



# Critical Updates to the Hydrogen Analysis Production Model (H2A v3)



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**NREL**

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**NREL/PR-5600-54276**

# Outline

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## Introduction – Sara Dillich

1 Overview of the H2A Model

2 H2A Version 3 Changes

3 Case Study Walkthrough

4 Resources

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H2A Model Structure

Getting Around

Key Worksheets

Do's and Don'ts

- Do
  - Enter values in orange cells
  - Use the light green cells for notes and side calculations
  - Fill in the project information sheets
- Don't
  - Enter values in blue cells or on the worksheets at the end of the workbook

# 1 H2A Model Structure

## User Input

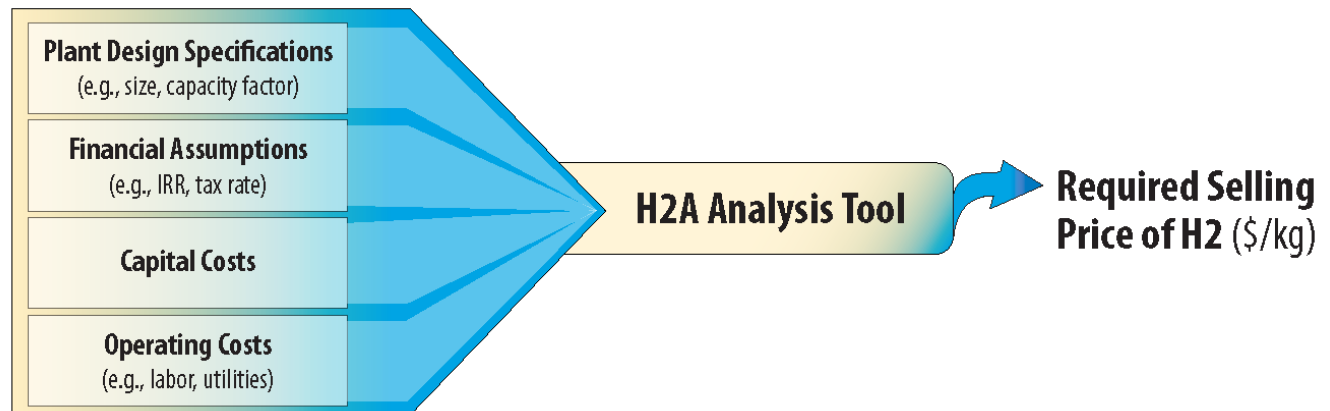
- Process modeling
- Vendor quotes
- Literature sources

## H2A Values

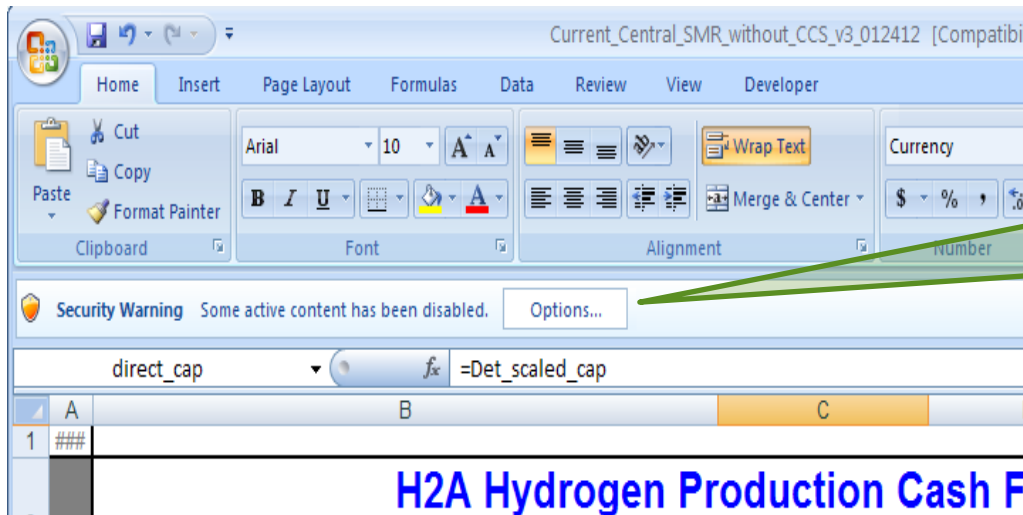
- AEO fuel prices
- Fuel properties
- GREET emissions factors
- Industry cost indexes

## H2A Calculations

- Cost escalation
- Plant scaling
- Financial calculations
- Cash flow calculations and levelized cost of hydrogen

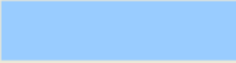
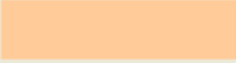

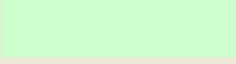



# 1 Overview of H2A Model – Getting Around



Click the  
“Options”  
button and then  
“Enable  
this Content”

### H2A Color Coding

	Calculated cell - Do not change values in these cells
	User input required
	Error - Please review input
	User input information and notes. Color for detail calculation cells that are not linked to the Input Sheet.
	H2A information and default values.

