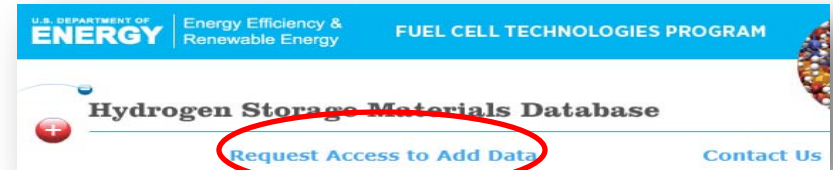
Export to Excel 

Export to PDF 

Material Class	Composition Formula	Hydrogen Weight Percent	Heat of Formation (kJ/mol H ₂)	Temperature (°C)	Pressure (Atmospheres Absolute)	Author Year	Reference Number	Comment1
A2B	Mg ₂ Ni _{1-y} Bey	3.9	71 - 80	337	3 - 5	Lupu, 1982	419	(y = 0.15-0.25)
A2B	Mg ₂ Ni _{1-y} Cuy	2.6	53 - 73	300	3.5 - 8	Darnaudery, 1983	417	(y = 0-1)
A2B	Pr ₂ Al	1.4				Semenenko, 1985	1151	
A2B	Th _{1.5} Ce _{.5} Al	0.4	133	650	0.0003	Van Vucht, 1963	492	
A2B	Th ₂ Al	0.8	130	500	0.001	Van Vucht, 1963	492	

Adding Data

- Select “Request Access to Add Data” at top of database on the homepage.
- Fill out required fields on the form and optional fields, if desired.
- The Database Administrator will send an e-mail notification to acknowledge receipt of the request and provide next steps.

A screenshot of the 'Request Access to Add Data' form. The header includes the U.S. Department of Energy logo, 'Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy', and 'FUEL CELL TECHNOLOGIES PROGRAM'. The main title is 'Hydrogen Storage Materials Database'. Below the title are 'Back to Search' and 'Contact Us' links. The form title is 'Request Access to Add Data'. Below the title is a sub-header: 'Fill out the following fields to request access.' The form contains the following fields:

- Name*:
- Email Address*:
- Phone Number*:
- Institution/affiliation*:
- Position and/or Qualification:
- Area of Research:
- Brief Description of Material(s) you would like to add*:

At the bottom of the form are 'Reset' and 'Submit Form' buttons.

- All data requests will be submitted to the Fuel Cell Technologies Program for approval.
- The Database Administrator will send the Requestor notification of approval and a spreadsheet for the Requestor to fill in with data.
- After the Database Administrator receives the data, the Database Administrator will provide the Requestor with estimated date for upload.
- All data will undergo a review to check for errors before being posted on the public site.

- Continue to collect data from Primary Investigators and other hydrogen storage research groups for incorporation into the database.
- Obtain feedback from users to further improve and enhance the functionality and usefulness of the database.
- Investigate opportunities to link the database to other data clearinghouses, such as Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory's Materials Project (<https://www.materialsproject.org/>).



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Access the Hydrogen Storage Materials Database:

<http://hydrogenmaterialssearch.govtools.us/>

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Fuel Cell Technologies Program

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Learn about past Fuel Cell Technologies Program webinars through the descriptions and linked materials below. Also find information about [upcoming webinars](#).

Hydrogen Production by PEM Electrolysis – Spotlight on Giner and Proton
May 23, 2011
Available commercially, Polymer Electrolyte Membrane (PEM) electrolysis is a hydrogen-production technology that can enable a zero carbon footprint when used with renewable resources. Leaders in these research efforts, Monjid Hamdan of Giner Electrochemical Systems and Kathy Ayers of Proton Onsite discussed recent progress, as well as future scenarios for renewable hydrogen production by PEM electrolysis. [Learn more about Monjid Hamdan or Kathy Ayers](#) [↗](#).

- [Overview presentation slides](#) [↗](#), Eric Miller, U.S. Department of Energy (DOE)
- [Katherine Ayers' presentation slides](#) [↗](#), Proton Energy Systems
- [Monjid Hamdan's presentation slides](#) [↗](#), Giner, Inc.
- Webinar recording ([WMV 91 MB](#))

Science Magazine Article Highlight: Moving Towards Near Zero Platinum Fuel Cells
April 25, 2011
Dr. Piotr Zelenay of Los Alamos National Laboratory described his innovative work with a family of non-precious metal catalysts that approach the performance of platinum-based systems at a cost sustainable for high-power fuel cell applications. This strategy uses polyaniline as a precursor to a carbon-nitrogen template for high-temperature synthesis of catalysts incorporating iron and cobalt. Learn more about [Learn more about Dr. Zelenay](#) [↗](#).

- [Presentation slides](#) [↗](#)
- Webinar recording ([WMV 140 MB](#))

I2CNER: An International Collaboration to Enable a Carbon-Neutral, Energy Economy
March 7, 2011
This presentation focused on the new institute's research plans to catalyze efficient technologies for: hydrogen production and material transformation with no CO₂ emission; hydrogen storage materials; hydrogen embrittlement resistant materials; high efficiency fuel cells; and safe carbon capture, ocean, and geological storage or efficient conversion of CO₂ to useful products. Learn more about [Dr. Sofronis](#) [↗](#).

- [Presentation slides](#) [↗](#)

Photosynthesis for Hydrogen and Fuels Production
January 24, 2011
Dr. Tasios Melis of the University of California at Berkeley, a pre-eminent researcher in the field of Photobiological Hydrogen Production, provided an overview of his invention disclosing methods and compositions to minimize the chlorophyll antenna size of photosynthesis by decreasing the expression of the novel TLA1 gene, thereby improving solar conversion efficiencies and photosynthetic productivity in plants and algae. Learn more about [Professor Melis](#) [↗](#).

- [Presentation slides](#) [↗](#)
- [Webinar Q&A](#) [↗](#)

Quick Links

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To access the slides from this and previous Webcasts, please visit:
http://www1.eere.energy.gov/hydrogenandfuelcells/webinar_archives.html