You can put static  
values or your  
own equations in  
these cells

# 1 Overview of H2A Model – Getting Around

Please fill out the information on the first 3 sheets

Use this function to create a new tornado chart – more on this later

## Table of Contents

View and edit project information

*Project Info*

H2A cell color coding

*Key*

Use H2A default values

*Use Default Values*

Import and export data, make new price tables, and perform analyses

*Toolkit*

Calculate Hydrogen Cost

*Calculate Cost*

Technical Operating Parameters and Specifications

Financial Input Values

Energy Feedstocks, Utilities and Byproducts

When you're done with input, click here to calculate cost

# Overview of H2A Model – Key Worksheets

Title
Description
ProcessFlow
Input_Sheet_Template
Replacement Costs
Capital Costs
Plant Scaling
Refueling Station [forecourt model only]
Carbon Sequestration [central model only]
Results
Cash Flow Analysis
Tornado Chart
Sensitivity_Analysis
Energy Feed & Utility Prices
Non-Energy Material Prices
AEO Data
HyARC Physical Property Data
Debt Financing Calculations
Depreciation
Constants and Conversions
Lists

**Information**

**Inputs**

**Results**

**Data & Properties**

**Standard  
Calculations &  
Variables**

You will be  
working with  
these sheets

Don't change  
these sheets



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## 2 Update to Values and Assumptions

### *Update to 2007 Dollars*

- All capital equipment costs updated to \$2007 dollars using CEPCI indexes
- AEO 2009 Reference Case used for feedstock price projections
- Labor costs updated to \$2007 dollars using labor indexes
- Other costs updated to \$2007 dollars using consumer price indexes

### *Changes to Assumptions for Central Plants*

- Startup year changed from 2005 to 2010
- Cost of land increased from \$5,000 to \$50,000 per acre.
- Construction period increased from 2 to 3 years with little expenditure during the first year of construction
  - % of Capital Spent in 1st Year of Construction **60% → 8%**
  - % of Capital Spent in 2nd Year of Construction **40% → 60%**
  - % of Capital Spent in 3rd Year of Construction **0% → 32%**

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# Case Study Walkthrough – Financial

## Technical Operating Parameters and Specifications

Operating Capacity Factor (%)	90.0%
Plant Design Capacity (kg of H2/day)	379,387
Plant Output (kg/day)	341,448
Plant Output (kg/year)	124,628,630

## Financial Input Values

Reference year	2007
Assumed start-up year	2010
Basis year	2005
Length of Construction Period (years)	3
% of Capital Spent in 1st Year of Construction	8%
% of Capital Spent in 2nd Year of Construction	60%
% of Capital Spent in 3rd Year of Construction	32%
% of Capital Spent in 4th Year of Construction	
Start-up Time (years)	1
Plant life (years)	40
Analysis period (years)	40
Depreciation Schedule Length (years)	20
Depreciation Type	MACRS
% Equity Financing	100%
Interest rate on debt, if applicable (%)	
Debt period (years)	
% of Fixed Operating Costs During Start-up (%)	75%
% of Revenues During Start-up (%)	50%
% of Variable Operating Costs During Start-up (%)	75%
Decommissioning costs (% of depreciable capital investment)	10%
Salvage value (% of total capital investment)	10%
Inflation rate (%)	1.9%
After-tax Real IRR (%)	10.0%
State Taxes (%)	6.0%
Federal Taxes (%)	35.0%
Total Tax Rate (%)	38.90%
WORKING CAPITAL (% of yearly change in operating costs)	15%

Start at the top of the input sheet and work down

- All costs are calculated and presented in reference year dollars (2007)
- The assumed startup year for current technology cases is 2010
- The basis year is the year for which cost estimates are available. Cost input values must be in basis year dollars. The basis year must be between 1992 and 2009.

The default construction period for central cases is 3 years;

- 8% of capital in year 1
- 60% of capital in year 2
- 32% of capital in year 3

This can be changed for specific cases

Use the default values (checkboxes) for all other financial input values

# Case Study Walkthrough – Feedstock

## Energy Feedstocks, Utilities, and Byproducts

Select the Price Table to Use

AEO\_2009\_Reference\_Case

Select the Use

utility

Enter usage in kWh

Select the Feed Type

Industrial Electricity

• Use the AEO 2009 Reference Case Costs

utility	Industrial Electricity
Price Conversion Factor (GJ/kWh)	0.0036
Price in Startup Year (\$2007)/kWh	Use H2A Default \$0.06
Usage (kWh/kg H2)	0.569
Cost in Startup Year	\$4,072,087
Lookup Prices	yes

OR

Values shown in this section are not yet in use

amount. Click the "Add" button to add the product to the "In Use" list. Important; only materials

Energy feedstocks, utilities, and byproducts currently in use

utility	Price Conversion Factor (GJ/kWh)	Price in Startup Year (\$2007)/kWh	Usage (kWh/kg H2)	Cost in Startup Year	Lookup Prices
Industrial Electricity	0.0036	0.057423148	0.569	\$4,072,087	yes

Click the "Add" button to use the values from the setup section

Click the "Delete" button to remove feeds



# Case Study Walkthrough – Replacement Costs

## Replacement Costs

NOTE: Enter costs in year 2005 \$ - Do not inflate  
 NOTE: All replacement costs are assumed to be equity financed.

Unplanned Yearly Replacement Capital (Depreciable)						
		Comments		Source	Information	
Actual Year	Analysis Year	Operations Year	Specified Yearly Replacement Costs	Specified Yearly Replacement Costs	Unplanned Replacement	
			Year 2005 \$	Year 2007 \$	Year 2007 \$	Inflated to Start-up Year
Total Unplanned Replacement Capital Cost Factor (% of total depreciable capital costs/year)	0.50%					
2007	4	1		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2008	5	2		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2009	6	3		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2010	7	4		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2011	8	5		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2012	9	6		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2013	10	7		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2014	11	8		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2015	12	9		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2016	13	10		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2017	14	11		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2018	15	12		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2019	16	13		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2020	17	14		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2021	18	15		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2022	19	16		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385
2023	20	17		\$0	\$1,076,832	\$1,139,385

Tip: Enter an equation here to automatically scale costs if the plant size changes

# Case Study Walkthrough – Indirect Costs

## Capital Costs

H2A Total Direct Capital Cost

\$151,666,438

[View/Edit](#)

## Notes

Click to enter details on the

H2A Carbon Sequestration Total Direct Capital Cost

[Link to Detail Sheet](#)

Click to enter details on the

## Indirect Depreciable Capital Costs

Enter values in basis year (2005) dollars

Site Preparation (\$) (may change to construction costs)

Engineering & design (\$)

Process contingency (\$)

Project contingency (\$)

Other (Depreciable) capital (\$)

One-time Licensing Fees (\$)

Up-Front Permitting Costs (\$) (legal and contractors fees included here)

Enter values in basis year (2005) dollars	Combined Plant Scaling and Escalation Factor	Reference Year (2007) Dollars
\$2,696,874	1.12	\$3,033,329
\$13,484,369		
\$20,226,554		
\$20,226,554		

Note reason for differences from H2A default values;

- Site Preparation = 2% of direct capital cost
- Engineering = 10%
- Project contingency = 15%
- Permitting = 15%

## Total Depreciable Capital Costs

\$215,366,342

## Non-Depreciable Capital Costs

Enter values in basis year (2005) dollars

Cost of land (\$/acre)

Land required (acres)

Land Cost (\$)

Other non depreciable capital costs

Enter values in basis year (2005) dollars	Combined Plant Scaling and Escalation Factor	Reference Year (2007) Dollars
\$50,000	1.00	\$50,000
10		

The default land cost is \$50,000/acre in H2A version 3. Note reason for changes from this value

## Total Non-Depreciable Capital Costs

## Total Capital Costs

\$215,844,384



# 3 Case Study Walkthrough – Fixed Operating Costs

Fixed Operating Costs	Combined		
	Enter values in basis year (2005) dollars	Plant Scaling and Escalation Factor	Reference Year (2007) Dollars
Total plant staff (number of FTEs employed by plant)	20	1	20
Burdened labor cost, including overhead (\$/man-hr)	\$50	0.99	\$49.69
Labor cost, \$/year			\$2,067,311
G&A rate (% of labor cost)	20%		
G&A (\$/year)			\$413,462
Licensing, Permits and Fees (\$/year)	\$0	1.12	\$0.00
Property tax and insurance rate (% of total capital investment per year)	2%		
Property taxes and insurance (\$/year)			\$4,316,888
Rent (\$/year)	\$0	0.96	\$0.00
Material costs for maintenance and repairs (\$/year)	\$810,097	1.12	\$911,163
Production Maintenance and Repairs (\$/year)	\$0	1.12	\$0.00
Other Fees (\$/year)	\$0	1.12	\$0
Other Fixed O&M Costs (\$/year)	\$0	1.12	\$0.00
<b>Total Fixed Operating Costs</b>			<b>\$7,708,823</b>

- Use the default values of;
- \$50/hour for labor \$(2005)
  - 20% G&A
  - 2% Property Tax & Insurance

# Case Study Walkthrough – Other Materials

## Other Materials and Byproducts

Select the Material

Cooling Water	Cooling Water
Feed or utility	Cooling Water
\$(2007)/ gal	\$0.000086
Usage per kg H2	
Cost in Startup Year	\$0
Lookup Prices	Yes

Dropdown list is tied to the Non-Energy Material Prices sheet

Or click to enter a price

Feed or utility	\$(2007)/ gal	Usage per kg H2	Cost in Startup Year	Lookup Prices
Demineralized Water	0.005422998	3.355	\$2,267,513	Yes
Feed or utility	\$(2007)/ gal	Usage per kg H2	Cost in Startup Year	Lookup Prices
Cooling Water	8.6275E-05	1.495	\$16,075	Yes

### Non-Energy Material Prices

Other Inputs and Byproducts	Units	Source Data Year	Reference Year Conversion - Chemical price indexes are used to update costs to reference year dollars	2001
Cooling Water	gal	2005	1.085424453	8.627
Demineralized Water	gal	2005	1.085424453	0.00542
Process Water	gal	2005	1.085424453	0.0018
Oxygen	kg	2005	1.085424453	0.0217
Sulfuric Acid	kg	2005	1.085424453	
Steam	kg	2007	1	0.0135
				0.0135
				0.0135
				0.033086
Compressed Inert Gas	kg	2002	1.292434838	0.0330863320.03308633
				3

To add a new feed, insert a row in the Other Inputs and Byproducts Table.

# 3 Case Study Walkthrough – Other Variable Costs

	Enter values in basis year (2005) dollars	Combined Plant Scaling and Escalation Factor	Reference Year (2007) Dollars
<b>Other Variable operating costs (for the first year)</b>			
Other variable operating costs (e.g. environmental surcharges) (\$/year)	\$2,123,000	1.09	\$2,304,356
Other Material Costs (\$/year)	\$0	1.09	\$0
Waste treatment costs (\$/year)	\$0	1.09	\$0
Solid waste disposal costs (\$/year)	\$0	1.09	\$0
Total Unplanned Replacement Capital Cost Factor (% of total direct depreciable costs/year)	0.50%		<b>Value added to match other central cases. Use this value for all central cases</b>
Royalties (\$/year)	\$0	0.96	\$0
Operator Profit (\$/year)	\$0	0.96	\$0
Subsidies, Tax Incentives (\$/year)	\$0	0.96	\$0
CO2 sequestration O&M costs and credits (\$/year)			
Process Carbon Tax (\$/metric ton carbon produced as CO2)	\$0	0.96	\$0
Process Carbon Tax (\$/year)			\$0
Upstream Carbon Tax (\$/metric ton upstream GHG CO2 eq)	\$0	0.96	\$0
Upstream Carbon Tax (\$/year)			
<b>Total Variable Operating Costs (\$/year)</b>			

Use the default unplanned replacement factor of 0.5% of total capital cost per year

Royalties, profits and tax incentives are assumed to be zero.

# 3 Case Study Walkthrough – Results

## Table of Contents

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Import and export data, make new price tables, and perform analyses

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## COST RESULTS

Lang Factor	2.73
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Specific Item Cost Calculation		
Cost Component	Cost Contribution (\$/kg)	Percentage of H2 Cost
Capital Costs	\$0.33	17.5%
Decommissioning Costs	\$0.00	0.0%
Fixed O&M	\$0.06	3.4%
Feedstock Costs	\$1.41	74.9%
Other Raw Material Costs	\$0.00	0.0%
Byproduct Credits	\$0.00	0.0%
Other Variable Costs (including utilities)	\$0.08	4.2%
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1.88</b>	

After completing all inputs, click the "Calculate Cost" button

Lang factor is the ratio of total installed cost to equipment cost

# 3 Case Study Walkthrough – Sensitivity

H2A Toolkit

Import and Export Data

Print Input Report   Print Result Report   Export Data

Sensitivity Analysis

Select the variable and enter the values for the analysis

Labor Requirement (FTE)

Total Capital Investment

Total Fixed Operating Cost

Cost of land (\$/acre)

Labor Requirement (FTE)

G&A rate (fraction of labor cost)

Property tax and insurance rate (fraction of)

Material costs for maintenance and repairs (

utility Industrial Electricity Usage

Price 0

Value from Base Case 20

Value Increasing H

1. Select values from the dropdown list for the sensitivity analysis
  2. Fill in range in the table below
- Important: The top value must decrease the resulting H2 cost and the bottom value must increase the resulting cost

Sensitivity Analysis

Select the variable and enter the values for the analysis

Total Fixed Operating Cost

Total Fixed Operating Cost

Labor Requirement (FTE)	10	20	30
Total Capital Investment	100000000	21584438	300000000
Total Fixed Operating Cost	2000000	7708823.0	12000000

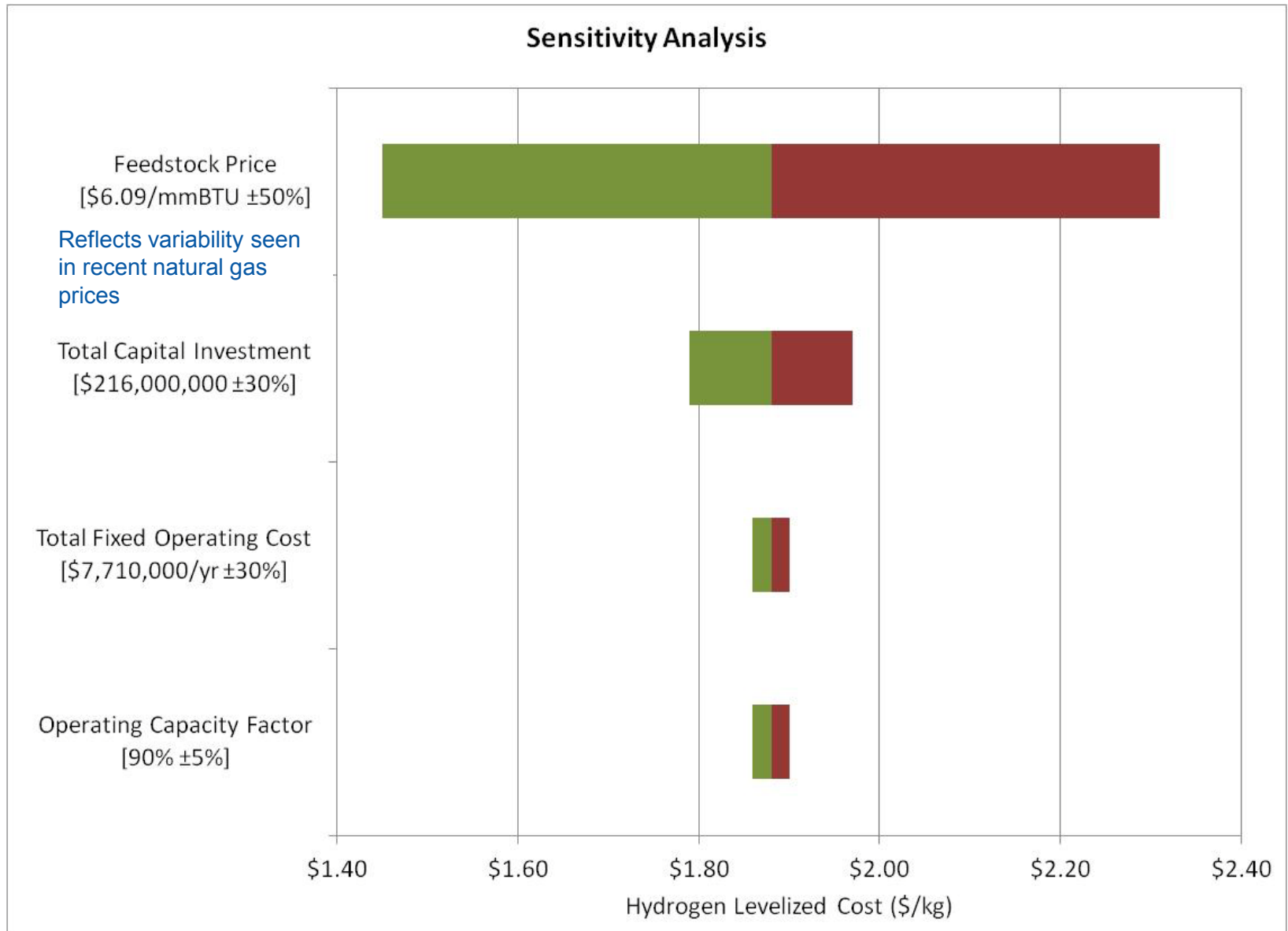
Value from Base Case 7708823.003

Value Increasing Hydrogen Price 12000000

Delete

Calculate Prices

# Case Study Walkthrough – Tornado Chart



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- After tax real IRR: 10% (KIC)
- 100% equity financing (KIC)
- Start-up Year: 2010 (Definition in H2A V3)
- Plant life: 40 yr (KIC)
- Operating capacity factor: 90% (KIC)
- Construction Period: 3 years (Update explained in user guide)
- Start up time: 1 year (KIC)
- Depreciation Schedule: 20 years MACRS (KIC)
- State Taxes: 6% (KIC)
- Federal Taxes: 35% (KIC)
- Working Capital: 15% (KIC)
  
- There are others that have smaller effects.



H2A Website access to

Users Guide

“blank model”

Case studies

[http://www.hydrogen.energy.gov/h2a\\_production.html](http://www.hydrogen.energy.gov/h2a_production.html)

For additional information contact

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Darlene Steward: [Darlene.Steward@nrel.gov](mailto:Darlene.Steward@nrel.gov)



# Thanks

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# Example Supporting Materials

Rutkowski et al., 2002. Hydrogen Production Facilities Plant Performance and Cost Comparisons, Final report March 2002. Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy. <http://www.netl.doe.gov/energy-analyses/pubs/finalcompreport.pdf>

- Includes early version of H2A Central SMR plant, with some details on costs and performance.

Rath, 2010. *Assessment of Hydrogen Production with CO2 Capture Volume 1: Baseline State-of-the-Art Plants*. NETL report: DOE/NTEL-2010/1434.

[http://www.netl.doe.gov/energy-analyses/pubs/H2\\_Prod\\_Vol1\\_2010.pdf](http://www.netl.doe.gov/energy-analyses/pubs/H2_Prod_Vol1_2010.pdf)

- Includes detailed cost and performance information on a larger version of the Central SMR wCCS plant.

McCollum and Ogden, 2006. Techno-Economic Models for Carbon Dioxide Compression, Transport, and Storage & Correlations for Estimating Carbon Dioxide Density and Viscosity. University of California at Davis, ITS Report: UCD-ITS-RR-06-14. [http://pubs.its.ucdavis.edu/publication\\_detail.php?id=1047](http://pubs.its.ucdavis.edu/publication_detail.php?id=1047)

- Includes cost and performance information on the CCS system used in the Central SMR CCS cases.

# Comparison to Rath 2010 SMR Study (NETL)

<u>ITEM</u>	Current SMR	Rath 2010
NG feed	H2A V3 450 psia	450 psia
Plant capacity factor	90%	90%
Design Natural Gas Analysis	26-City Survey	Nat. Ave.
PSA Hydrogen recovery	80%	80%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Rath: “performance is based upon POLYBED ten-bed unit by UOP, LLC (a Honeywell company)</li></ul>		
Hydrogen purity	99.9%	99.9%

In Progress

# Gas Analysis

Rath 2010

H2A V3

**Exhibit 1-5  
Design Natural Gas Analysis**

Volume share	National Average
Methane	93.90%
Ethane	3.20%
Propane	0.70%
C4+	0.40%
CO <sub>2</sub> +N <sub>2</sub>	2.60%
Water	85-105ppmv
Sulfur	6ppmv

STREAM NUMBER	1
	Natural Gas
Mole Fraction	
Ar	0.0000
CH <sub>4</sub>	0.9000
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	0.0500
CO <sub>2</sub>	0.0000
H <sub>2</sub>	0.0000
H <sub>2</sub> O	0.0000
N <sub>2</sub>	0.0500
O <sub>2</sub>	0.0000
NO <sub>x</sub>	----
Total Flow (lbmol/hr)	6,981
Total Flow (lb/hr)	121,060
Temperature (°F)	59
Pressure (psia)	450.0